

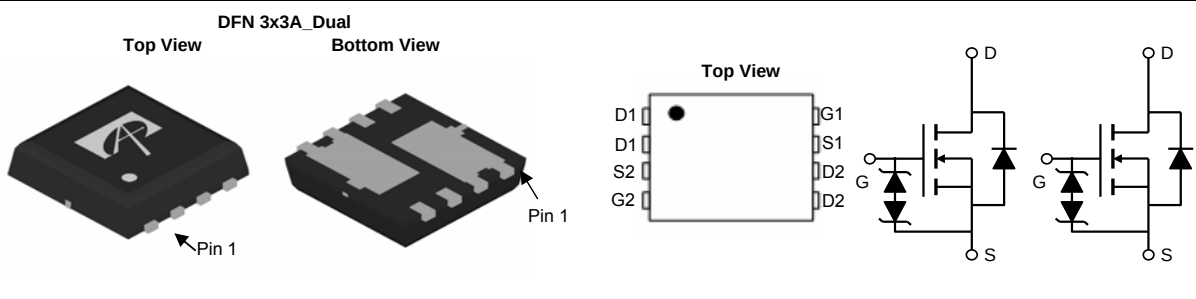
General Description

The AON7804 is designed to provide a high efficiency synchronous buck power stage with optimal layout and board space utilization. It includes two low $R_{DS(ON)}$ MOSFETs in a dual DFN3x3 package. The AON7804 is well suited for use in compact DC/DC converter applications.

Product Summary

V_{DS}	30V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	22A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 21m Ω
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 4.5V$)	< 26m Ω

100% UIS Tested
 100% R_g Tested
 ESD protected



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	22	A
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$		14	
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	48	
Continuous Drain Current	I_{DSM}	9	A
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		7	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}, I_{AR}	19	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ ^C	E_{AS}, E_{AR}	18	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	17	W
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$		7	
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$			
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	3.1	W
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		2	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	30	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$t \leq 10\text{s}$				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A D}	$R_{\theta JC}$	60	75	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Steady-State				
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	6.2	7.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Steady-State				

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			10	μA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.2	1.8	2.4	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	48			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=8\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		17 23	21	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$, $I_D=7\text{A}$		21	26	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}$, $I_D=9\text{A}$		30		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				15	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	600	740	888	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		77	110	145	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		50	82	115	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	0.5	1.1	1.7	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $I_D=8\text{A}$	12	15	18	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge		6	7.5	9	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			2.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			3		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$, $R_L=1.7\Omega$, $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			3.5		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			19		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=8\text{A}$, $dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	6	8	10	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=8\text{A}$, $dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	14	18	22	nC

A. The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{\theta JA}$ $t \leq 10\text{s}$ value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(MAX)}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

