

RF7225

3V W-CDMA BAND 5 LINEAR PA MODULE

Package Style: Module, 10-Pin, 3mmx3mmx1.0mm

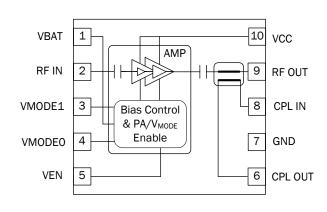


Features

- HSDPA and HSPA+ Compliant
- Low Voltage Positive Bias Supply (3.0V to 4.35V)
- +28.0dBm Linear Output Power (+26.5dBm HSDPA)
- High Efficiency Operation 41% at P_{OUT}=+28.0dBm 22% at P_{OUT}=+18.0dBm 11% at P_{OUT}=+10.0dBm
- Low Quiescent Current in Low Power Mode: 6mA
- Internal Voltage Regulator Eliminates the Need for External Reference Voltage (V_{REF})
- 3-Mode Power States with Digital Control Interface
- Integrated Power Coupler
- Integrated Blocking and Collector Decoupling Capacitors

Applications

- WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Wireless Handsets and Data Cards
- Dual-Mode UMTS Wireless Handsets



Functional Block Diagram

Product Description

The RF7225 is a high-power, high-efficiency, linear power amplifier designed for use as the final RF amplifier in 3V, 50Ω W-CDMA mobile cellular equipment and spread-spectrum systems. This PA is developed for UMTS Band 5 which operates in the 824 MHz to 849 MHz frequency band. The RF7225 has two digital control pins to select one of three power modes to optimize performance and current drain at lower power levels. The part also has an integrated directional coupler which eliminates the need for an external discrete coupler at the output. The RF7225 is fully HSDPA and HSPA+ compliant and is assembled in a 10-pin, 3mmx3mm module.

Ordering Information

RF7225	3V W-CDMA Band 5 Linear PA Module
RF7225PCBA-410	Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

🗆 GaAs HBT	□ SiGe BiCMOS	🗌 GaAs pHEMT	GaN HEMT
GaAs MESFET	Si BiCMOS	Si CMOS	RF MEMS
🗹 InGaP HBT	SiGe HBT	🗌 Si BJT	LDMOS

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage in Standby Mode	6.0	V
Supply Voltage in Idle Mode	6.0	V
Supply Voltage in Operating Mode, 50Ω Load	6.0	V
Supply Voltage, V _{BAT}	6.0	V
Control Voltage, VMODE0, VMODE1	3.5	V
Control Voltage, V _{EN}	3.5	V
RF - Input Power	+10	dBm
RF - Output Power	+30	dBm
Output Load VSWR (Ruggedness)	10:1	
Operating Ambient Temperature	-30 to +110	°C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C



tions is not implied.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical perfor-mance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating condi-

RoHS status based on EUDirective 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

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Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition	
Farameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
Recommended Operating Conditions						
Operating Frequency Range	824		849	MHz		
V _{BAT}	+3.0	+3.4	+4.35	V		
V _{CC}	+3.0 ¹	+3.4	+4.35	V		
V _{EN}	0		0.5	V	PA disabled.	
	1.4	1.8	3.0	V	PA enabled.	
V _{MODEO} , V _{MODE1}	0		0.5	V	Logic "low".	
	1.5	1.8	3.0	V	Logic "high".	
P _{OUT}						
Maximum Linear Output (HPM)	28.0 ^{2,3}			dBm	High Power Mode (HPM)	
Maximum Linear Output (MPM)	18.0 ^{2,3}			dBm	Medium Power Mode (MPM)	
Maximum Linear Output (LPM)	10.0 ^{2,3}			dBm	Low Power Mode (LPM)	
Ambient Temperature	-30	+25	+85	°C		

Notes:

¹Minimum V_{CC} for max P_{OUT} is indicated.

 $^2\text{For operation at V}_{\text{CC}}\text{=+3.2V}\text{, derate P}_{\text{OUT}}$ by 0.6 dB. For operation at V}_{\text{CC}}\text{=3.0V}\text{, derate P}_{\text{OUT}} by 1.3 dB.

