

Data Sheet

October 18, 2007

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FN6033.5
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Low-Voltage, Single Supply, Dual SPST Analog Switches

The Intersil ISL43120, ISL43121 and ISL43122 devices are precision, bidirectional, dual analog SPST switches designed to operate from a single +2.7V to +12V supply. Targeted applications include battery powered equipment that benefit from the devices' low power consumption (5 μ W), low leakage currents (100pA max) and fast switching speeds (t_{ON} = 28ns, t_{OFF} = 20ns). Cell phones, for example, often face ASIC functionality limitations. The number of analog input or GPIO pins may be limited and digital geometries are not well suited to analog switch performance. This family of parts may be used to "mux-in" additional functionality while reducing ASIC design risk. Some of the smallest packages are available, alleviating board space limitations, and making Intersil's newest line of low-voltage switches an ideal solution.

The ISL43120, ISL43121, ISL43122 are dual single-pole/single-throw (SPST) devices. The ISL43120 has two normally open (NO) switches; the ISL43121 has two normally closed (NC) switches; the ISL43122 has one NO and one NC switch and can be used as an SPDT.

	ISL43120	ISL43121	ISL43122
SW 1/SW 2	NO/NO	NC/NC	NO/NC
3.3V r _{ON}	32Ω	32Ω	32Ω
3.3V t _{ON} /t _{OFF}	40ns/20ns	40ns/20ns	40ns/20ns
5V r _{ON}	19Ω	19Ω	19Ω
5V t _{ON} /t _{OFF}	28ns/20ns	28ns/20ns	28ns/20ns
12V r _{ON}	11Ω	11Ω	11Ω
12V t _{ON} /t _{OFF}	25ns/17ns	25ns/17ns	25ns/17ns
Packages		8 Ld SOT-23	

TABLE 1. FEATURES AT A GLANCE

Related Literature

- Technical Brief TB363 "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"
- Application Note AN557 "Recommended Test Procedures for Analog Switches"

Features

- Fully specified at 12V, 5V, and 3.3V supplies for 10% tolerances

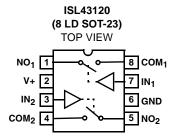
- Single supply operation +2.7V to +12V
- Low power consumption (Pg)
space-5 μW

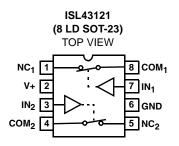
- Guaranteed break-before-make (ISL43122 only)
- Minimum 2000V ESD protection per method 3015.7
- TTL, CMOS compatible
- Available in SOT-23 packaging
- Pb-Free Available (RoHS Compliant)

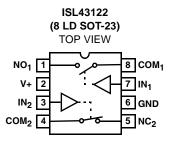
Applications

- Battery-powered, handheld and portable equipment
 - Cellular/mobile phones
- Pagers
- Laptops, notebooks, palmtops
- Communications systems
- Radios, ADSL Modems
- PBX, PABX
- Test and measurement equipment
- Ultrasound
- Computerized Tomography (CT) Scanner
- Magnetic Resonance Image (MRI)
- Position Emission Tomography (PET) Scanner
- Electrocardiograph
- Heads-up displays
- Audio and video switching
- Various circuits
 - +3V/+5V DACs and ADCs
 - Sample and hold circuits
 - Digital filters
 - Operational amplifier gain switching networks
 - High frequency analog switching
 - High speed multiplexing
 - Integrator reset circuits

Pinouts (Note 1)







NOTE:

1. Switches Shown for Logic "0" Input.

Truth Table

		ISL4	3120	ISL43121		21 ISL43122		
IN1	IN2	NO1	NO2	NC1	NC2	NO1	NC2	
0	0	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	
0	1	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	
1	0	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
1	1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	

NOTE: Logic "0" \leq 0.8V. Logic "1" \geq 2.4V.