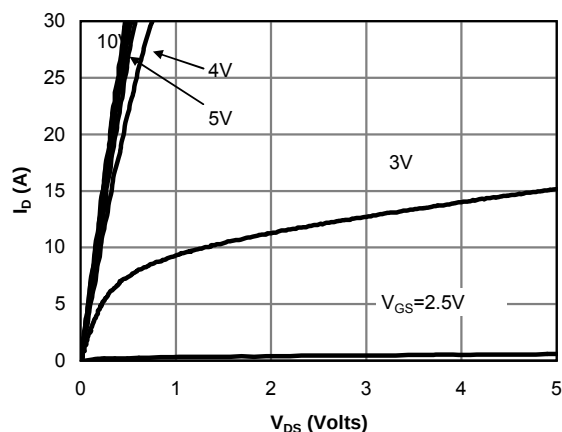


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

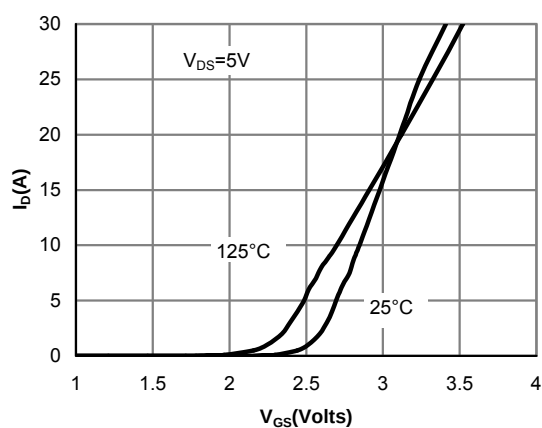


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

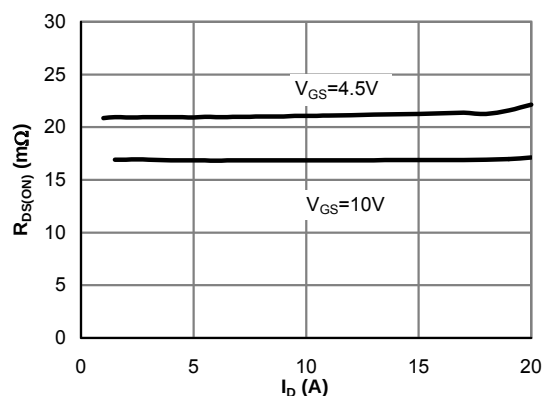


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

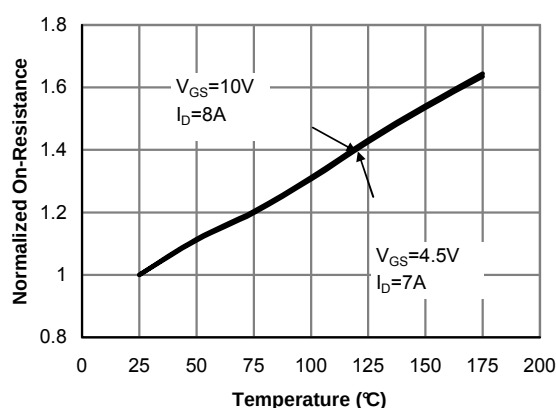


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

