

J-FET INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

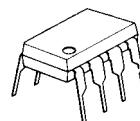
■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM062/064 are J-FET input operational amplifiers which were designed as low-power versions of the NJM082. They feature high input impedance, wide bandwidth, high slew rate, and low input offset and bias current.

The NJM062 features the same terminal assignments as the NJM4558/2043/2904/3404/072 and NJM064 features the same terminal assignments as the NJM2902/3403/2058/2059/2060.

Each of these JFET-input operational amplifiers incorporates well-matched, high voltage JFET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit.

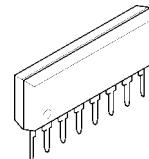
■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM062D



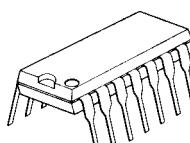
NJM062M



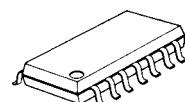
NJM062L



NJM062V



NJM064D



NJM064M

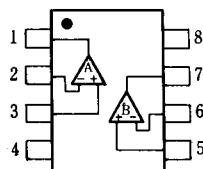


NJM064V

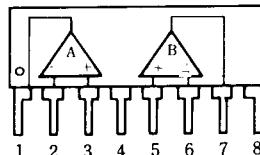
■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage ($\pm 2V \sim \pm 18V$)
- J-FET Input
- High Input Resistance ($10^{12}\Omega$ typ.)
- Low Operating Current ($200\mu A/\text{circuit}$ typ.)
- High Slew Rate ($3.5V/\mu s$ typ.)
- Wide Unity Gain Bandwidth ($1MHz$ typ.)
- Package Outline DIP8/14,DMP8/14,SSOP8/14,SIP8
- Bipolar Technology

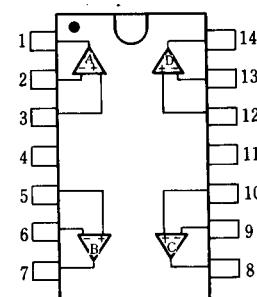
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



NJM062D
NJM062M
NJM062V



NJM062L



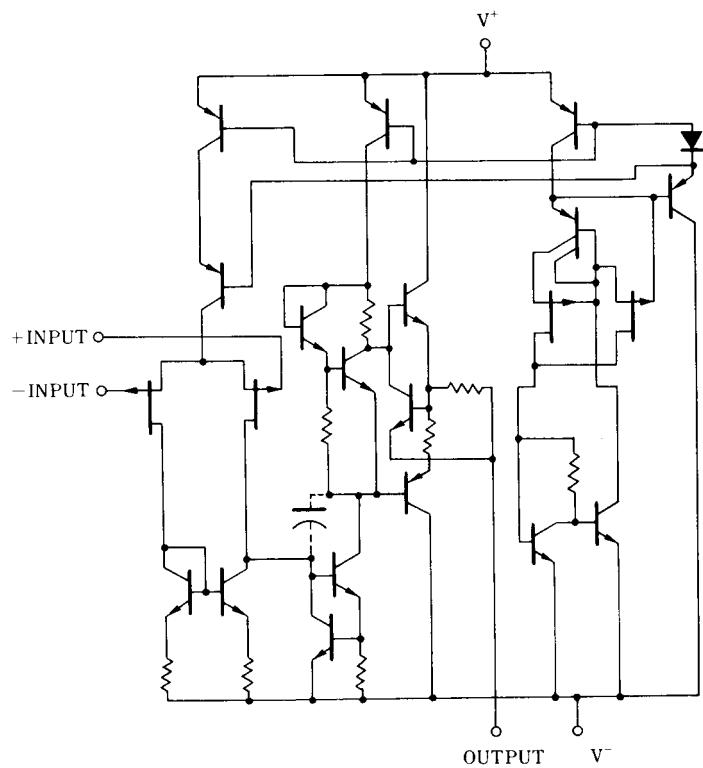
NJM064D
NJM064M
NJM064V

- PIN FUNCTION**
1. A OUTPUT
 2. A -INPUT
 3. A +INPUT
 4. V
 5. B +INPUT
 6. B -INPUT
 7. B OUTPUT
 8. V⁺

- PIN FUNCTION**
1. A OUTPUT
 2. A -INPUT
 3. A +INPUT
 4. V⁺
 5. B +INPUT
 6. B -INPUT
 7. B OUTPUT
 8. C OUTPUT
 9. C -INPUT
 10. C +INPUT
 11. V
 12. D +INPUT
 13. D -INPUT
 14. D OUTPUT

NJM062/064

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (062 is 1/2 Shown.064 is 1/4 Shown.)



