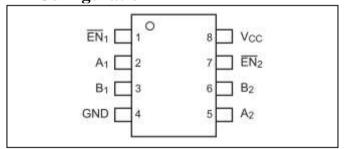


# 2-Bit Bus Switch, Enable Low 1.8V/2.5V/3.3V, High-Bandwidth, Hot Plug

## **Features**

- Near-Zero propagation delay
- 5-ohm switches connect inputs to outputs
- High signal passing bandwidth (500 MHz)
- Beyond Rail-to-Rail switching
  - 0 to 5V switching with 3.3V power supply
  - 0 to 3.3V switching with 2.5V power supply
- 5V I/O tolerant with supply in OFF and ON state
- 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V supply voltage operation
- Hot Insertion Capable
- Industrial Operating Temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- 8kV ESD Protection (human body model)
- Latch-up Performance: >200mA per JESD17
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green available):
   -8-pin TSSOP (L)

# **Pin Configuration**



# **Pin Description**

| Pin No | Pin Name  | Description    |
|--------|---|----------------|
| 1, 7   | $\overline{\mathrm{EN}}_{1,}\overline{\mathrm{EN}}_{2}$ | Switch Enables |
| 2, 5   | A1, A2  | A Ports        |
| 3, 6   | B1, B2  | B Ports        |
| 4      | GND   | Ground         |
| 8      | $V_{CC}$  | Power          |

# **Description**

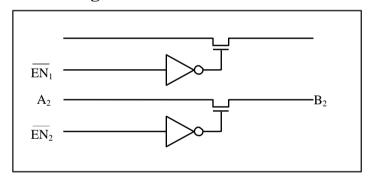
The PI3CH200 is a low voltage, 2-channel switch designed with fast individual enables. The switch introduces no additional ground bounce noise or additional propagation delay.

The PI3CH200 device has active low enables. It is very useful in switching signals that have high bandwidth (500 MHz).

# **Applications**

- High Bandwidth Data Switching
- Hot-Docking
- Analog Signal Switching
- Differential Signal Switching

# **Block Diagram**

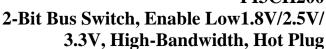


## Truth Table<sup>(1)</sup>

| $\overline{EN}_x$ | Ax   | Bx   | $V_{CC}$ | Function   |
|-------------------|------|------|----------|------------|
| X                 | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | GND      | Disconnect |
| Н                 | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | $V_{CC}$ | Disconnect |
| L                 | Bx   | Ax   | $V_{CC}$ | Connect    |

#### Note:

1. H=High Voltage Level; L=Low Voltage Level; Hi-Z=High Impedance





# **Maximum Ratings**

| Storage Temperature                    | 65°C to +150°C   |
|--|------------------|
| Ambient Temperature with Power Applied |                  |
| Supply Voltage to Ground Potential     | -0.5V to +4.6V   |
| DC Input Voltage                       | -0.5V to $+6.0V$ |
| DC Output Current                      | 120mA            |
| Power Dissipation                      | 0.5W             |
|  |                  |

#### Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## **DC** Electrical Characteristics

3.3V supply (Over operating range,  $T_A = -40 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol            | Description                         | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>                                       | Min  | $\mathbf{Typ}^{(2)}$ | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|----------------------|------|------|
| $V_{IH}$          | Control Input HIGH Voltage          | Guaranteed Logic HIGH Level  | 2.0  | -                    | -    | V    |
| $V_{\rm IL}$      | Control Input LOW Voltage           | Guaranteed Logic LOW Level   | -0.5 | -                    | 0.8  | V    |
| V <sub>IK</sub>   | Clamp Diode Voltage                 | $V_{CC} = Min., I_{IN} = -18mA$                                      | -    | -1.3                 | -1.8 | V    |
| $I_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input HIGH Current                  | $V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{CC}$                                     | -    | -                    | ±1   | μΑ   |
| ${ m I}_{ m IL}$  | Input Low Current                   | $V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = GND$  | -    | -                    | ±1   | μΑ   |
| $I_{OZH}$         | High-Impedance Current              | $0 \le A, B \le V_{CC}$  | -    | -                    | ±1   | μΑ   |
| D                 | Switch On-Resistance <sup>(3)</sup> | $V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 0.0V$<br>$I_{ON} = -48mA \text{ or } -64mA$ | -    | 4                    | 6    | Ω    |
| $R_{ON}$          | Switch On-Resistance                | $V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 3.6V$<br>$I_{ON} = -15mA$                   | -    | 5                    | 8    | 22   |

#### **Notes:**

- 1. For Max. or Min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C ambient and maximum loading.
- 3. Measured by the voltage drop between A and B pin at indicated current through the switch. On-Resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two (Ax, Bx) pins.

