



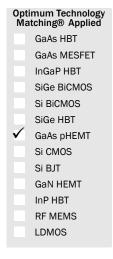
### **GaAs DISTRIBUTED AMPLIFIER**

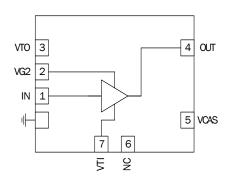
Die: 3.1mmx1.45mmx0.102mm



### **Product Description**

RFMD's SDA-4000 is a directly coupled (DC) GaAs microwave monolithic integrated circuit (MMIC) driver amplifier die. It is designed for use as an electro-absorptive modulated laser (EML) driver employing single-ended (SE) architectures with  $V_{\pi}$  (V-pi) ranging from 2V to 5V, and as a clock driver for return-to-zero (RZ) and carrier select (CS) carver modulators. It can also be used for broadband automated test equipment (ATE), instrumentation, military, and aerospace applications.





### **Features**

- DC to 32GHz Operation
- 22dBm P<sub>3dB</sub>
- Gain=15dB Typical
- Noise Figure ≤ 3.0 dB
- Output Voltage to 5V<sub>PP</sub>
- Single Supply Voltage
- 160 mA Total Current

### **Applications**

- Driver for Single-ended (SE) EML
- Clock Driver for RZ and CS Pulse Carver
- Broadband ATE
- Instrumentation
- Military
- Aerospace

Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition	
rarameter	Min.	Тур. Мах.		UIIIL	Condition	
Electrical Specifications					TA=+25°C, V <sub>DD</sub> =+5V <sub>DC</sub> , VG2@=+2V <sub>DC</sub> , I <sub>DD</sub> =160mA*	
Operating Frequency	0		32	GHz	3dB BW	
Gain	13.5	14.5		dB	16GHz	
Output Voltage		5		±V <sub>P-P</sub>		
IP3 @ Mid-Band		27		dBm	P <sub>OUT</sub> ≈+0dBm/tone, 16GHz	
P1dB @ Mid- Band		18		dBm	16GHz	
P <sub>3dB</sub> @ Mid-Band		22		dBm	16GHz	
Noise Figure at Mid-Band		3.2		dB	16GHz	
Input Return Loss		15		dB	DC to 25 GHz	
Output Return Loss		20		dB	DC to 25 GHz	
Supply Current		160		mA		
Supply Voltage		5		$V_{DC}$		

<sup>\*</sup>Adjust VTI between -1.5  $V_{DC}$  to +0.2  $V_{DC}$  to achieve  $I_{DD}$  = 160 mA typical.,  $V_{G2}$  = 2  $V_{DC}$ 



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

<u> </u>					
Parameter	Rating	Unit			
Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )	+6.0	V <sub>DC</sub>			
Gate Bias Voltage (V <sub>TI</sub> )	-1.5 to +0.2	V <sub>DC</sub>			
Gate Bias Voltage (V <sub>G2</sub> )	(V <sub>DD</sub> -5.0) V <sub>DC</sub> to V <sub>DD</sub>	V			
RF Input Power (V <sub>DD</sub> =+5.0V <sub>DC</sub> )	+15	dBm			
Operating Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	+125	°C			
Continuous Power Dissipation (T=+85°C)	1	W			
Thermal Resistance (Pad to Die Bottom)	84	°C/W			
Storage Temperature	-40 to +150	°C			
Operating Temperature	0 to +85	°C			
ESD JESD22-A114 Human Body Model (HBM)	Class 0 (All Pads)				



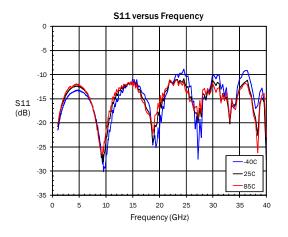
#### Caution! ESD sensitive device.

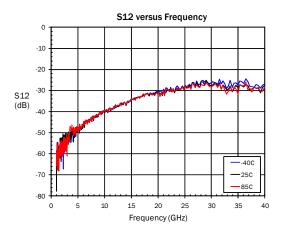
Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

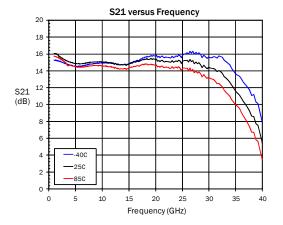
RoHS status based on EUDirective 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

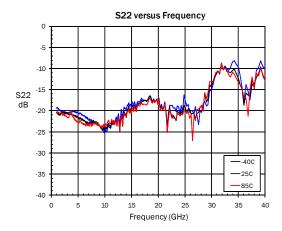
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#### **Typical Electrical Performance**







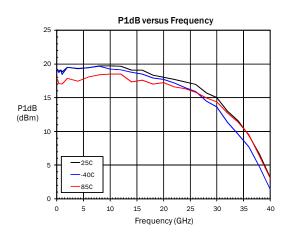


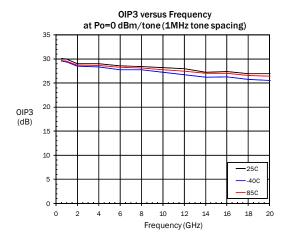


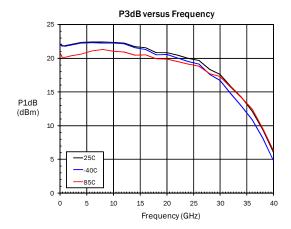


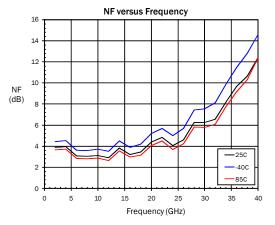
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### **Typical Electrical Performance**



