

# S-5842A Series

## DUAL TRIP TEMPERATURE SWITCH IC (THERMOSTAT IC)

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Rev.2.2 00

The S-5842A Series is a dual trip temperature switch IC (thermostat IC) which detects two points of temperature. The S-5842A Series operates at the power supply voltage of 2.5 V and the lower current consumption of 10  $\mu$ A typ. A temperature sensor with the negative temperature coefficient, a reference voltage generation circuit, a comparator and a delay circuit are integrated on one chip, and enclosed into the packages SOT-23-6 and SNT-6A.

#### ■ Features

• Detection temperature: Detection temperature =  $-10 \,^{\circ}$ C to  $+110 \,^{\circ}$ C,  $+1 \,^{\circ}$ C step

• Accuracy of detection temperature: ±2.5 °C (Only for either detection temperature)

Low voltage operation:
 V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V min. (Detection temperature = +20 °C to +110 °C)

 $V_{DD}$  = 2.7 V min. (Detection temperature = 0 °C to +110 °C)  $V_{DD}$  = 2.8 V min. (Detection temperature = -10 °C to +110 °C)

• Low current consumption:  $I_{DD} = 10 \mu A \text{ typ.}$  (Ta = +25°C)

Selectable output form:
 CMOS output, Nch open-drain output

• Selectable output type: Separate, Integrate

• Selectable output logic: "H", "L"

• Operation temperature range: Ta = -40 °C to +125 °C

Lead-free, Sn 100%, halogen-free\*1

## ■ Applications

- Fan control
- Air-conditioning system
- Mobile phone
- Game console
- Various electronics devices

#### ■ Packages

- SOT-23-6
- SNT-6A

<sup>\*1.</sup> Refer to "■ Product Name Structure" for details.

## ■ Block Diagrams

#### 1. CMOS output product (Output type: Separate)

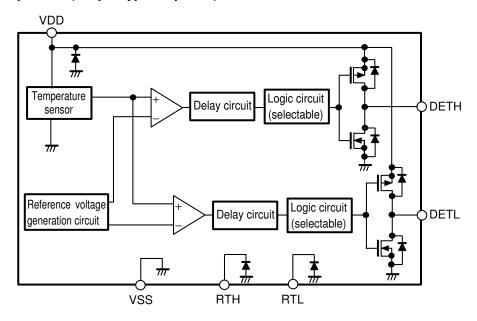


Figure 1

#### 2. Nch open-drain output product (Output type: Separate)

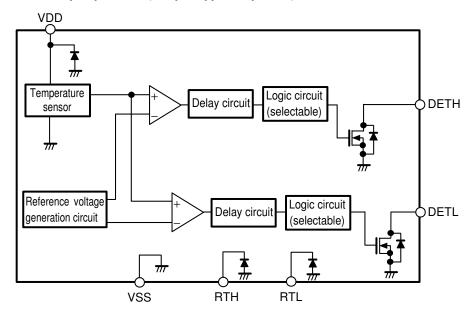


Figure 2

## 3. CMOS output product (Output type: Integrate)

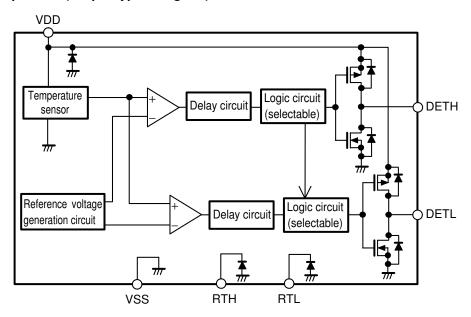


Figure 3

#### 4. Nch open-drain output product (Output type: Integrate)

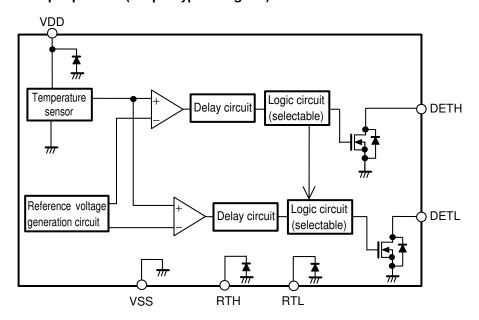


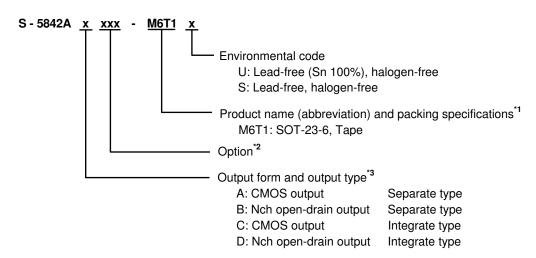
Figure 4

#### **■ Product Name Structure**

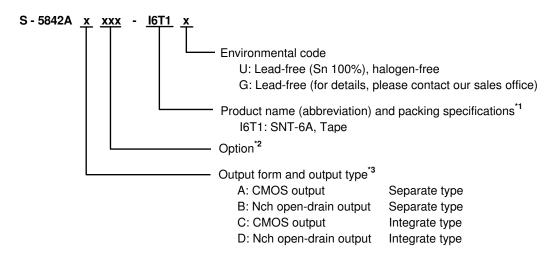
Users are able to select the output form and type, option for detection temperature's spec and package for the S-5842A Series.