2.5V supply (Over operating range,  $T_A = -40 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{V} \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol            | Description                         | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>                      | Min  | Typ <sup>(2)</sup> | Max                  | Unit |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------|--------------------|----------------------|------|
| $V_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Control Input HIGH Voltage          | Guaranteed Logic HIGH Level                         | 1.8  | -                  | V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V    |
| $V_{\rm IL}$      | Control Input LOW Voltage           | Guaranteed Logic LOW Level                          | -0.3 | -                  | 0.8                  | V    |
| $V_{IK}$          | Clamp Diode Voltage                 | $V_{CC} = Max., I_{IN} = -6mA$                      | -    | -0.7               | -1.8                 | V    |
| $I_{IH}$          | Input HIGH Current                  | $V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{CC}$                    | -    | -                  | ±1                   | μΑ   |
| $I_{IL}$          | Input Low Current                   | $V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = GND$                       | -    | -                  | ±1                   | μΑ   |
| $I_{OZH}$         | High-Impedance Current              | $0 \le A, B \le V_{CC}$                             | -    | -                  | ±1                   | μΑ   |
| ъ                 | Switch On-Resistance <sup>(3)</sup> | $V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 0.0V$ $I_{ON} = -48mA$     | -    | 4                  | 8                    | Ω    |
| $R_{ON}$          |                                     | $V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 2.25V$<br>$I_{ON} = -15mA$ | -    | 7                  | 14                   | 77   |

#### Notes:

- 1. For Max. or Min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C ambient and maximum loading.
- 3. Measured by the voltage drop between A and B pin at indicated current through the switch. On-Resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two (Ax, Bx) pins.



# 2-Bit Bus Switch, Enable Low1.8V/2.5V/ 3.3V, High-Bandwidth, Hot Plug

1.8V supply (Over operating range,  $T_A = -40 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.8V \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol            | Description                         | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>                  | Min  | Typ <sup>(2)</sup> | Max                  | Unit |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------|--------------------|----------------------|------|
| $V_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Control Input HIGH Voltage          | Guaranteed Logic HIGH Level                     | 1.2  | -                  | V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V    |
| $V_{\rm IL}$      | Control Input LOW Voltage           | Guaranteed Logic LOW Level                      | -0.3 | -                  | 0.6                  | V    |
| $V_{IK}$          | Clamp Diode Voltage                 | $V_{CC} = Min., I_{IN} = -18mA$                 | -    | -0.7               | -1.8                 | V    |
| $I_{IH}$          | Input HIGH Current                  | $V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{CC}$                | -    | -                  | ±1                   | μΑ   |
| ${ m I}_{ m IL}$  | Input Low Current                   | $V_{CC} = Max., V_{IN} = GND$                   | -    | -                  | ±1                   | μΑ   |
| $I_{OZH}$         | High-Impedance Current              | $0 \le A, B \le V_{CC}$                         | -    | ı                  | ±1                   | μΑ   |
| D                 | Switch On-Resistance <sup>(3)</sup> | $V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 0.0V$ $I_{ON} = -48mA$ | -    | 4                  | 8                    | Ω    |
| $R_{ON}$          | Switch On-Resistance                | $V_{CC} = Min., V_{IN} = 1.6V$ $I_{ON} = -15mA$ | -    | 10                 | 18                   | 22   |

#### Notes:

- 1. For Max. or Min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 1.8V$ ,  $T_A = 25$ °C ambient and maximum loading.
- 3. Measured by the voltage drop between A and B pin at indicated current through the switch. On-Resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two (Ax, Bx) pins.