Pin Descriptions

PIN	FUNCTION
V+	System Power Supply Input (+2.7V to +12V)
GND	Ground Connection
IN	Digital Control Input
COM	Analog Switch Common Pin
NO	Analog Switch Normally Open Pin
NC	Analog Switch Normally Closed Pin

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	TEMP. RANGE (℃)	PACKAGE (TAPE AND REEL)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL43120IH-T*	1201	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOT-23	P8.064
ISL43120IHZ-T* (Note)	120Z	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOT-23 (Pb-free)	P8.064
ISL43121IH-T*	1211	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOT-23	P8.064
ISL43121IHZ-T* (Note)	121Z	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOT-23 (Pb-free)	P8.064
ISL43122IH-T*	1221	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOT-23	P8.064
ISL43122IHZ-T* (Note)	122Z	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOT-23 (Pb-free)	P8.064

*Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.

NOTE: These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate PLUS ANNEAL - e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pbfree peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

V+ to GND
Input Voltages
IN (Note 2)
NO, NC (Note 2)
Output Voltages
COM (Note 2)
Continuous Current (Any Terminal) 30mA
Peak Current NO, NC, or COM
(Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max)
ESD Rating
Human Body Model (Per MIL-STD-883 Method 3015)>2kV

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	
ISL43XXXIH-T	-40℃ to +85℃

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 3)	θ _{JA} (℃/W)
8 Ld SOT-23 Package	215
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)	+150℃
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	℃ to +150℃
Pb-free reflow profilese	ee link below
http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp	

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTES:

- 2. Signals on NC, NO, COM, or IN exceeding V+ or GND are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward diode current to maximum current ratings.
- 3. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (℃)	MIN (Notes 5, 6)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 5, 6)	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERIS	STICS					
Analog Signal Range, V _{ANALOG}		Full	0	-	V+	V
ON-Resistance, r _{ON}	V+ = 4.5V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 3.5V	25	-	19	30	Ω
	(See Figure 5)	Full	-	23	40	Ω
r _{ON} Matching Between Channels,	V+ = 5V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 3.5V	25	-	0.8	2	Ω
Δr_{ON}		Full	-	1	4	Ω
r _{ON} Flatness, r _{FLAT(ON)}	V+ = 5V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1V, 2V, 3V	Full	-	7	8	Ω
NO or NC OFF Leakage Current,	$V_{+} = 5V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1V, 2V, 3V$ $V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 1V, 4.5V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 4.5V, 1V$ $V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 4.5V, 1V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1V, 4.5V$ $V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 1V, 4.5V, \text{ or } V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1V, 4.5V, \text{ or Floating}$	25	-0.1	0.01	0.1	nA
NO(OFF) or NC(OFF)		Full	-5	-	5	nA
COM OFF Leakage Current,		25	-0.1	-	0.1	nA
ICOM(OFF)		Full	-5	-	5	nA
COM ON Leakage Current,		25	-0.2	-	0.2	nA
ICOM(ON)		Full	-10	-	10	nA
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS		1	11		1	
Turn-ON Time, t _{ON}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 3V, R _L =1k Ω , C _L = 35pF, V _{IN} = 0V to 3V	25	-	28	75	ns
	(See Figure 1, Note 7)	Full	-	40	150	ns
Turn-OFF Time, t _{OFF}	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 3V, R_L = 1k\Omega, C_L = 35pF, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } 3V$	25	-	20	(Notes 5, 6)	ns
	(See Figure 1, Note 7)	Full	-	30	100	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (ISL43122 only), t _D	$R_L = 300\Omega$, $C_L = 35pF$, $V_{NO} = V_{NC} = 3V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$ to $3V$ (See Figure 3, Note 7)	Full	3	10	-	ns
Charge Injection, Q	C_L = 1.0nF, V_G = 0V, R_G = 0 Ω (See Figure 2, Note 7)	25	-	3	5	рС
OFF Isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz (See Figure 4)	25	-	76	-	dB
Crosstalk (Channel-to-Channel)	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz (See Figure 6)	25	-	-105	-	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz	25	-	60	-	dB
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, COFF	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25	-	8	-	pF
COM OFF Capacitance, CCOM(OFF)	f = 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25	-	8	-	pF