#### 1. Product name

#### 1.1 SOT-23-6



#### 1.2 SNT-6A



- **\*1.** Refer to the tape drawing.
- \*2. Refer to "■ Selection of Product Option". Settings are available in alphabetical order as AAA to ZZZ.
- \*3. Refer to "■ Selection of Product Option".

#### 2. Packages

Table 1 Package Drawing Codes

Package Name	Dimension	Tape	Reel	Land
SOT-23-6	MP006-A-P-SD	MP006-A-C-SD	MP006-A-R-SD	_
SNT-6A	PG006-A-P-SD	PG006-A-C-SD	PG006-A-R-SD	PG006-A-L-SD

#### 3. Product name list

#### 3. 1 SOT-23-6

Table 2

		Option for Detection Temperature's Spec								
	Outrout Farms	DETH	Pin (for Hig	her Tempera	ture)	DETL	Pin (for Low	er Temperat	ure)	
Product Name Output Forr and Type	· ·	Detection Temperature (T <sub>DH</sub> )	Accuracy of Detection Temperature <sup>11</sup>	Hysteresis Temperature (T <sub>HYSH</sub> )	Output Logic	Detection Temperature (T <sub>DL</sub> )	Accuracy of Detection Temperature*1	Hysteresis Temperature (T <sub>HYSL</sub> )	Output Logic	
S-5842AAAAF-M6T1y	CMOS, Separate	+95°C	_	–5°C	"L"	+55°C	±2.5°C	–5°C	"L"	
S-5842AAAAG-M6T1y	CMOS, Separate	+60°C	_	–5°C	"H"	0°C	±2.5°C	+5°C	"L"	
S-5842AAAAL-M6T1U	CMOS, Separate	+45°C	±2.5°C	–2°C	"H"	0°C	_	+2°C	"H"	
S-5842AAAAN-M6T1y	CMOS, Separate	+50°C	_	–5°C	"L"	+40°C	±2.5°C	–5°C	Ľ	
S-5842ACAAM-M6T1y	CMOS, Integrate	+45°C	_	–2°C	"L"	0°C	±2.5°C	–2°C	"L"	

<sup>\*1</sup> Either of two detection temperatures  $(T_{DH}, T_{DL})$ , an accuracy of  $\pm 2.5^{\circ}$ C is set only for the one that user specifies a higher accuracy than the other  $(T_{DH}, T_{DL})$ .

Remark 1. Please contact our sales office for products other than those specified above. Refer to "■ Selection of Product Option" for details.

- 2. y: S or U
- 3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

#### 3.2 SNT-6A

Table 3

		Option for Detection Temperature's Spec								
	Output Farms	DETH	Pin (for High	ner Temperat	ure)	DETL Pin (for Lower Temperature)				
Product Name	Output Form and Type	Detection Temperature (T <sub>DH</sub> )	Accuracy of Detection Temperature*1	Hysteresis Temperature (T <sub>HYSH</sub> )	Output Logic	Detection Temperature (T <sub>DL</sub> )	Accuracy of Detection Temperature <sup>*1</sup>	Hysteresis Temperature (T <sub>HYSL</sub> )	Output Logic	
S-5842AAAAL-I6T1x	CMOS, Separate	+45°C	±2.5°C	–2°C	"H"	0°C	1	+2°C	"H"	
S-5842AAAAT-l6T1x	CMOS, Separate	+45°C	_	–2°C	"H"	0°C	±2.5°C	+2°C	"L"	
S-5842ABAAA-I6T1x	Nch open-drain, Separate	+62°C	-	+2°C	"H"	–3°C	±2.5°C	–2°C	"L"	
S-5842ABAAC-I6T1x	Nch open-drain, Separate	+60°C	-	–2°C	"H"	0°C	±2.5°C	+2°C	"L"	
S-5842ABAAJ-l6T1x	Nch open-drain, Separate	+40°C	-	–2°C	"H"	+5°C	±2.5°C	+2°C	"L"	
S-5842ABAAP-I6T1x	Nch open-drain, Separate	+70°C	-	–5°C	"L"	+50°C	±2.5°C	–5°C	"H"	
S-5842ABAAV-I6T1U	Nch open-drain, Separate	+65°C	-	–5°C	"L"	+50°C	±2.5°C	–5°C	"L"	
S-5842ABAAW-I6T1U	Nch open-drain, Separate	+62°C	-	–2°C	"H"	+2°C	±2.5°C	–2°C	"H"	
S-5842ABAAX-I6T1U	Nch open-drain, Separate	+55°C	-	–5°C	"H"	−10°C	±2.5°C	+5°C	"L"	
S-5842ACAAS-I6T1x	CMOS, Integrate	+45°C	-	–2°C	"L"	0°C	±2.5°C	+2°C	"L"	
S-5842ADAAH-I6T1x	Nch open-drain, Integrate	+70°C	±2.5°C	–5°C	"L"	+5°C	-	–5°C	"H"	
S-5842ADAAK-I6T1x	Nch open-drain, Integrate	+60°C	±2.5°C	–5°C	"L"	+5°C	-	–5°C	"H"	
S-5842ADAAQ-I6T1x	Nch open-drain, Integrate	+60°C	-	−2°C	"H"	0°C	±2.5°C	+2°C	"L"	

<sup>\*1</sup> Either of two detection temperatures  $(T_{DH}, T_{DL})$ , an accuracy of  $\pm 2.5$  °C is set only for the one that user specifies a higher accuracy than the other  $(T_{DH}, T_{DL})$ .