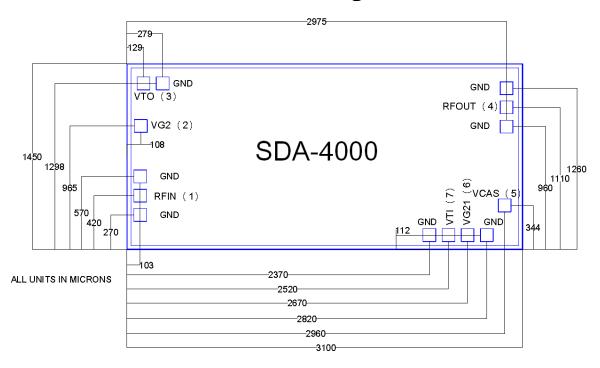








## **Outline Drawing**



#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions in microns
- 2. No connection required for unlabeled bond pads
- 3. Die thickness is 0.102mm (4mil)
- 4. Typical bond pad is 0.100 mm square
- 5. Backside metalization: Gold
- 6: Backside metal is ground
- 7: Bond pad metalization: Gold



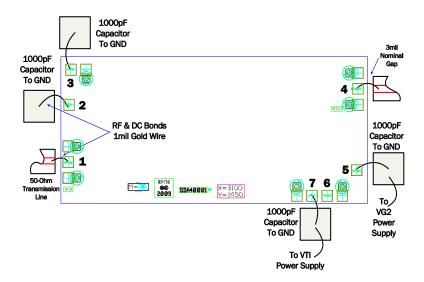


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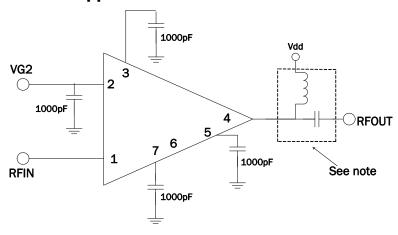
Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic	
1	RFIN	RF Input. This pad is DC coupled and matched to $50\Omega$ from DC to $32$ GHz. $50\Omega$ microstrip transmission line on $0.127$ mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrate is recommended for RF input and output.		
2	VG2	VG2 is an optional pad. It may be used to bias the cascode gate of the amplifier. If this port is used, a 1000 pF bypass capacitor with the shortest wirebond length possible is recommended to prevent low frequency gain ripple.	1000 pF	
3	VTO	The output drain termination pad. This pad requires a suggested 1000 pF bypass capacitor with the shortest wirebond length to prevent low frequency gain ripple. The value of the external capacitance limits the low frequency response of the amplifier.	Term Resistor 10 pF	
4	RFOUT and VDD	RF Output. $50\Omega$ microstrip transmission line on 0.127 mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrate is recommended for RF input and output. Connect the DC bias ( $V_{DD}$ ) network to provide drain current ( $I_{DD}$ ).	Note: Drain Bias (VDD) must be applied through a broadband bias tee or external bias network	
5	VCAS	Provides VG2 gate voltage to the cascode amplifier. The value is $\sim$ (V $_{CC}/2$ - absolute value of VTI).	1000 pF	
6	VG21	Not connected.		
7	VTI	Input gate voltage, used to bias the amplifier. The value is between -1.5 $\rm V_{DC}$ (device is pinched OFF) to +0.2 $\rm V_{DC}$ (fully ON). This pad requires a bypass capacitor to ground with the shortest possible wirebond length to prevent low frequency gain ripple. The value of the external capacitance limits the low frequency response of the amplifier.	1000 pF	
Die	GND	Ground connection. Connect die bottom directly to ground plane for best performance. Note: The die should be connected directly to the ground plane with conductive epoxy.		



## **Assembly Diagram**



# **Application Circuit Schematic**

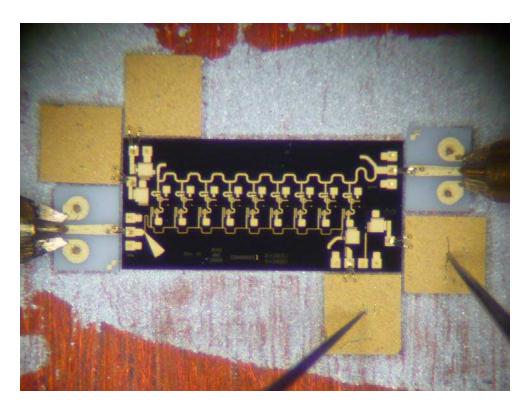


Note: Drain Bias (Vdd) must be applied through a broadband bias tee or external bias network.



### **Measurement Technique**

All specifications and typical performances reported in this document were measured in the following manner. Data was taken using a temperature controlled probe station utilizing 150 $\mu$ m pitch GSG probes. The interface between the probes and integrated circuit was made with a coplanar to microstrip ceramic test interface. The test interface was then wire bonded to the die as shown in the figure below using 1mil diameter bondwires. The spacing between the test interface and the die was 200 $\mu$ m, and the bond wire loop height was 100 $\mu$ m. The thickness of the test interface is 125 $\mu$ m. (5mil). The calibration of the test fixture included the probes and test interfaces, so that the measurement reference plane was at the point of bond wire attachment. Therefore, all data represents the integrated circuit and accompanying bond wires.



### **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Description	Delivery Method	Die/GelPak
SDA4000	GaAs distributed amplifier, 32 GHz, 3.10 mmx1.45 mm die	GelPak	10 pcs or more
SDA4000SB	GaAs distributed amplifier, 32 GHz, 3.10 mmx 1.45 mm die	GelPak	2 pcs

# **SDA-4000**