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V ⁺ /V	± 18	V
Differential Input Voltage	V _{ID}	± 30	V
Input Voltage	V _{IC}	± 15	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	(DIP8) 500 (DMP8) 300 (SIP8) 800 (SSOP8) 250 (DIP14) 700 (DMP14) 700 (note2) (SSOP14) 300	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40~+125	°C

(note1) For supply voltage less than ±15V. The absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

(note2) At on PC board

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

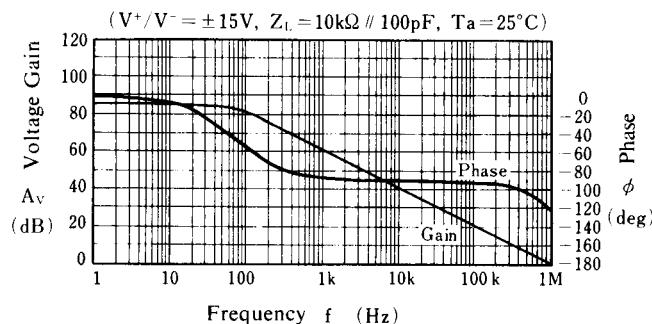
(V⁺/V=±15V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Supply Voltage	V ⁺ /V		± 2	-	± 18	V
Input Offset Voltage	V _{IO}	R _S =50Ω	-	3	15	mV
Input Offset Current	I _{IO}		-	1	200	pA
Input Bias Current	I _B		-	2	400	pA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V _{ICM}		± 13	+15 -13.5	-	V
Maximum Peak-to-peak Output Voltage Swing	V _{OM}	R _L =10kΩ	± 13	+14.2 -14.0	-	V
Large-signal Voltage Gain	A _V	R _L ≥10kΩ, V _O =±10V	70	80	-	dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	f _T	R _L =10kΩ	-	1	-	MHz
Input Resistance	R _{IN}		-	10 ¹²	-	Ω
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	R _S ≤10kΩ	70	90	-	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	R _S ≤10kΩ	70	100	-	dB
Operating Current	I _{CC}	R _L =∞ each amplifier	-	200	250	μA
Slew Rate	SR	R _L =10kΩ	-	3.5	-	V/us
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	e _n	R _S =100Ω, f=1kHz	-	35	-	nV/√Hz

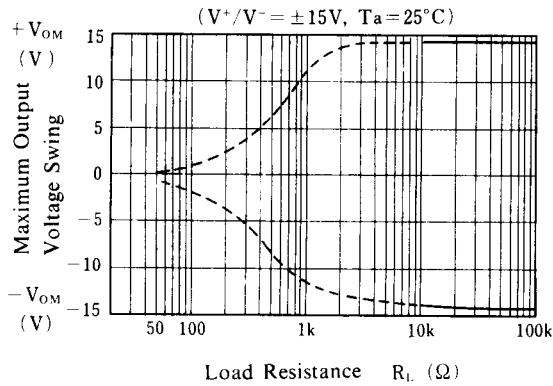
NJM062/064

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

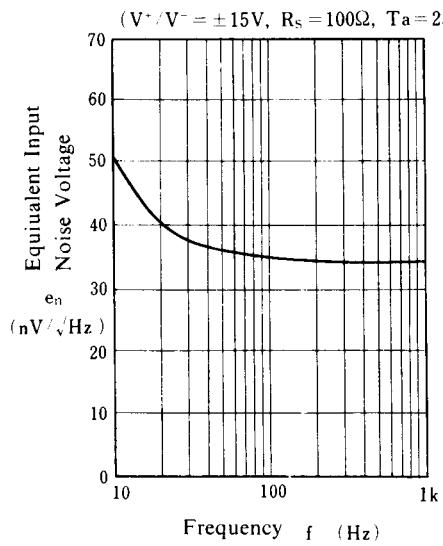
Voltage Gain, Phase Shift vs. Frequency



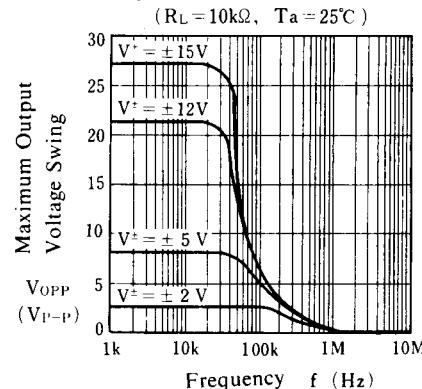
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Load Resistance



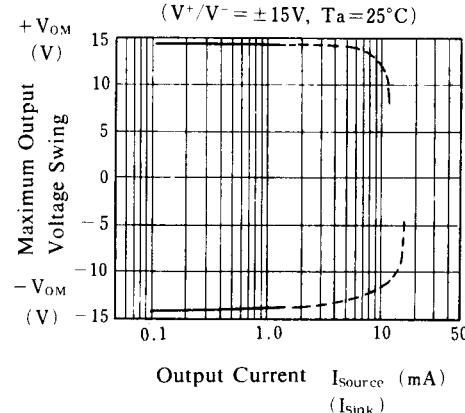
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs. Frequency