Remark 1. Please contact our sales office for products other than those specified above. Refer to "■ Selection of Product Option" for details.

- 2. x: G or U
- 3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

## **■ Pin Configurations**

#### 1. SOT-23-6

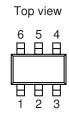


Figure 5

Table 4

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VDD	Power supply pin
2	DETL	Output pin for lower temperature detection
3	RTL*1	TEST pin
4	RTH <sup>*2</sup>	TEST pin
5	VSS	GND pin
6	DETH	Output pin for higher temperature detection

- \*1. Set the RTL pin open in use.
- \*2. Set the RTH pin open in use.

#### 2. SNT-6A

Top view

Figure 6

#### Table 5

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	DETH	Output pin for higher temperature detection
2	VSS	GND pin
3	RTH*1	TEST pin
4	RTL <sup>*2</sup>	TEST pin
5	DETL	Output pin for lower temperature detection
6	VDD	Power supply pin

- \*1. Set the RTH pin open in use.
- \*2. Set the RTL pin open in use.

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 6

 $(Ta = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise specified})$ 

			Tia = TEO O anioco cinci moc	0 0 0 0 1110 011)
Item		Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Power supply vo	oltage (V <sub>SS</sub> = 0 V)	$V_{DD}$	V <sub>SS</sub> + 6.5	V
Pin voltage		$V_{RTH}, V_{RTL}$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Outrout valta aa	CMOS output product	V V	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Output voltage	Nch open-drain output product	$V_{DETH}, V_{DETL}$	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{SS}+6.5$	V
		I <sub>OHH</sub> , I <sub>OHL</sub>	13	mA
Output pin curre	ent.	I <sub>OLH</sub> , I <sub>OLL</sub>	13	mA
Power	SOT-23-6	В	650 <sup>*1</sup>	mW
dissipation SNT-6A		$P_{D}$	400 <sup>*1</sup>	mW
Operation ambient temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +125	$^{\circ}$
Storage tempera	ature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	Ç

<sup>\*1.</sup> When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

(1) Board size :  $114.3 \text{ mm} \times 76.2 \text{ mm} \times t1.6 \text{ mm}$ (2) Board name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

#### **■ DC Electrical Characteristics**

#### 1. CMOS output product

Table 7

 $(Ta = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise specified})$ 

				(1a = 120	C unless our	000 0	00000.
ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
		Detection temperature = +20 ℃ to +110 ℃	2.5	1	5.5	٧	1
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD}$	Detection temperature = 0 °C to +110 °C	2.7	-	5.5	٧	1
		Detection temperature = −10 °C to +110 °C	2.8	_	5.5	٧	1
Detection temperature*1	T <sub>DH</sub> or T <sub>DL</sub>	_	T <sub>DET</sub> – 2.5	$T_DET$	$T_{DET} + 2.5$	ç	1
Difference of detection temperature*2	$\DeltaT_D$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	-	$\DeltaT_DET$	-	S	1
Hysteresis temperature of DETH pin*3	T <sub>HYSH</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	-	−5, −2, +2, +5	-	S	1
Hysteresis temperature of DETL pin <sup>*3</sup>	T <sub>HYSL</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	ı	−5, −2, +2, +5	-	ပွ	1
Output current "H" of DETH pin	Іонн	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETH} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.5	3.2	-	mA	2
Output current "H" of DETL pin	I <sub>OHL</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETL} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.5	3.2	-	mA	2
Output current "L" of DETH pin	I <sub>OLH</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETH} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	0.5	3.0	-	mA	2
Output current "L" of DETL pin	I <sub>OLL</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETL} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	0.5	3.0	-	mA	2
Current consumption during operation	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	-	10	16	μΑ	1

<sup>\*1.</sup> T<sub>DET</sub>: set value for detection temperature, T<sub>DH</sub>: actual detection temperature for higher temperature,

T<sub>DL</sub>: actual detection temperature for lower temperature

Either of two detection temperatures ( $T_{DH}$ ,  $T_{DL}$ ), an accuracy of  $\pm 2.5$  °C is set only for the one that user specifies a higher accuracy than the other ( $T_{DH}$ ,  $T_{DL}$ ).