Electrical Specifications - 5V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +4.5V to +5.5V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 2.4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V (Note 4), Unless Otherwise Specified. **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (℃)	MIN (Notes 5, 6)	TYP	MAX (Notes 5, 6)	UNITS
COM ON Capacitance, C _{COM(ON)}	f = 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25	-	21	-	pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERIST	rics	*			·	
Power Supply Range		Full	2.7	-	12	V
Positive Supply Current, I+	V+ = 5.5V, V _{IN} = 0V or V+, all channels on or off	Full	-1	0.0001	1	μA
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTIC	CS					
Input Voltage Low, V _{INL}		Full	-	-	0.8	V
Input Voltage High, V _{INH}		Full	2.4	-	-	V
Input Current, I _{INH} , I _{INL}	V + = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 0V or V+	Full	-1	-	1	μA

Electrical Specifications - 3.3V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +3.0V to +3.6V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 2.4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V (Note 4), Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (℃)	MIN (Notes 5, 6)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 5, 6)	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERIS	TICS					
Analog Signal Range, V _{ANALOG}		Full	0	-	V+	V
ON-Resistance, r _{ON}	V+ = 3V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.5V	25	-	32	50	Ω
		Full	-	40	60	Ω
r _{ON} Matching Between Channels,	V+ = 3.3V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.5V	25	-	0.8	2	Ω
Δr _{ON}		Full	-	1	4	Ω
r _{ON} Flatness, r _{FLAT(ON)}	V+ = 3.3V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 0.5V, 1V, 1.5V	25	-	6	8	Ω
		Full	-	7	12	Ω
NO or NC OFF Leakage Current,	V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 1V, 3V, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 3V, 1V	25	-0.1	0.01	0.1	nA
INO(OFF) or INC(OFF)		Full	-5	-	5	nA
COM OFF Leakage Current,	V+ = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 3V, 1V, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1V, 3V	25	-0.1	0.01	0.1	nA
ICOM(OFF)		Full	-5	-	5	nA
COM ON Leakage Current,	V + = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 1V, 3V, or V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1V, 3V, or	25	-0.2	-	0.2	nA
ICOM(ON)	floating	Full	-10	-	10	nA
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS	1		1 1		4	1
Turn-ON Time, t _{ON}	V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1.5V, R_L = 1k Ω , C_L = 35pF,	25	-	40	120	ns
	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to 3V (Note 7)	Full	-	60	200	ns
Turn-OFF Time, t _{OFF}	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{V}, \text{ R}_{L} = 1 \text{k}\Omega, \text{ C}_{L} = 35 \text{pF},$	25	-	20	V+ 50 60 2 4 8 12 0.1 5 0.1 5 0.1 5 0.2 10	ns
	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to 3V (Note 7)	Full	-	30	120	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (ISL43122 only), t _D	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_L = 300\Omega, \ C_L = 35 pF, \ V_{NO} \ or \ V_{NC} = 1.5 V, \\ V_{IN} = 0V \ to \ 3V \ (Note \ 7) \end{array}$	Full	3	20	-	ns
Charge Injection, Q	$C_{L} = 1.0$ nF, $V_{G} = 0$ V, $R_{G} = 0$ Ω (Note 7)	25	-	1	5	рС
OFF Isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz	25	-	76	-	dB
Crosstalk (Channel-to-Channel)	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz	25	-	-105	-	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, f = 1MHz	25	-	56	-	dB
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, COFF	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$	25	-	8	-	pF
COM OFF Capacitance, C _{COM(OFF)}	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$	25	-	8	-	pF
COM ON Capacitance, C _{COM(ON)}	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25	-	21	-	pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERIST	TICS		1		<u> </u>	1
Positive Supply Current, I+	V+ = 3.6V, V_{IN} = 0V or V+, all channels on or off	Full	-1	-	1	μA
	4		1		1	