Capacitance ( $T_A = 25$ °C, f=1MHz)

| Symbol <sup>(1)</sup> | Description                 | Test Conditions | Typ <sup>(2)</sup> | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|
| $C_{IN}$              | Input Capacitance           |                 | 2.0                |      |
| $C_{OFF}$             | A/B Capacitance, Switch Off | $V_{IN} = 0V$   | 3.5                | pF   |
| C <sub>ON</sub>       | A/B Capacitance, Switch On  |                 | 7.0                |      |

#### Note:

**Power Supply Characteristics** 

| Symbol   | Description                    | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>               | Min | Тур  | Max | Unit |
|----------|--------------------------------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
|          |                                | $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ , $V_{IN} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ | -   | 0.2  | 0.5 | mA   |
| $I_{CC}$ | Quiescent Power Supply Current | $V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $V_{IN} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ | -   | 0.15 | 0.4 | mA   |
|          |                                | $V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $V_{IN} = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ | -   | 0.8  | 1.5 | mA   |

## Note:

- 1. For Max. or Min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device.
- 2. Typical values are at +25°C ambient

## **Dynamic Electrical Characteristics**

(Over Operating Range,  $T_A = -40 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V} \pm 10\%$ )

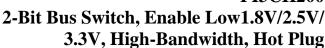
| Symbol         | Description    | <b>Test Conditions</b> | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $X_{TALK}$     | Crosstalk      | 10MHz                  | -   | -60 | =   | dB   |
| ${ m O_{IRR}}$ | Off-Isolation  | 10MHz                  | -   | -60 | -   | uБ   |
| BW             | -3dB Bandwidth | See test Diagram       | -   | 500 | -   | MHz  |

## **Switch Characteristics**

Over 3.3V Operating Range

| Symbol                              | Description  | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup> | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub> | Propagation Delay <sup>(2, 3)</sup> Ax to Bx, Bx to Ax | See test Diagram               | -   | -   | 0.3 |      |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub> | Enable Time $\overline{EN}x$ to Ax or Bx               | See test Diagram               | 1.5 | -   | 9.0 | ns   |
| $t_{PHZ,} t_{PLZ}$                  | Disable Time $\overline{EN}x$ to Ax or Bx              | See test Diagram               | 1.5 | -   | 9.0 |      |

<sup>1.</sup> These parameters are determined by device characterization but are not production tested





#### Note

- 1. See test circuit and waveforms.
- 2. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested on Propagation Delays.
- 3. The switch contributes no propagation delay other than the RC delay of the On-Resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.30ns for 10pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagation delay to the system. Propagation delay of the switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interaction with the load on the driven side.

Over 2.5V Operating Range

| Symbol                              | Description  | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup> | Min | Тур | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| $t_{\rm PLH}, t_{\rm PHL}$          | Propagation Delay <sup>(2, 3)</sup> Ax to Bx, Bx to Ax | See test Diagram               | -   | -   | 0.3  |      |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub> | Enable Time $\overline{EN}x$ to Ax or Bx               | See test Diagram               | 1.5 | -   | 15.0 | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> | Disable Time $\overline{ENx}$ to Ax or Bx              | See test Diagram               | 1.5 | -   | 12.0 |      |

#### Note:

- 1. See test circuit and waveforms.
- 2. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested on Propagation Delays.
- 3. The switch contributes no propagation delay other than the RC delay of the On-Resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.30ns for 10pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagation delay to the system. Propagation delay of the switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interaction with the load on the driven side.

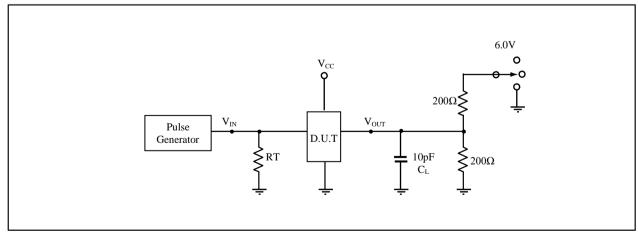
Over 1.8V Operating Range

| Symbol                              | Description  | Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup> | Min | Тур | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| $t_{\rm PLH,}t_{\rm PHL}$           | Propagation Delay <sup>(2, 3)</sup> Ax to Bx, Bx to Ax | See test Diagram               | -   | -   | 0.3  |      |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub> | Enable Time ENx to Ax or Bx                            | See test Diagram               | 1.5 | -   | 25.0 | ns   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> | Disable Time ENx to Ax or Bx                           | See test Diagram               | 1.5 | -   | 12.0 |      |

#### Note:

- 1. See test circuit and waveforms.
- 2. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested on Propagation Delays.
- 3. The switch contributes no propagation delay other than the RC delay of the On-Resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.30ns for 10pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagation delay to the system. Propagation delay of the switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interaction with the load on the driven side.