\*2.  $\Delta T_{DET}$ : set value for detection temperature for higher temperature – set value for detection temperature for lower temperature

 $\Delta T_D$ : actual difference of detection temperature

Set two points of detection temperature so that the difference of detection temperature ( $\Delta T_{DET}$ ) is in 0 °C to 65 °C. Users are able to set  $\Delta T_{DET}$  in 0 °C, 5 °C, 10 °C ... 60 °C, 65 °C.

\*3. Users are able to select the hysteresis temperature in  $-5^{\circ}$ C,  $-2^{\circ}$ C,  $+2^{\circ}$ C, or  $+5^{\circ}$ C.

#### [Fahrenheit ⇔ Celsius Conversion equation]

$$^{\circ}C = (^{\circ}F - 32) \times 5 / 9$$

$$^{\circ}F = 32 + ^{\circ}C \times 9 / 5$$

#### 2. Nch open-drain output product

Table 8

 $(Ta = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise specified})$ 

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
		Detection temperature = +20 °C to +110 °C	2.5	-	5.5	V	1
Power supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	Detection temperature = 0 °C to +110 °C	2.7	ı	5.5	٧	1
		Detection temperature = -10 °C to +110 °C	2.8	ı	5.5	٧	1
Detection temperature*1	$T_{DH}$ or $T_{DL}$	_	$T_{DET}-2.5$	$T_DET$	$T_{DET} + 2.5$	Ŝ	1
Difference of detection temperature 2	$\DeltaT_D$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	I	$\DeltaT_DET$	ı	ပွ	1
Hysteresis temperature of DETH pin <sup>*3</sup>	T <sub>HYSH</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	-	-5, -2, +2, +5	-	S	1
Hysteresis temperature of DETL pin <sup>*3</sup>	T <sub>HYSL</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	-	-5, -2, +2, +5	-	S	1
Leakage current of DETH pin	I <sub>LEAKH</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETH} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA	2
Leakage current of DETL pin	I <sub>LEAKL</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETL} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	_	100	nA	2
Output current "L" of DETH pin	I <sub>OLH</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETH} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	0.5	3.0	_	mA	2
Output current "L" of DETL pin	I <sub>OLL</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V}, V_{DETL} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	0.5	3.0	_	mA	2
Current consumption during operation	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.5 V	-	10	16	μΑ	1

<sup>\*1.</sup> T<sub>DET</sub>: set value for detection temperature, T<sub>DH</sub>: actual detection temperature for higher temperature,

Either of two detection temperatures ( $T_{DH}$ ,  $T_{DL}$ ), an accuracy of  $\pm 2.5^{\circ}$ C is set only for the one that user specifies a higher accuracy than the other ( $T_{DH}$ ,  $T_{DL}$ ).

\*2.  $\Delta T_{DET}$ : set value for detection temperature for higher temperature – set value for detection temperature for lower temperature

 $\Delta T_D$ : actual difference of detection temperature

Set two points of detection temperature so that the difference of detection temperature ( $\Delta T_{DET}$ ) is in 0 °C to 65 °C. Users are able to set  $\Delta T_{DET}$  in 0 °C, 5 °C, 10 °C ... 60 °C, 65 °C.

\*3. Users are able to select the hysteresis temperature in  $-5^{\circ}$ C,  $-2^{\circ}$ C,  $+2^{\circ}$ C, or  $+5^{\circ}$ C.

#### [Fahrenheit ⇔ Celsius Conversion equation]

$$^{\circ}$$
C = ( $^{\circ}$ F - 32) × 5 / 9

#### ■ AC Electrical Characteristics

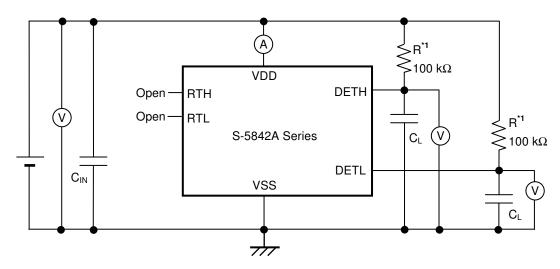
#### Table 9

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Noise suppression time	t <sub>delay</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.5 \text{ V},$ $Ta = \text{detection temperature}$	-	550	ı	μs	_

T<sub>DL</sub>: actual detection temperature for lower temperature

 $<sup>^{\</sup>circ}F = 32 + ^{\circ}C \times 9 / 5$ 

#### **■ Test Circuits**



\*1. Resistor (R) is unnecessary for the CMOS output product.

Figure 7 Test Circuit 1

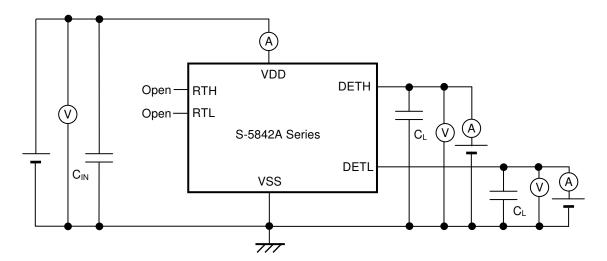


Figure 8 Test Circuit 2

#### ■ Selection of Product Option

#### 1. Description of product option

The S-5842A Series is a temperature switch IC (thermostat IC) which detects two points of temperature, and outputs a signal to the exterior.