ISL43120, ISL43121, ISL43122

Electrical Specifications - 3.3V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +3.0V to +3.6V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 2.4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V (Note 4), Unless Otherwise Specified **(Continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (℃)	MIN (Notes 5, 6)	TYP	MAX (Notes 5, 6)	UNITS
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTIC	CS					
Input Voltage Low, VINL		Full	-	-	0.8	V
Input Voltage High, VINH		Full	2.4	-	-	V
Input Current, I _{INH} , I _{INL}	V+ = 3.6V, V _{IN} = 0V or V+	Full	-1	-	1	μA

Electrical Specifications - 12V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +10.8V to +13V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V (Note 4), Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (℃)	MIN (Notes 5, 6)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 5, 6)	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERI	STICS		1		1	<u></u>
Analog Signal Range, V _{ANALOG}		Full	0	-	V+	V
ON-Resistance, r _{ON}	V+ = 10.8V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 10V	25	-	11	20	Ω
		Full	-	15	25	Ω
r _{ON} Matching Between Channels,	V+ = 12V, I_{COM} = 1.0mA, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 10V	25	-	0.8	2	Ω
Δr _{ON}		Full	-	1	4	Ω
r _{ON} Flatness, r _{FLAT(ON)}	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	25	-	1	4	Ω
		Full	-	-	6	Ω
NO or NC OFF Leakage Current,	S = 10.8V, $I_{COM} = 1.0mA$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 10V$ = 12V, $I_{COM} = 1.0mA$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 10V$ = 12V, $I_{COM} = 1.0mA$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 3V$, $6V$, $9V$ = 13V, $V_{COM} = 1V$, 12V, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 12V$, 1V = 13V, $V_{COM} = 1V$, 12V, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1V$, 12V = 13V, $V_{COM} = 1V$, 12V, or V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1V$, 12V = 13V, $V_{COM} = 1V$, 12V, or V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 1V$, 12V, floating O or $V_{NC} = 10V$, $R_{L} = 1k\Omega$, $C_{L} = 35pF$, $V_{IN} = 0V$ to 4V ote 7) O or $V_{NC} = 10V$, $R_{L} = 1k\Omega$, $C_{L} = 35pF$, $V_{IN} = 0V$ to 4V ote 7) = 300 Ω , $C_{L} = 35pF$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = 10V$, $I_{I} = 0$ to 4V = 1.0nF, $V_{G} = 0V$, $R_{G} = 0\Omega$ (Note 7) = 50 Ω , $C_{L} = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$ = 50 Ω , $C_{L} = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$ = 50 Ω , $C_{L} = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$ = 50 Ω , $C_{L} = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$ = 50 Ω , $C_{L} = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$ = 50 Ω , $C_{L} = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$ = 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ 1MHz, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$	25	-0.1	0.01	0.1	nA
INO(OFF) or INC(OFF)		Full	-5	-	5	nA
COM OFF Leakage Current,	V+ = 13V, V_{COM} = 12V, 1V, V_{NO} or V_{NC} = 1V, 12V	25	-0.1	0.01	0.1	nA
ICOM(OFF)		Full	-5	-	5	nA
COM ON Leakage Current,	$V_{+} = 13V, V_{COM} = 1V, 12V, \text{ or } V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1V, 12V,$	25	-0.2	-	0.2	nA
ICOM(ON)	or floating	Full	-10	-	10	nA
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			-			
Turn-ON Time, t _{ON}		25	-	25	35	ns
		Full	-	35	55	ns
Turn-OFF Time, t _{OFF}		25	-	17	30	ns
	(Note 7)	Full	-	26	50	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay (ISL43122 only), t _D		Full	0	2		ns
Charge Injection, Q	C_L = 1.0nF, V_G = 0V, R_G = 0 Ω (Note 7)	25	-	5	15	рС
OFF Isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$	25	-	76	-	dB
Crosstalk (Channel-to-Channel)	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$	25	-	-105	-	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, $f = 1MHz$	25	-	63	-	dB
NO or NC OFF Capacitance, COFF	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$	25	-	8	-	pF
COM OFF Capacitance, CCOM(OFF)	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$	25	-	8	-	pF
COM ON Capacitance, C _{COM(ON)}	$f = 1MHz$, V_{NO} or $V_{NC} = V_{COM} = 0V$ (See Figure 7)	25	-	21	-	pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERIS		1				<u>.</u>
Positive Supply Current, I+	V+ = 13V, V_{IN} = 0V or V+, all channels on or off	Full	-1	-	1	μA
	1	1	1		- I	1