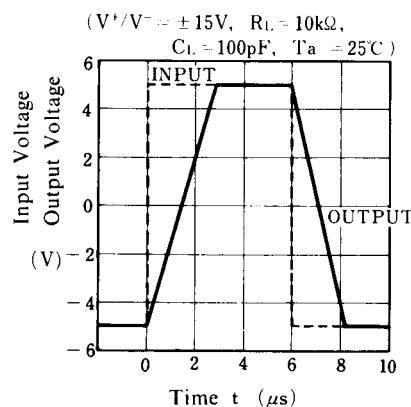
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency



Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Output Current



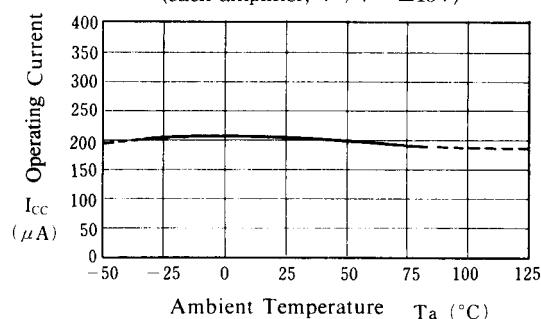
Voltage Follower Large Signal Pulse Response



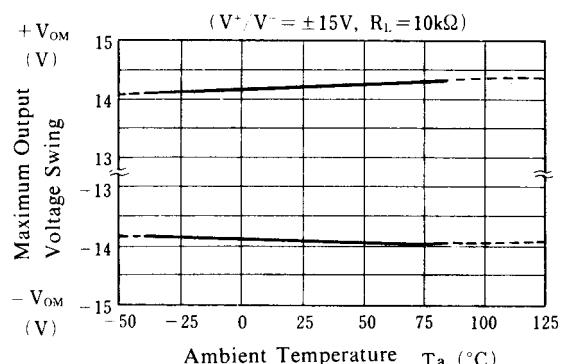
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Current vs. Temperature

(each amplifier, $V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$)

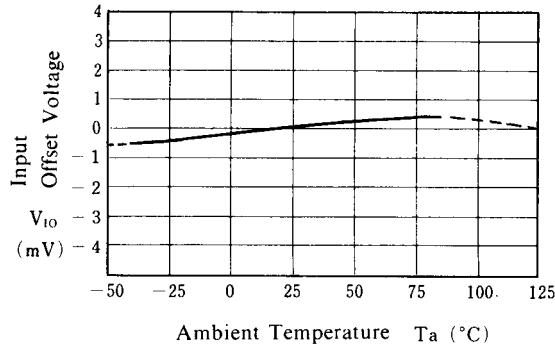


Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Temperature



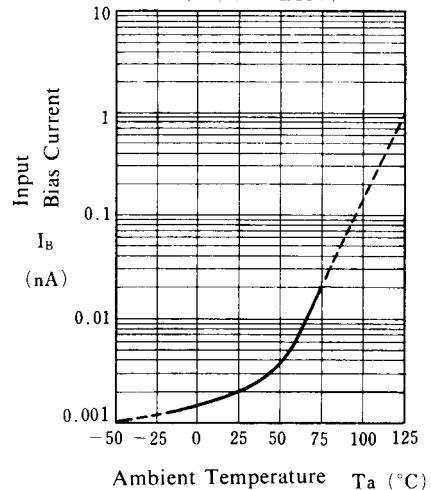
Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$)



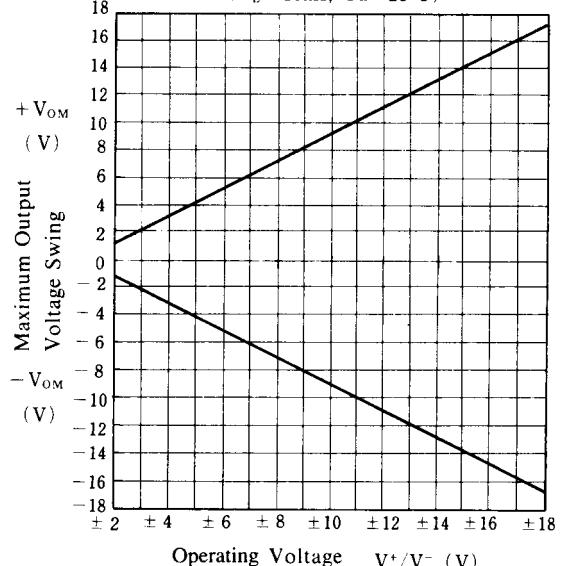
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$)



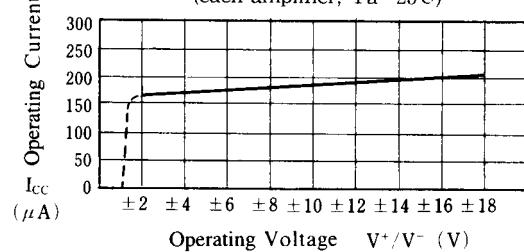
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage

($R_L = 10k\Omega$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage

(each amplifier, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)



MEMO

[CAUTION]
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