Users are able to select the combination of output type, form and logic, two detection temperatures ( $T_{DH}$ ,  $T_{DL}$ ), and hysteresis temperature ( $T_{HYSH}$ ,  $T_{HYSL}$ ).

Output form: Set the output logic for each DETH pin and DETL pin.

- CMOS output
- Nch open-drain output

Output type: for DETH pin and DETL pin, users are able to select two types of output as follows.

- Separate type: The DETH pin's output inverts during detection of higher temperature
   The DETL pin's output inverts during detection of lower temperature
- Integrate type: The DETH pin's output inverts during detection of higher temperature
   The DETL pin's output inverts during detection of higher and lower temperature

Detection temperature (T<sub>DH</sub>, T<sub>DL</sub>):

 $T_{DH}$  is the detection temperature for higher temperature,  $T_{DL}$  is the detection temperature for lower temperature. Of two points of detection temperatures ( $T_{DH}$ ,  $T_{DL}$ ), select the detection temperature that is to be set the higher accuracy ( $\pm 2.5$  °C accuracy).

- The detection temperature for higher temperature is selectable in +20 °C to +110 °C, in 1 °C step.
- The detection temperature for lower temperature is selectable in −10 °C to +110 °C, in 1 °C step.
- Set two points of detection temperature so that the difference of detection temperature ( $\Delta T_{DET}$ ) is in 0 °C to 65 °C. Users are able to set  $\Delta T_{DET}$  in 0 °C, 5 °C, 10 °C ... 60 °C, 65 °C.

The minimum operation voltage varies according to the detection temperature for lower temperature.

• Detection temperature =  $+20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+110\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ :  $V_{DD} = 2.5\,\text{V}$  min. • Detection temperature =  $0\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+110\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ :  $V_{DD} = 2.7\,\text{V}$  min. • Detection temperature =  $-10\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+110\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ :  $V_{DD} = 2.8\,\text{V}$  min.

\*1 Either of two detection temperatures (T<sub>DH</sub>, T<sub>DL</sub>), an accuracy of ±2.5°C is set only for the one that user specifies a higher accuracy than the other (T<sub>DH</sub>, T<sub>DL</sub>).

Hysteresis temperature (T<sub>HYSH</sub>, T<sub>HYSL</sub>):

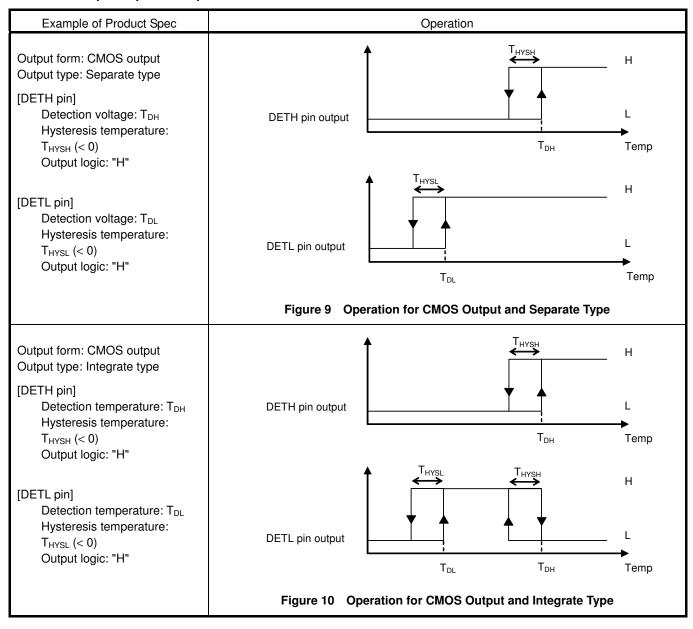
 $T_{HYSH}$  is the hysteresis temperature for detection temperature for higher temperature,  $T_{HYSL}$  is the hysteresis temperature for detection temperature for lower temperature. These are selectable in -5 °C, -2 °C, or +5 °C.

- –5 °C: Output recovers when temperature has dropped to 5 °C from the detection temperature.
- −2 °C: Output recovers when temperature has dropped to 2 °C from the detection temperature.
- +2°C: Output recovers when temperature has risen to 2°C from the detection temperature.
- +5 °C: Output recovers when temperature has risen to 5 °C from the detection temperature.

Output logic: Set the output logic for each DETH, DETL pin in Ta > detection temperature  $(T_{DH}, T_{DL})$  or release temperature  $(T_{DH} + T_{HYSH}, T_{DL} + T_{HYSL})$ .

- (1) Hysteresis temperature: -5°C, -2°C
  - The output logic is "H" in Ta > detection temperature
  - The output logic is "L" in Ta > detection temperature
- (2) Hysteresis temperature: +2°C, +5°C
  - The output logic is "H" in Ta > release temperature
  - The output logic is "L" in Ta > release temperature

#### 2. Example of product spec



#### Operation

#### Separate type

The followings are the operation with its specs when the S-5842A Series is Separate type. The timing chart is shown in Figure 11.

