

Stud Thyristor

Line Thyristor

SKT 250

Features

- Hermetic metal case with glass insulator
- Threaded stud ISO M24x1,5
- High i^2t and I_{TSM} values for easy fusing
- International standard case

Typical Applications*

- DC motor control
(e. g. for machine tools)
- Controlled rectifiers
(e. g. for battery charging)
- AC controllers
(e. g. for temperature control)
- Recommended snubber network
e. g. for $V_{VRMS} \leq 400$ V:
 $R = 33 \Omega / 32 W$, $C = 0,47 \mu F$

V_{RSM}	V_{RRM}, V_{DRM}	$I_{TRMS} = 450 A$ (maximum value for continuous operation) $I_{TAV} = 250 A$ (sin. 180; $T_c = 85^\circ C$)
500	400	SKT 250/04D
900	800	SKT 250/08D
1300	1200	SKT 250/12E
1500	1400	SKT 250/14E
1700	1600	SKT 250/16E

Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
I_{TAV}	sin. 180; $T_c = 100$ ($85^\circ C$); K0,55; $T_a = 45^\circ C$; B2 / B6	185 (250)	A
I_D	K0,55F; $T_a = 35^\circ C$; B2 / B5	240 / 330	A
I_{RMS}	K0,55; $T_a = 45^\circ C$; W1C	490 / 675	A
I_{TSM}	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; 10 ms $T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$; 10 ms	265	A
i^2t	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; 8,35 ... 10 ms $T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$; 8,35 ... 10 ms	7000 6000 245000 180000	A ² s A ² s
V_T	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; $I_T = 800 A$	max. 1,65	V
$V_{T(TO)}$	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$	max. 1	V
r_T	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$	max. 0,7	mΩ
$I_{DD}; I_{RD}$	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$; $V_{RD} = V_{RRM}$; $V_{DD} = V_{DRM}$	max. 50	mA
t_{gd}	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; $I_G = 1 A$; $di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s$	1	μs
t_{gr}	$V_D = 0,67 * V_{DRM}$	2	μs
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$	max. 100	A/μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$; SKT ...D / SKT ...E	max. 500 / 1000	V/μs
t_q	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$,	50 ... 150	μs
I_H	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; typ. / max.	150 / 250	mA
I_L	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; $R_G = 33 \Omega$; typ. / max.	300 / 600	mA
V_{GT}	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; d.c.	min. 3	V
I_{GT}	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$; d.c.	min. 200	mA
V_{GD}	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$; d.c.	max. 0,25	V
I_{GD}	$T_{vj} = 130^\circ C$; d.c.	max. 10	mA
$R_{th(j-c)}$	cont.	0,11	K/W
$R_{th(j-c)}$	sin. 180	0,123	K/W
$R_{th(j-c)}$	rec. 120	0,137	K/W
$R_{th(c-s)}$		0,015	K/W
T_{vj}		- 40 ... + 130	°C
T_{stg}		- 55 ... + 150	°C
V_{isol}	to heatsink	-	V~
M_s		60	Nm
a		5 * 9,81	m/s ²
m	approx.	490	g
Case		B 7	