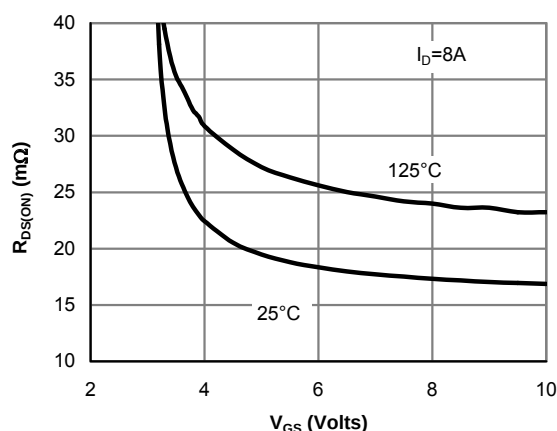


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

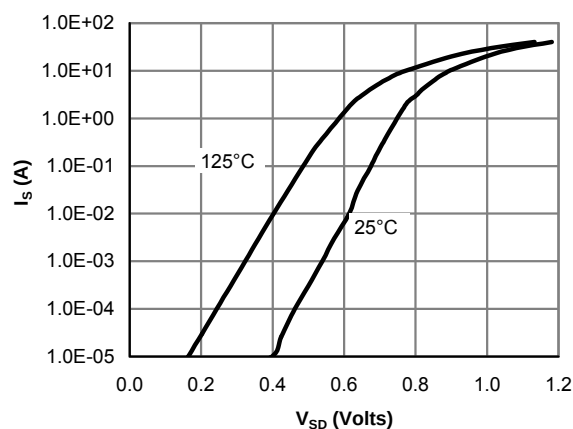
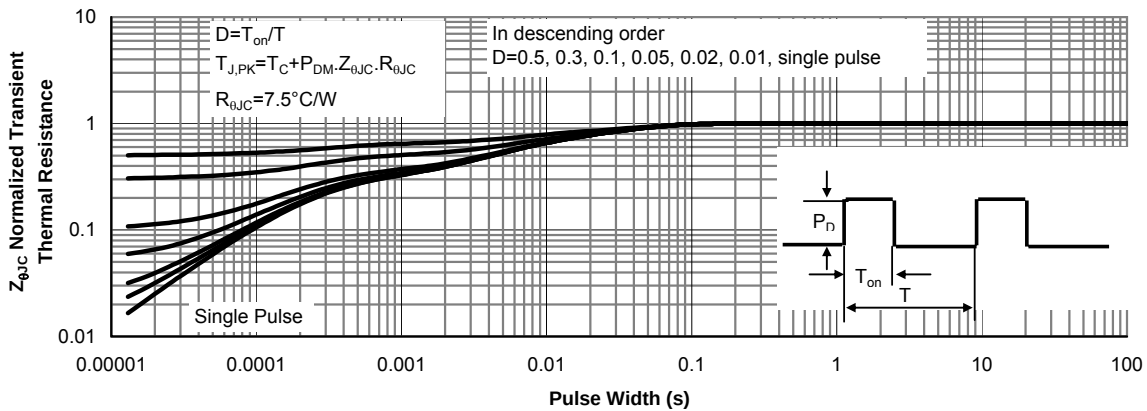
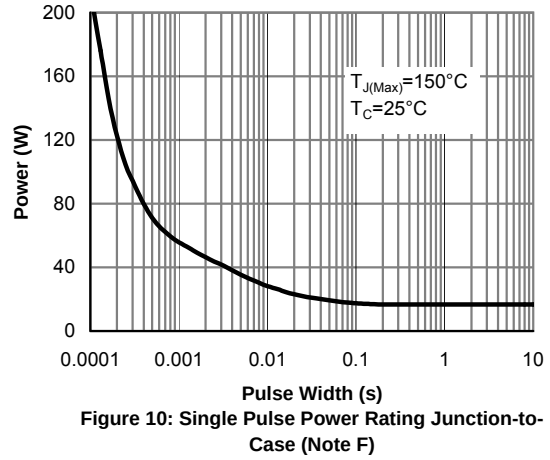
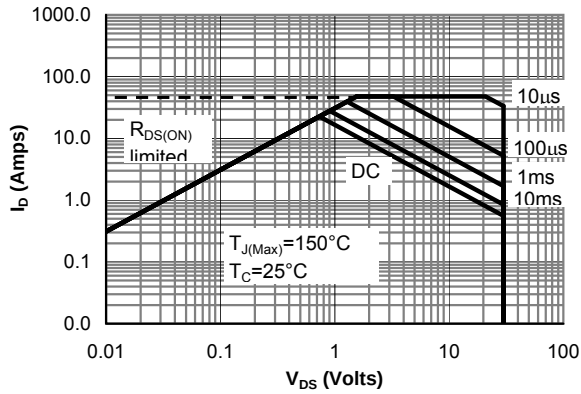
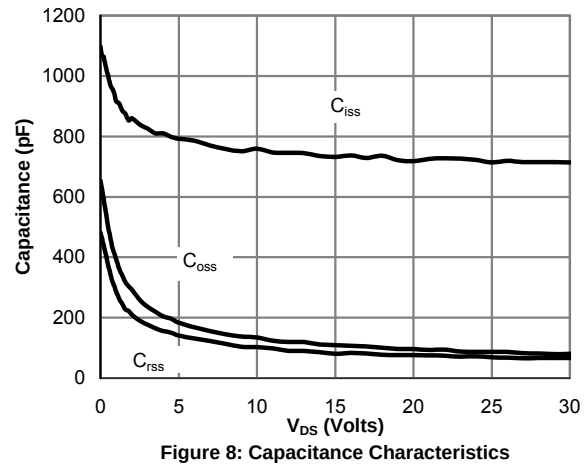
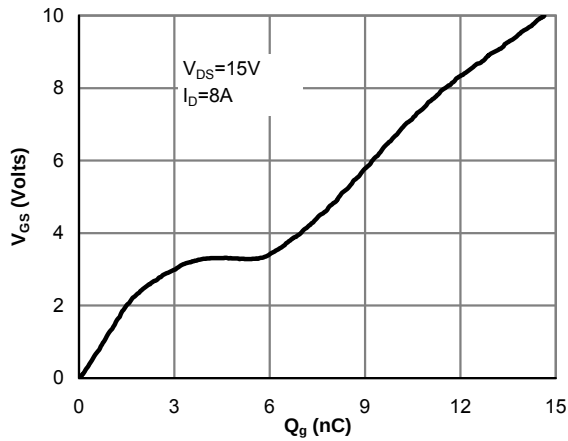