• Output form and type: CMOS output, Separate type

T<sub>DH</sub> = +95 ℃ Option : DETH pin Detection temperature T<sub>HYSH</sub> = -5 ℃ Hysteresis temperature

> "H" Output logic

Detection temperature

**DETL** pin T<sub>DL</sub> = +55 ℃ T<sub>HYSL</sub> = −5°C

Hysteresis temperature

Output logic

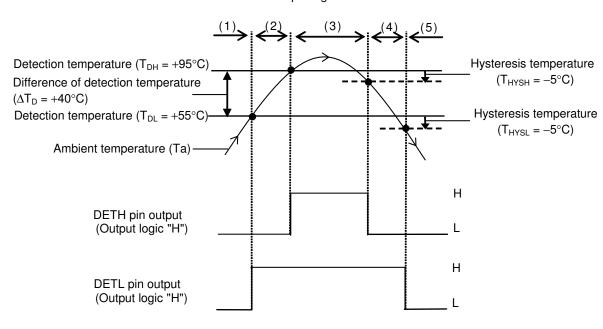


Figure 11 Timing Chart for CMOS Output and Separate Type

Detecting the temperature is started after power-on.

In case;

- (1) Ambient temperature (Ta) < detection temperature (T<sub>DL</sub> = +55 °C) The DETH pin output and the DETL pin output keep "L".
- (2) The ambient temperature (Ta) rises; detection temperature ( $T_{DL} = +55 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) < ambient temperature ( $T_{a}$ ) < detection temperature ( $T_{DH} = +95 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) The DETH pin output keeps "L", the DETL pin output gets "H".
- (3) Furthermore, the ambient temperature (Ta) rises; ambient temperature (Ta) > detection temperature (T<sub>DH</sub> = +95 °C) The DETL pin output keeps "H", the DETH pin output gets "H".
- (4) After that, the ambient temperature (Ta) falls; release temperature (T<sub>DH</sub> + T<sub>HYSH</sub> = +90 °C) > ambient temperature (Ta) > release temperature (T<sub>DL</sub> + T<sub>HYSL</sub> = +50 °C) The DETH pin output gets "L", the DETL pin output keeps "H".
- (5) Furthermore the ambient temperature (Ta) falls; ambient temperature (Ta) < release temperature (T<sub>DL</sub> + T<sub>HYSL</sub> = +50 ℃) The DETH pin output keeps "L", the DETL pin output gets "L".

#### 2. Integrate type

The followings are the operation with its specs when the S-5842A Series is Separate type. The timing chart is shown in **Figure 12**.

• Output form and type: CMOS output, Integrate type

• Option : DETH pin Detection temperature  $T_{DH} = +95 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Hysteresis temperature  $T_{HYSH} = -5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Output logic "H"

DETL pin Detection temperature  $T_{DL} = +55 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Hysteresis temperature  $T_{HYSL} = -5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Output logic "H

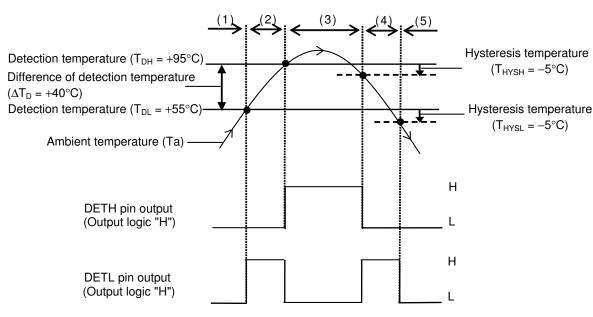


Figure 12 Timing Chart for CMOS Output and Integrate Type

Detecting the temperature is started after power-on.

In case;

- (1) Ambient temperature (Ta) < detection temperature ( $T_{DL} = +55 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) The DETH pin output and the DETL pin output keep "L".
- (2) The ambient temperature (Ta) rises; detection temperature ( $T_{DL} = +55 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) < ambient temperature (Ta) < detection temperature ( $T_{DH} = +95 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) The DETH pin output keeps "L", the DETL pin output gets "H".
- (3) Furthermore, the ambient temperature (Ta) rises; ambient temperature (Ta) > detection temperature (T<sub>DH</sub> = +95 °C) The DETH pin output gets "H", the DETL pin output gets "L".
- (4) After that, the ambient temperature (Ta) falls; release temperature ( $T_{DH} + T_{HYSH} = +90 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) > ambient temperature (Ta) > release temperature ( $T_{DL} + T_{HYSL} = +50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) The DETH pin output gets "L", the DETL pin output gets "H".
- (5) Furthermore the ambient temperature (Ta) falls; ambient temperature (Ta) < release temperature (T<sub>DL</sub> + T<sub>HYSL</sub> = +50 °C) The DETH pin output keeps "L", the DETL pin output gets "L".

#### 3. Delay circuit

The S-5842A Series sets the noise suppression time ( $t_{delay}$ ) via the delay circuit. By this, the S-5842A Series prevents false detection operations of DETH pin and DETL pin output.