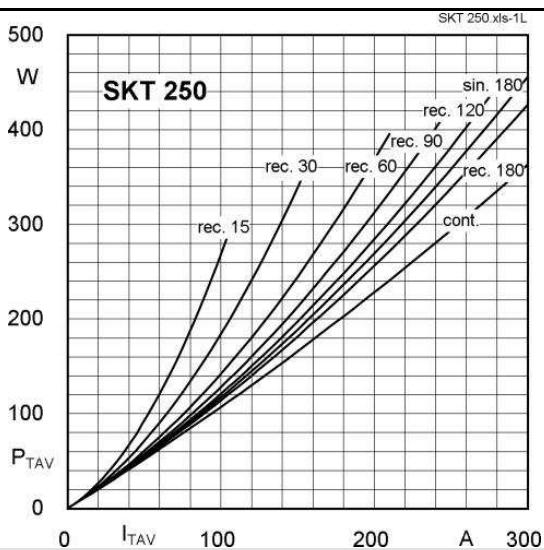


Fig. 1L Power dissipation vs. on-state current

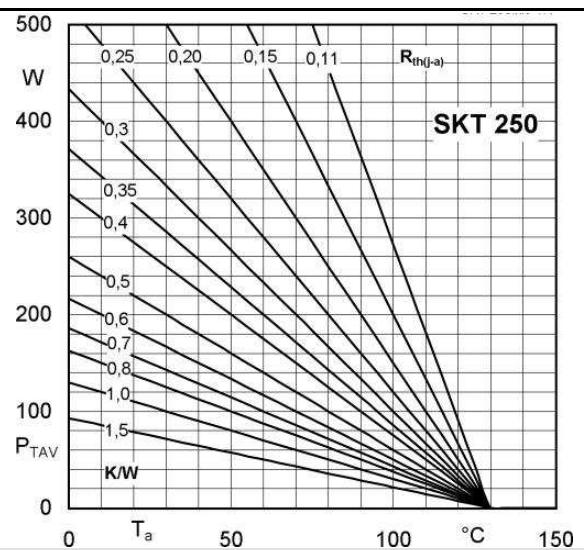


Fig. 1R Power dissipation vs. ambient temperature

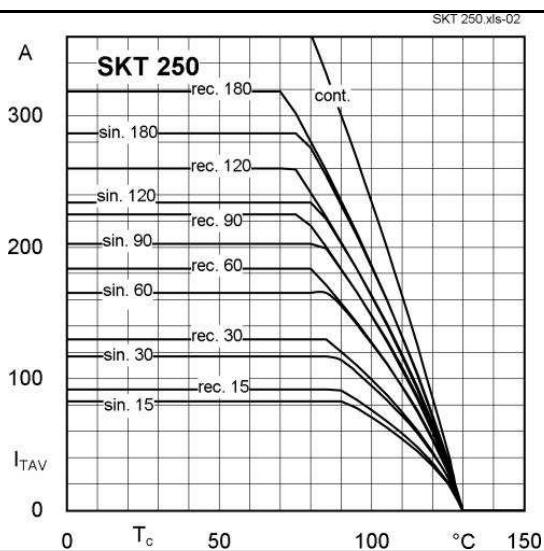


Fig. 2 Rated on-state current vs. case temperature

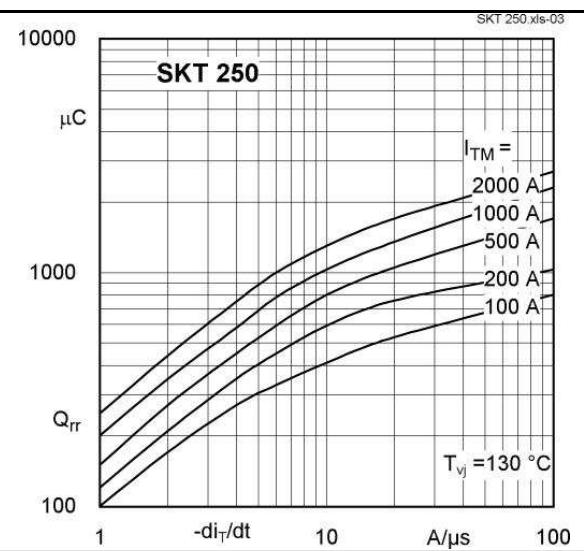