Electrical Specifications - 12V Supply

Test Conditions: V+ = +10.8V to +13V, GND = 0V, V_{INH} = 4V, V_{INL} = 0.8V (Note 4), Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (℃)	MIN (Notes 5, 6)	ТҮР	MAX (Notes 5, 6)	UNITS
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTI	CS					
Input Voltage Low, VINL		Full	-	-	0.8	V
Input Voltage High, V _{INH}		Full	4	-	-	V
Input Current, I _{INH} , I _{INL}	V + = 13V, V_{IN} = 0V or V+	Full	-1	-	1	μA

NOTES:

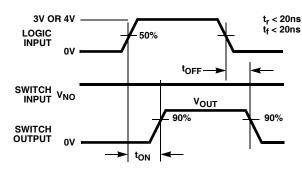
4. V_{IN} = input voltage to perform proper function.

5. The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.

6. Parts are 100% tested at +25°C Over-temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.

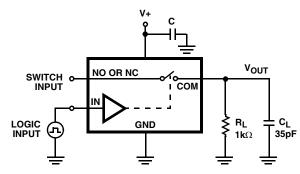
7. Limits established by characterization and are not production tested.

Test Circuits and Waveforms



Logic input waveform is inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.

FIGURE 1A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



Repeat test for all switches. CL includes fixture and stray capacitance.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{(NO \text{ or } NC)} \frac{R_L}{R_1 + r_{ON}}$$

FIGURE 1B. TEST CIRCUIT

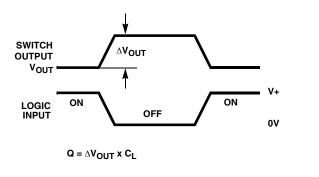


FIGURE 2A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



FIGURE 1. SWITCHING TIMES

FIGURE 2. CHARGE INJECTION

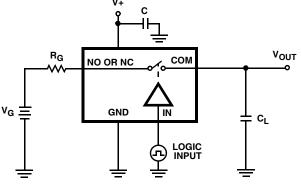


FIGURE 2B. TEST CIRCUIT

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

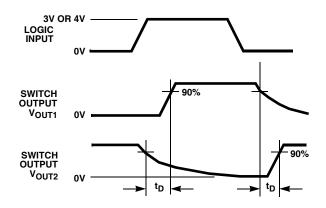
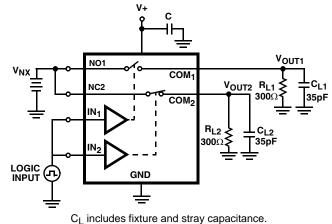


FIGURE 3A. MEASUREMENT POINTS (ISL43122 ONLY)



CL includes fixfure and stray capacitance.