The followings are the operation of the DETH pin output when the output logic is "H".

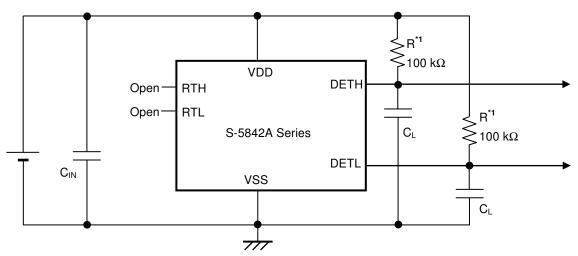
#### 3. 1 The temperature is the detection temperature or less

The output from a comparator is "H", and the DETH pin output is "L". Due to noise or others, the output from a comparator is inverted to "L" once; however, the DETH pin output keeps "L" if this status is t<sub>delay</sub> or shorter.

#### 3. 2 The temperature exceeds the detection temperature

The output from a comparator gets "L". And the DETH pin output gets "H" after the period has passed t<sub>delay</sub> or longer.

#### ■ Standard Circuit



\*1. Resistor (R) is unnecessary for CMOS output product.

Figure 13

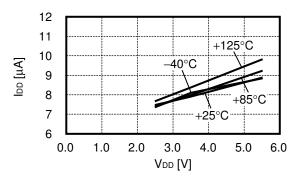
Caution The above connection diagram will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using actual application to set the constant.

#### ■ Precautions

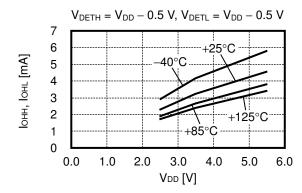
- Either of two detection temperatures (T<sub>DH</sub>, T<sub>DL</sub>), an accuracy of ±2.5°C is set only for the one that user specifies a higher accuracy than the other (T<sub>DH</sub>, T<sub>DL</sub>).
- Set a capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ) of 0.1  $\mu F$  or more between the VDD pin and VSS pin for stabilization.
- To prevent error due to noise during power-on, set a capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) of approx. 0.1 μF for the DETH pin and the DETL pin.
- The S-5842A Series may oscillate by connecting a capacitor to the RTH pin and the RTL pin. Set the RTH pin and the RTL pin open in use.
- The DETH / DETL pin output a signal that of (Ta > detection temperature) by short-circuit the RTH / RTL pin to VSS.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- SII claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products, including this IC, of patents owned by a third party.

## ■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

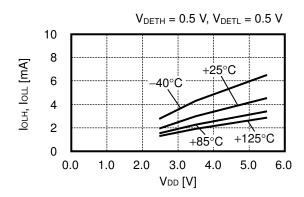
1. Current consumption during operation vs. Power supply voltage characteristics



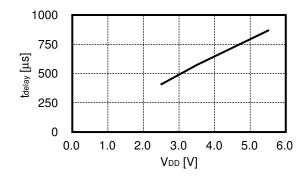
2. Output current "H" of DETH / DETL pin vs. Power supply voltage characteristics (CMOS output product only)



3. Output current "L" of DETH / DETL pin vs. Power supply voltage characteristics



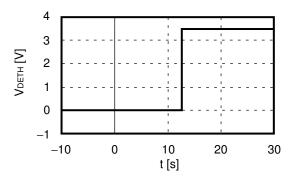
4. Noise suppression time vs. Power supply voltage characteristics



## 5. Response against heat (Output voltage vs. Time)

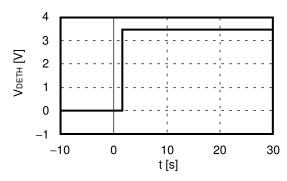
#### 5. 1 When SNT-6A is put into the air of $+100^{\circ}$ C from the air of $+25^{\circ}$ C at t = 0 s

 $V_{DD}$  = 3.5 V,  $C_L$  = 0  $\mu F$ , Detection temperature = +62°C, Output logic "H"



## 5. 2 When SNT-6A is put into the liquid of +100°C from the air of +25°C at t = 0 s

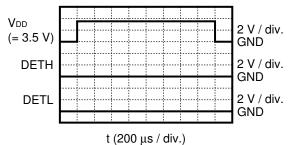
 $V_{DD}$  = 3.5 V,  $C_L$  = 0  $\mu F$ , Detection temperature = +62°C, Output logic "H"



## 6. Response against startup

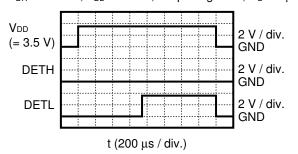
#### 6. 1 Power-on at Ta = +25°C

 $T_{DH} = +110^{\circ}C,\, T_{DL} = +45^{\circ}C,\, Output \; logic \;"H",\, C_{L} = 0 \; \mu F$ 



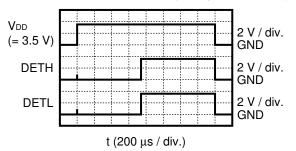
#### 6. 2 Power-on at $Ta = +80^{\circ}C$