Fig. 3 Recovered charge vs. current decrease

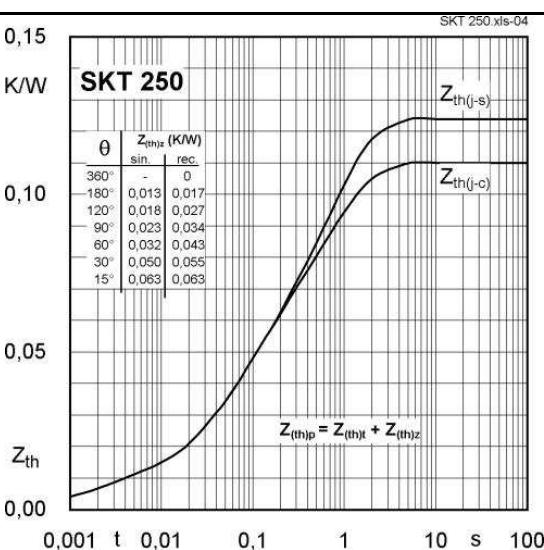


Fig. 4 Transient thermal impedance vs. time

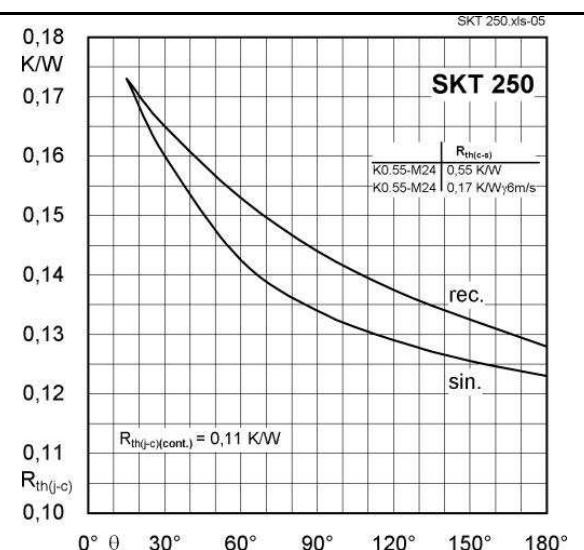


Fig. 5 Thermal resistance vs. conduction angle

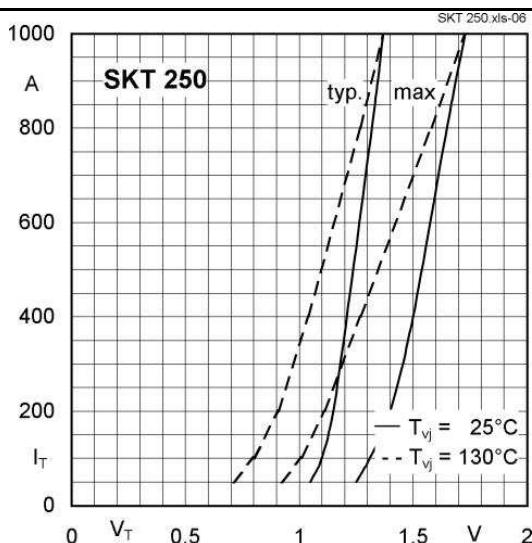


Fig. 6 On-state characteristics

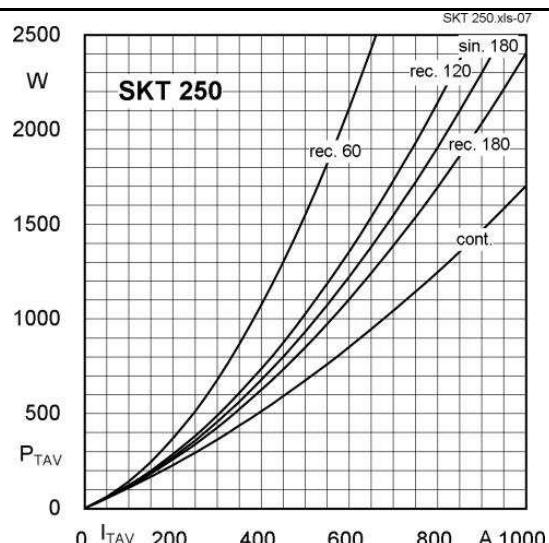