 $^{3}P_{OUT}$ is specified for 3GPP (Rel99) modulation. For HSDPA and HSPA+ operation, derate P_{OUT} by 1.5 dB:

HSDPA Configuration: $\beta c=12$, $\beta d=15$, $\beta hs=24$ HSPA+ Configuration: Rel7 Subtest 1



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Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition	
Falameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.		Condition	
Electrical Specifications					$\label{eq:tau} \begin{array}{l} T = +25^\circ\text{C},V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{BAT}} = +3.4V,V_{\text{EN}} = +1.8V,50\Omega\\ \text{system},W\text{-}\text{CDMA}\text{Rel}99\text{Modulationunless}\\ \text{otherwise specified}. \end{array}$	
Gain	27	30		dB	HPM, P _{OUT} =28.0dBm	
	16	19		dB	MPM, P _{OUT} ≤18.0dBm	
	10	14		dB	LPM, P _{OUT} ≤10.0dBm	
Gain Linearity		±0.7		dB	HPM, $18.0dBm \le P_{OUT} \le 28.0dBm$	
ACLR - 5 MHz Offset		-40		dBc	HPM, P _{OUT} =28.0dBm	
		-40		dBc	MPM, P _{OUT} =18.0dBm	
		-40		dBc	LPM, P _{OUT} =10.0dBm	
ACLR - 10 MHz Offset		-52		dBc	HPM, P _{OUT} =28.0dBm	
		-60		dBc	MPM, P _{OUT} =18.0dBm	
		-60		dBc	LPM, P _{OUT} =10.0dBm	
PAE		41		%	HPM, P _{OUT} =28.0dBm	
		22		%	MPM, P _{OUT} =18.0dBm	
		11		%	LPM P _{OUT} =10.0dBm	
Current Drain		450		mA	HPM, P _{OUT} =28dBm	
		85		mA	MPM, P _{OUT} =18dBm	
		30		mA	LPM, P _{OUT} =10dBm	
Quiescent Current		100		mA	HPM, DC only	
		27		mA	MPM, DC only	
		6		mA	LPM, DC only	
Enable Current		0.1		mA	Source or sink current. V _{EN} =1.8V.	
Mode Current (I_{MODEO} , I_{MODE1})		0.1		mA	Source or sink current. V_{MODE0} , V_{MODE1} =1.8V.	
Leakage Current		5.0	15.0	μΑ	$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \text{DC only.} \ \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = \text{V}_{\text{BAT}} = 4.35 \text{V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{EN}} = \text{V}_{\text{MODEO}} = \text{V}_{\text{MODE1}} = 0.5 \text{V}. \end{array}$	
Noise Power in Receive Band		-135		dBm/Hz	All power modes, measured at duplex offset frequency (FTX+45MHz). Rx: 869MHz to 894MHz, P _{OUT} ≤28.0dBm	
Input Impedance		1.5:1		VSWR	No ext. matching, $P_{OUT} \le 28 dBm$, all modes.	
Harmonic, 2FO		-15		dBm	$P_{OUT} \le 28.0 dBm$, all power modes.	
Harmonic, 3FO		-25		dBm	P _{OUT} ≤28.0dBm, all power modes.	
Spurious Output Level			-70	dBc	All spurious, $P_{OUT} \le 28 dBm$, all conditions, load VSWR $\le 6:1$, all phase angles.	
Insertion Phase Shift		±25		0	Phase shift at 18dBm when switching from HPM to MPM and MPM to LPM at 10dBm.	
DC Enable Time			10	μS	DC only. Time from V_{EN} =high to stable idle current (90% of steady state value).	
RF Rise/Fall Time			6	μS	$P_{OUT} \le 28.0 dBm$, all modes. 90% of target, DC settled prior to RF.	
Coupling Factor		-20		dB	P _{OUT} ≤28.0dBm, all modes.	
Coupling Accuracy - Temp/Voltage		±0.5		dB	$\label{eq:powerserverse} \begin{array}{l} P_{OUT}{\leq}28.0dBm,all\modes.\ {\text{-}30^\circC{\leq}T{\leq}85^\circC},\\ 3.0V{\leq}V_{CC} \And V_{BAT}{\leq}4.35V,referenced\ to\ 25^\circC,\\ 3.4V\ conditions. \end{array}$	
Coupling Accuracy - VSWR		±0.25		dB	$P_{OUT} \le 28$ dBm, all modes, load VSWR=2:1, ± 0.25 dB accuracy corresponds to 20 dB directivity.	