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

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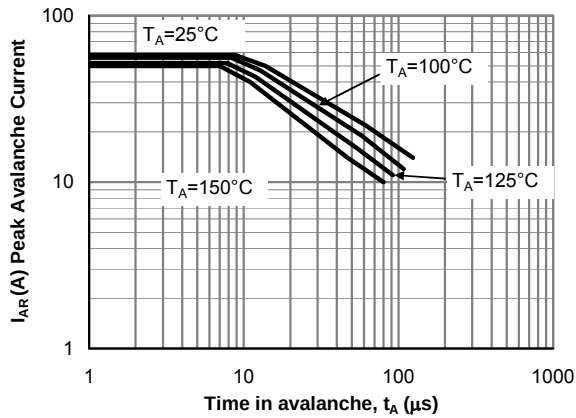


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability (Note C)

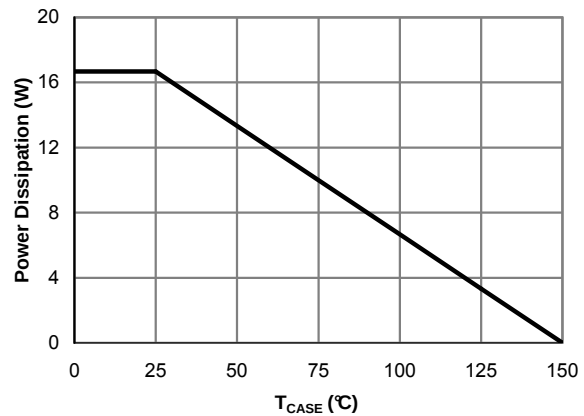


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note F)

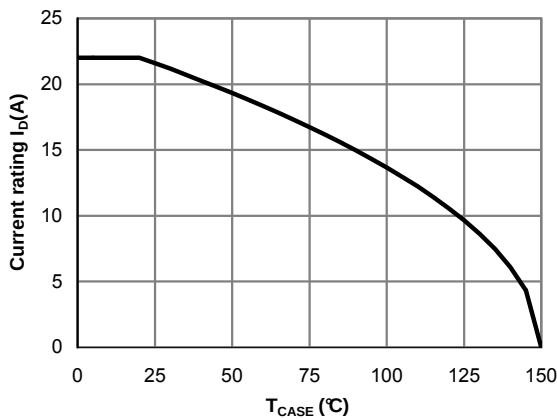


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note F)