FIGURE 3B. TEST CIRCUIT (ISL43122 ONLY)



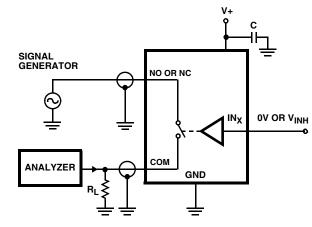


FIGURE 4. OFF ISOLATION TEST CIRCUIT

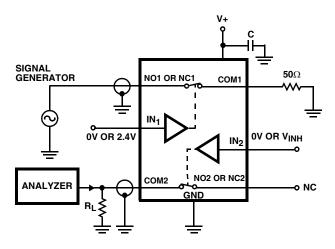


FIGURE 6. CROSSTALK TEST CIRCUIT

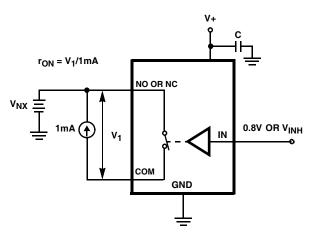


FIGURE 5. ron TEST CIRCUIT

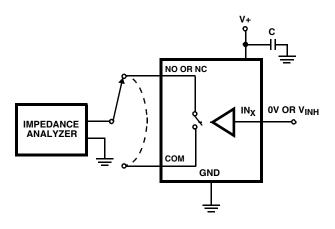


FIGURE 7. CAPACITANCE TEST CIRCUIT

Detailed Description

The ISL43120, ISL43121, ISL43122 bidirectional dual SPST analog switches offer precise switching capability from a single 2.7V to 12V supply with low ON-resistance (19 Ω) and high speed operation (t_{ON} = 28ns, t_{OFF} = 20ns). The devices are especially well suited to portable battery-powered equipment thanks to the low operating supply voltage (2.7V), low power consumption (5 μ W), low leakage currents (100pA max), and the tiny SOT-23 packaging. High frequency applications also benefit from the wide bandwidth, and the very high off isolation and crosstalk rejection.

Supply Sequencing and Overvoltage Protection

With any CMOS device, proper power supply sequencing is required to protect the device from excessive input currents, which might permanently damage the IC. All I/O pins contain ESD protection diodes from the pin to V+ and GND (see Figure 8). To prevent forward biasing these diodes, V+ must be applied before any input signals, and input signal voltages must remain between V+ and GND. If these conditions cannot be guaranteed, then one of the following two protection methods should be employed.

Logic inputs can easily be protected by adding a $1k\Omega$ resistor in series with the input (see Figure 8). The resistor limits the input current below the threshold that produces permanent damage, and the sub-microamp input current produces an insignificant voltage drop during normal operation.

Adding a series resistor to the switch input defeats the purpose of using a low r_{ON} switch, so two small signal diodes can be added in series with the supply pins to provide overvoltage protection for all pins (see Figure 8). These additional diodes limit the analog signal from 1V below V+ to 1V above GND. The low leakage current performance is unaffected by this approach, but the switch resistance may increase, especially at low supply voltages.

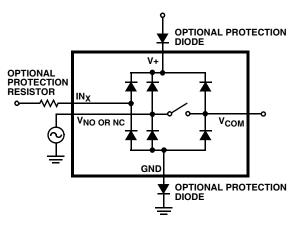


FIGURE 8. OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

Power-Supply Considerations

The ISL43120, ISL43121, ISL43122 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches, except that they have only two supply pins: V+ and GND. V+ and GND drive the internal CMOS switches and set their analog voltage limits. Unlike switches with a 13V maximum supply voltage, the ISL43120, ISL43121, ISL43122 15V maximum supply voltage provides plenty of room for the 10% tolerance of 12V supplies, as well as room for overshoot and noise spikes.

The minimum recommended supply voltage is 2.7V. It is important to note that the input signal range, switching times, and ON-resistance degrade at lower supply voltages. Refer to the "Electrical Specifications" tables starting on page 3 and "Typical Performance Curves" (starting on page 9) for details.

V+ and GND also power the internal logic and level shifter. The level shifter convert the input logic levels to switched V+ and GND signals to drive the analog switch gate terminals.