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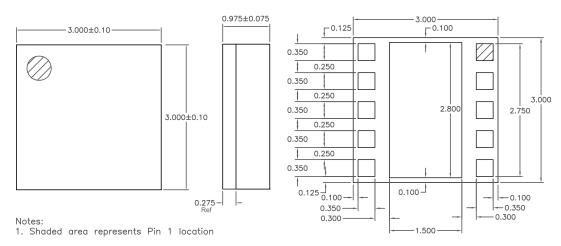


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Pin	Function	Description
1	VBAT	Supply voltage for bias circuitry.
2	RF IN	RF input internally matched to 50Ω and DC blocked. Input matching includes a shunt inductor to ground which would short DC voltage placed on this pin.
3	VMODE1	Digital control input for power mode selection (see Operating Modes truth table).
4	VMODE0	Digital control input for power mode selection (see Operating Modes truth table).
5	VEN	Digital control input for PA enable and disable (see Operating Modes truth table).
6	CPL_OUT	Coupler output.
7	GND	This pin must be grounded.
8	CPL_IN	Coupler input used for cascading couplers in series. Terminate this pin with a 50Ω resistor if not connected to another coupler.
9	RF OUT	RF output internally matched to 50Ω and DC blocked.
10	VCC	Supply voltage for the first and second stage amplifier.
Pkg Base	GND	Ground connection. The package backside should be soldered to a topside ground pad connecting to the PCB ground plane with multiple ground vias. The pad should have a low thermal resistance and low electrical impedance to the ground plane.

V _{EN}	V _{MODE0}	VMODE1	V _{BAT}	V _{cc}	Conditions/Comments
Low	Low	Low	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Power down mode
Low	Х	Х	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Standby Mode
High	Low	Low	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	High power mode
High	High	Low	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Medium power mode
High	High	High	3.0V to 4.35V	3.0V to 4.35V	Low power mode

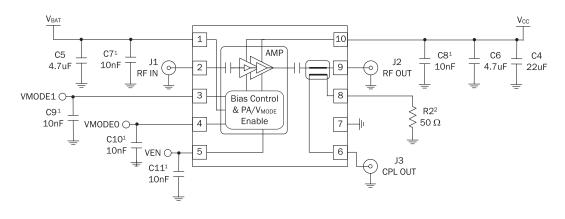
Package Drawing







Preliminary Application Schematic



NOTES:

1 Place these capacitors as close to PA as possible. 2 50 Ω resistor will be removed if pin 8 is connected to another coupler.

PCB Design Requirements

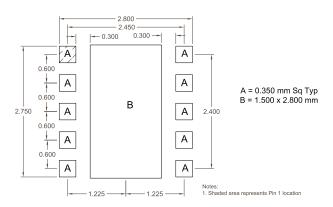
PCB Surface Finish

The PCB surface finish used for RFMD's qualification process is electroless nickel, immersion gold. Typical thickness is 3μ inch to 8μ inch gold over 180μ inch nickel.

PCB Land Pattern Recommendation

PCB land patterns for RFMD components are based on IPC-7351 standards and RFMD empirical data. The pad pattern shown has been developed and tested for optimized assembly at RFMD. The PCB land pattern has been developed to accommodate lead and package tolerances. Since surface mount processes vary from company to company, careful process development is recommended.

PCB Metal Land Pattern



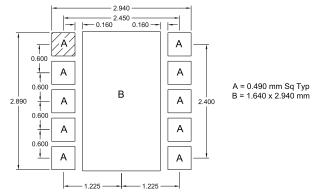
PCB Metal Land Pattern (Top View)





PCB Solder Mask Pattern

Liquid Photo-Imageable (LPI) solder mask is recommended. The solder mask footprint will match what is shown for the PCB metal land pattern with a 2mil to 3mil expansion to accommodate solder mask registration clearance around all pads. The center-grounding pad shall also have a solder mask clearance. Expansion of the pads to create solder mask clearance can be provided in the master data or requested from the PCB fabrication supplier.



PCB Solder Mask Pattern (Top View)

Thermal Pad and Via Design

The PCB land pattern has been designed with a thermal pad that matches the die paddle size on the bottom of the device.

Thermal vias are required in the PCB layout to effectively conduct heat away from the package. The via pattern has been designed to address thermal, power dissipation and electrical requirements of the device as well as accommodating routing strategies.

The via pattern used for the RFMD qualification is based on thru-hole vias with 0.203 mm to 0.330 mm finished hole size on a 0.5mm to 1.2mm grid pattern with 0.025mm plating on via walls. If micro vias are used in a design, it is suggested that the quantity of vias be increased by a 4:1 ratio to achieve similar results.