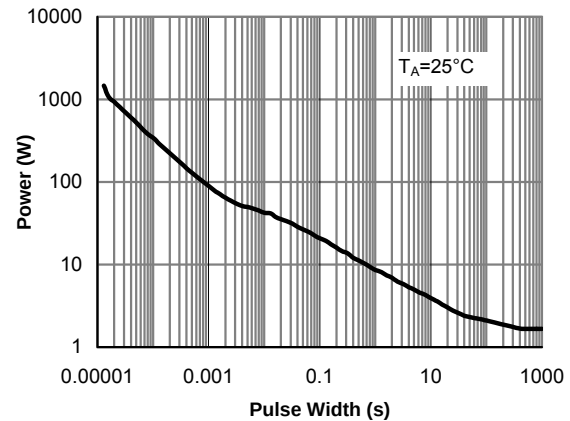


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

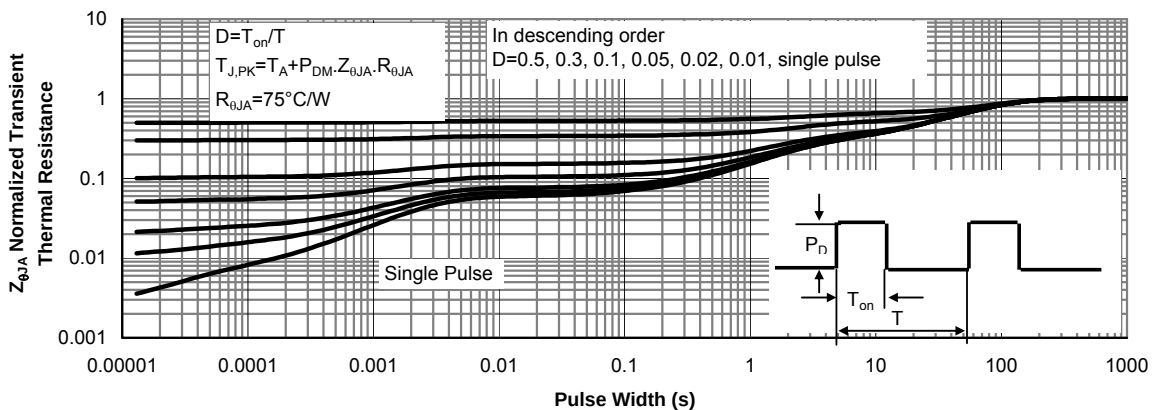
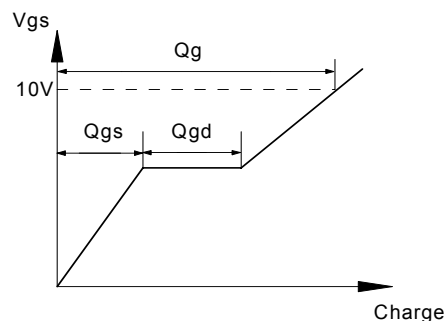
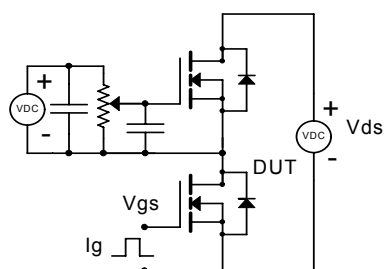
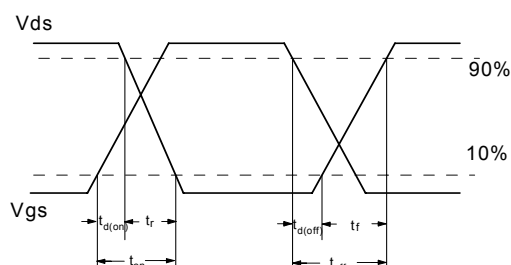
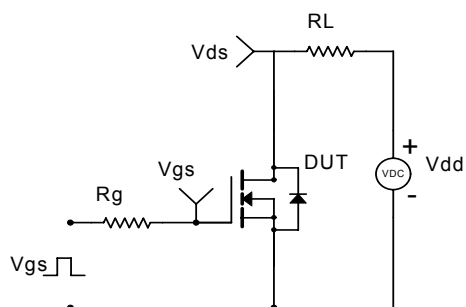


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

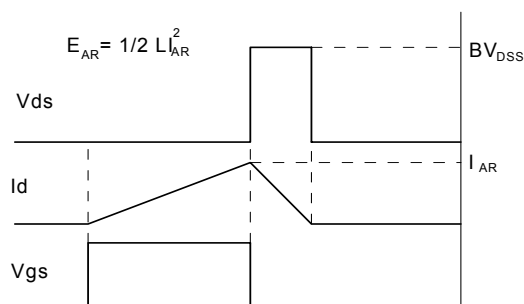
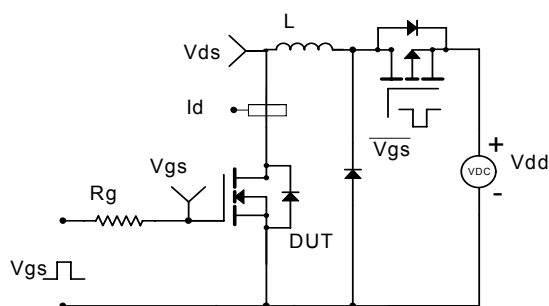
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