This family of switches cannot be operated with bipolar supplies, because the input switching point becomes negative in this configuration.

Logic-Level Thresholds

This switch family is TTL compatible (0.8V and 2.4V) over a supply range of 3V to 11V (see Figure 15). At 12V the V_{IH} level is about 2.5V. This is still below the TTL guaranteed high output minimum level of 2.8V, but noise margin is reduced. For best results with a 12V supply, use a logic family the provides a V_{OH} greater than 3V.

The digital input stages draw supply current whenever the digital input voltage is not at one of the supply rails. Driving the digital input signals from GND to V+ with a fast transition time minimizes power dissipation.

High-Frequency Performance

In 50 Ω systems, signal response is reasonably flat even past 300MHz (see Figure 16). Figure 16 also illustrates that the frequency response is very consistent over a wide V+ range, and for varying analog signal levels.

An OFF switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation, resulting in signal feedthrough from a switch's input to its output. Off isolation is the resistance to this feedthrough, while crosstalk indicates the amount of feedthrough from one switch to another. Figure 17 details the high off isolation and crosstalk rejection provided by this family. At 10MHz, off isolation is about 50dB in 50 Ω systems, decreasing approximately 20dB per decade as frequency increases. Higher load impedances decrease off isolation and crosstalk rejection due to the voltage divider action of the switch OFF impedance and the load impedance.

Leakage Considerations

Reverse ESD protection diodes are internally connected between each analog-signal pin and both V+ and GND. One of these diodes conducts if any analog signal exceeds V+ or GND.

Virtually all the analog leakage current comes from the ESD diodes to V+ or GND. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or

Typical Performance Curves T_A = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

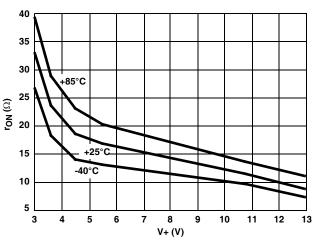
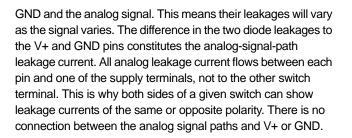


FIGURE 9. ON-RESISTANCE vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE



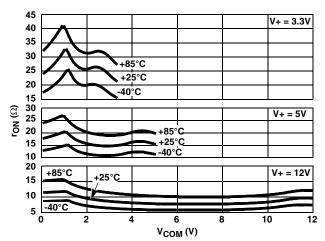
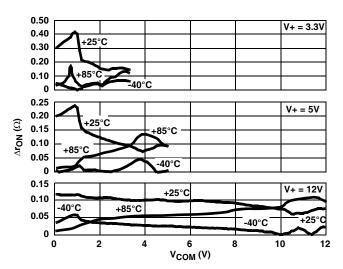
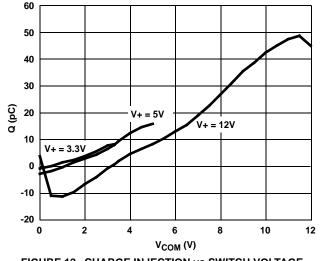