#### **Test Circuit for Electrical Characteristics**



#### Notes:

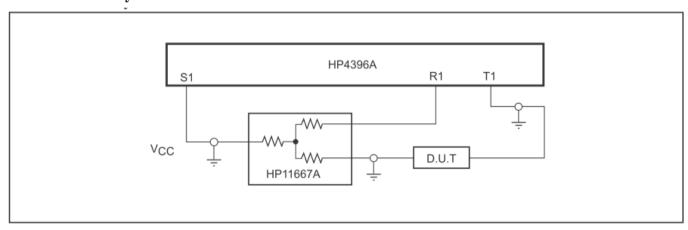
- 1. C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance: includes jig and probe capacitance.
- 2. RT = Termination resistance: should be equal to ZouT of the Pulse Generator
- 3. All input impulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \le 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50$ -ohm,  $t_R \le 2.5 \text{ns}$ ,  $t_F \le 2.5 \text{ns}$ .
- 4. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.



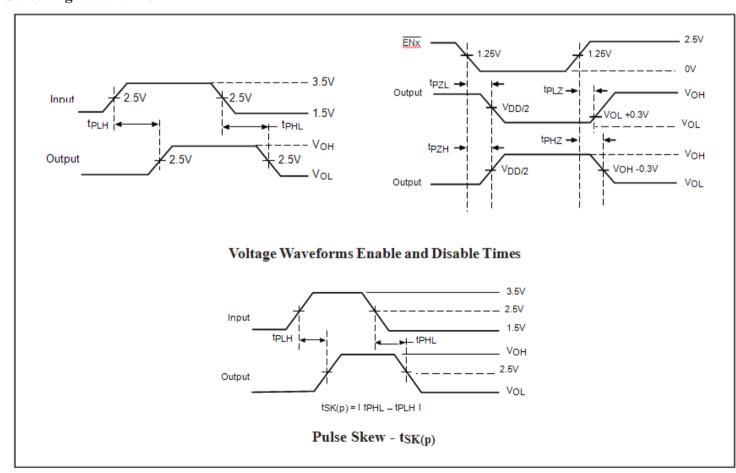
## **Switch Positions**

| Test                                  | Switch |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| t <sub>PLZ</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>   | 6.0V   |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PZH</sub> . | GND    |
| Prop Delay                            | Open   |

# **Test Circuit for Dynamic Electrical Characteristics**



## **Switching Waveforms**







# **Applications Information**

#### **Logic Inputs**

The logic control inputs can be driven up to 3.6V regardless of the supply voltage. For example, given a +3.3V supply,  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  may be driven LOW to 0V and HIGH to 3.6V. Driving  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  Rail-to-Rail<sup>®</sup> minimizes power consumption.

#### **Power Supply-Sequencing**

Proper power supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Always apply  $V_{CC}$  before applying signals to the input/output or control pins.

#### **Hot Insertion**

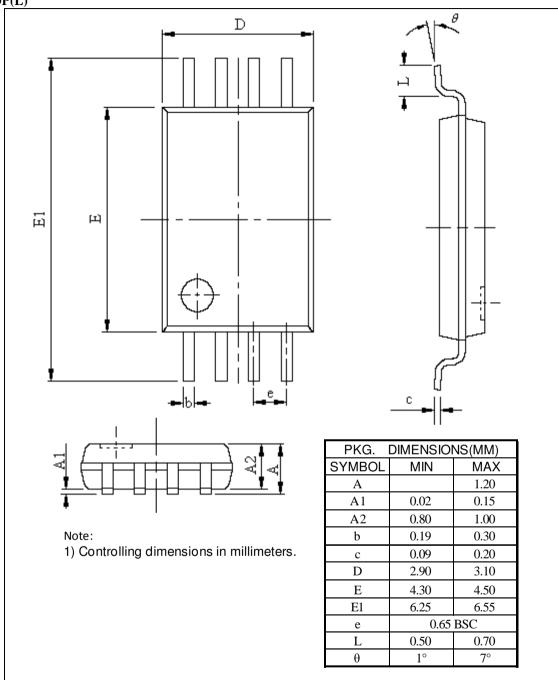
For Datacom and Telecom applications that have ten or more volts passing through the backplane, a high voltage from the power supply may be seen at the device input pins during hot insertion. The PI3CH200 devices have maximum limits of 6V and 120mA for 20ns. If the power is higher or applied for a longer time or repeatedly reaches the maximum limits, the devices can be damaged.

Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.



# **Mechanical Information**





# **Ordering Information**

| Part No.   | Package Cede | Package                         |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| PI3CH200LE | L            | Lead free and Green 8-Pin TSSOP |

#### Note:

- E = Pb-free or Pb-free & Green
- Adding X Suffix= Tape/Reel

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