Fig. 7 Power dissipation vs. on-state current

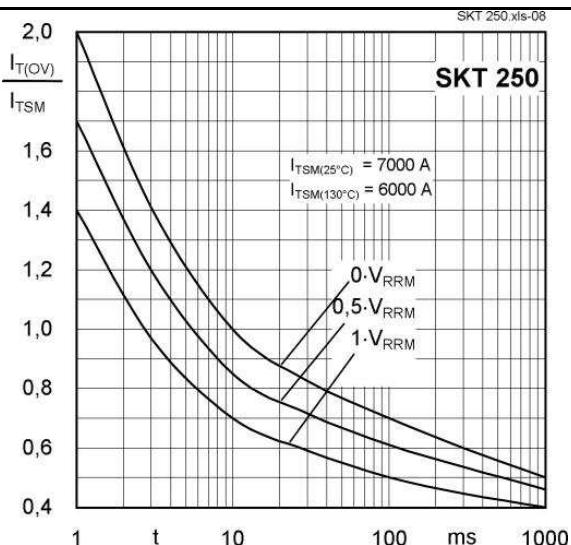
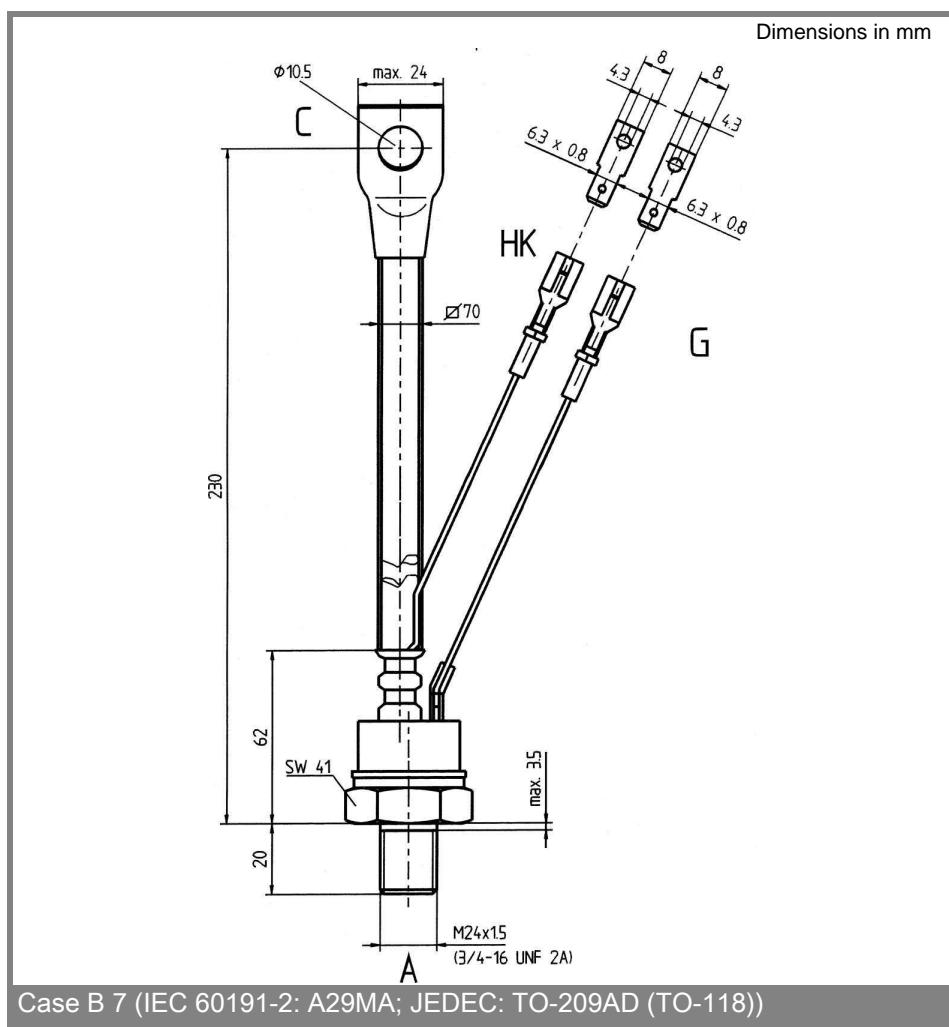
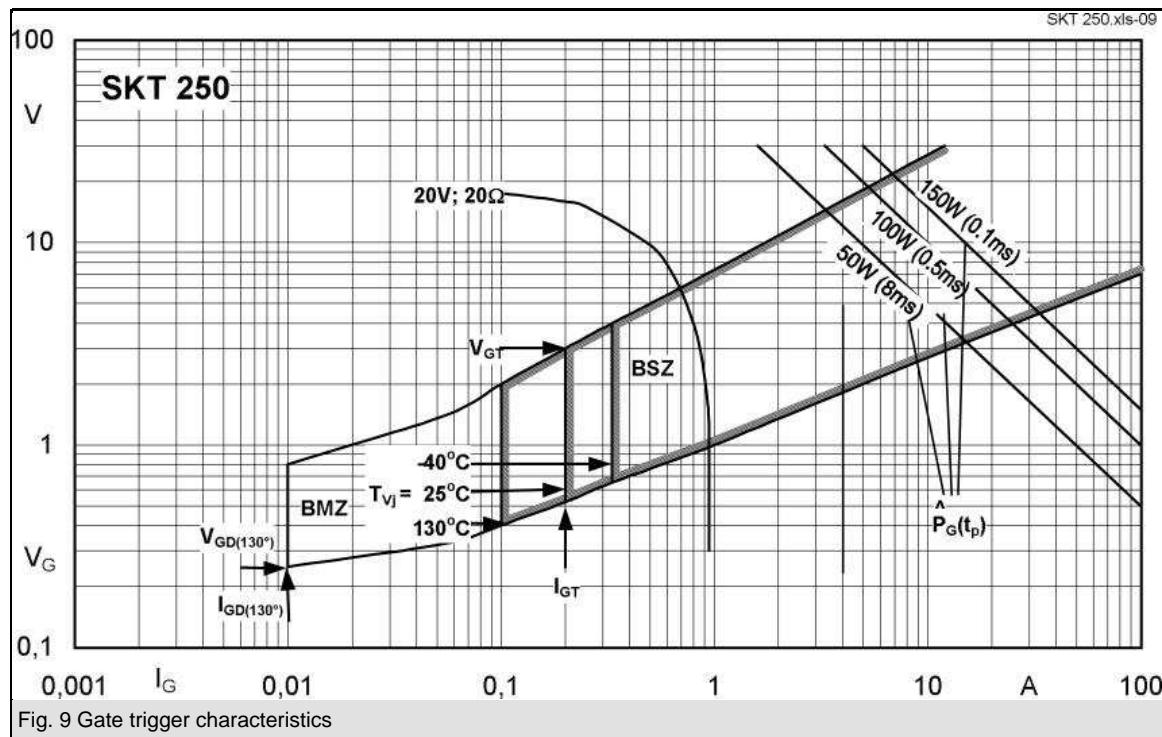


Fig. 8 Surge overload current vs. time



* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON

products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.