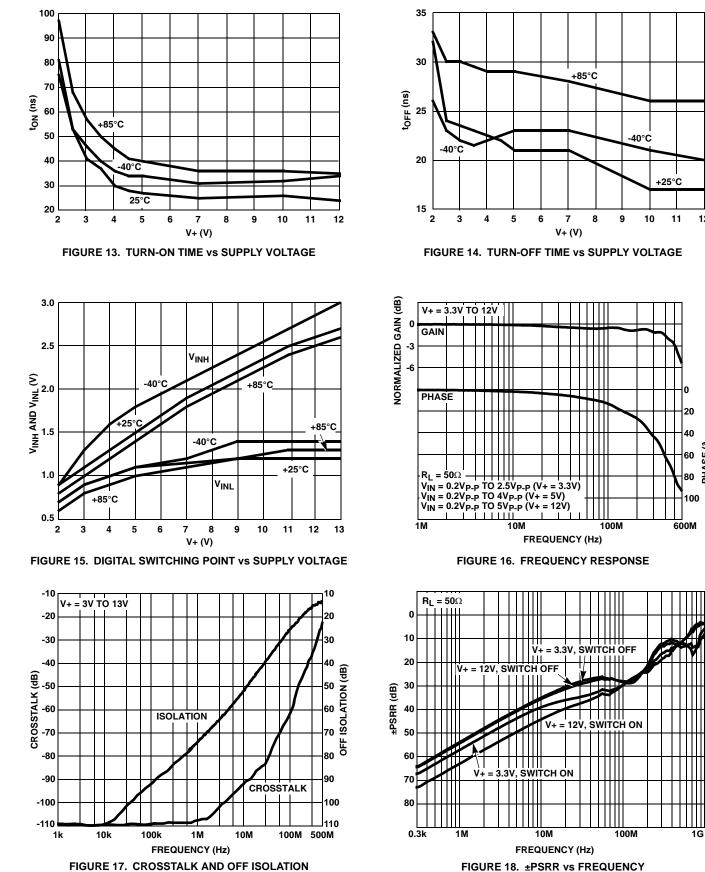
FIGURE 10. ON-RESISTANCE vs SWITCH VOLTAGE











Typical Performance Curves T_A = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

12

PHASE ()

Die Characteristics

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

GND

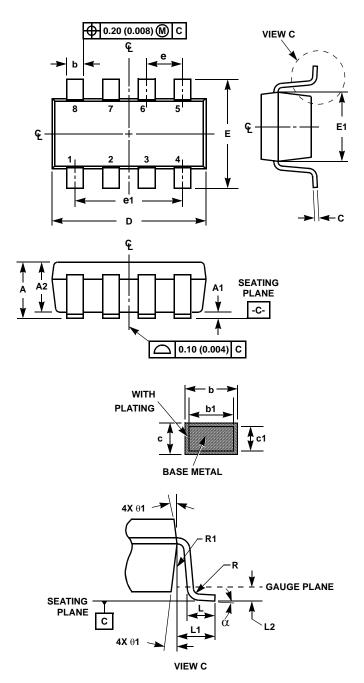
TRANSISTOR COUNT:

ISL43120: 66 ISL43121: 66 ISL43122: 66

PROCESS:

Si Gate CMOS

Small Outline Transistor Plastic Packages (SOT23-8)



P8.0)64
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8 LEAD SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIN	IETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	0.036	0.057	0.90	1.45	-
A1	0.000	0.0059	0.00	0.15	-
A2	0.036	0.051	0.90	1.30	-
b	0.009	0.015	0.22	0.38	-
b1	0.009	0.013	0.22	0.33	
С	0.003	0.009	0.08	0.22	6
c1	0.003	0.008	0.08	0.20	6
D	0.111	0.118	2.80	3.00	3
E	0.103	0.118	2.60	3.00	-
E1	0.060	0.067	1.50	1.70	3
е	0.0256 Ref		0.65 Ref		-
e1	0.0768 Ref		1.95 Ref		-
L	0.014	0.022	0.35	0.55	4
L1	0.024 Ref.		0.60 Ref.		
L2	0.010) Ref.	0.25 Ref.		
Ν	8	3	8		5
R	0.004	-	0.10	-	
R1	0.004	0.010	0.10	0.25	
α	0 ⁰	8 ⁰	0 ⁰	8 ⁰	-

NOTES:

1. Dimensioning and tolerance per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- 2. Package conforms to EIAJ SC-74 and JEDEC MO178BA.
- 3. Dimensions D and E1 are exclusive of mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs.
- 4. Footlength L measured at reference to gauge plane.
- 5. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 6. These Dimensions apply to the flat section of the lead between 0.08mm and 0.15mm from the lead tip.
- 7. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are for reference only

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