 $T_{DH} = +110^{\circ}C,\, T_{DL} = +45^{\circ}C,\, Output \, logic \,"H",\, C_{L} = 0 \; \mu F$ 



#### 6. 3 Power-on at Ta = +120°C

 $T_{DH} = +110^{\circ}C,\, T_{DL} = +45^{\circ}C,\, Output \; logic \;"H",\, C_{L} = 0 \; \mu F$ 



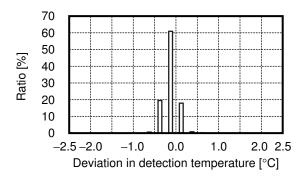
#### 7. Accuracy of detection temperature

High accuracy detection voltage:  $T_{\text{DH}}$ 

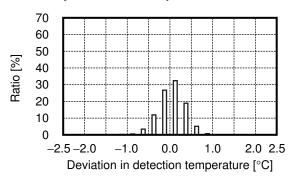
 $T_{DH} = +110^{\circ}C, T_{DL} = +45^{\circ}C$ 

Measured data on one wafer picked up

#### 7. 1 Accuracy of detection temperature at $T_{DH} = +110^{\circ}C$ (Higher accuracy)



#### 7. 2 Accuracy of detection temperature at $T_{DL} = +45$ °C



## ■ Marking Specifications

#### 1. SOT-23-6

Top view

6 5 4

(1) (2) (3) (4)

(1) to (3): Product code (Refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)

(4): Lot number

#### Product name vs. Product code

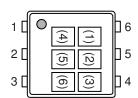
Due duet Neme	Product Code				
Product Name	(1)	(2)	(3)		
S-5842AAAAF-M6T1y	U	I	F		
S-5842AAAAG-M6T1y	U	ı	G		
S-5842AAAAL-M6T1U	U	I	Ш		
S-5842AAAAN-M6T1y	U	I	Ν		
S-5842ACAAM-M6T1y	U	J	М		

**Remark 1.** Please contact our sales office for the products other than those specified above.

- **2.** y: S or U
- 3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

#### 2. SNT-6A

Top view



(1) to (3): Product code (Refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)

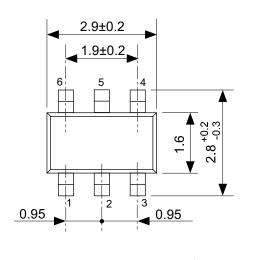
(4) to (6): Lot number

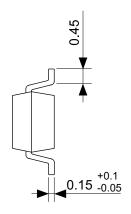
#### Product name vs. Product code

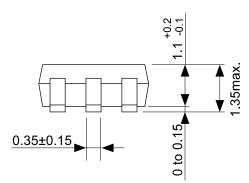
Draduat Nama	Pro	oduct Co	de
Product Name	(1)	(2)	(3)
S-5842AAAAL-I6T1x	U	I	L
S-5842AAAAT-I6T1x	U	I	Т
S-5842ABAAA-I6T1x	U	Н	Α
S-5842ABAAC-I6T1x	U	Н	С
S-5842ABAAJ-I6T1x	U	Н	J
S-5842ABAAP-I6T1x	U	Н	Р
S-5842ABAAV-I6T1U	U	Н	V
S-5842ABAAW-I6T1U	U	Н	W
S-5842ABAAX-I6T1U	U	Н	Х
S-5842ACAAS-I6T1x	U	J	S
S-5842ADAAH-I6T1x	U	G	Н
S-5842ADAAK-I6T1x	U	G	K
S-5842ADAAQ-I6T1x	U	G	Q

**Remark 1.** Please contact our sales office for the products other than those specified above.

- 2. x: G or U
- **3.** Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

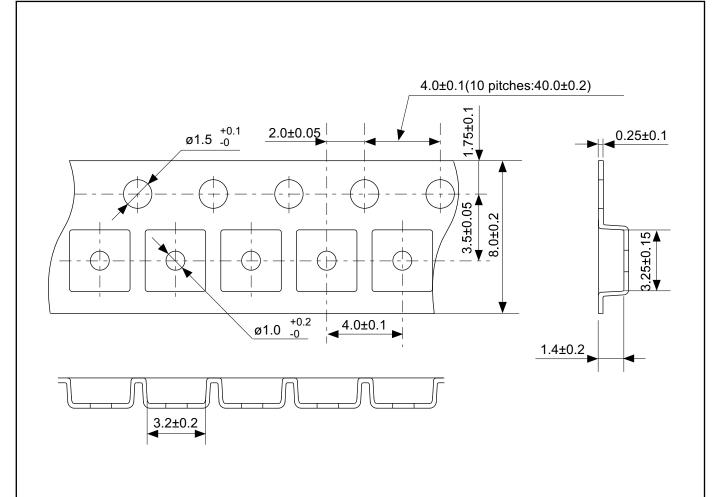


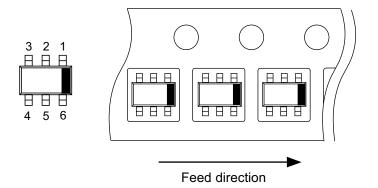




# No. MP006-A-P-SD-2.0

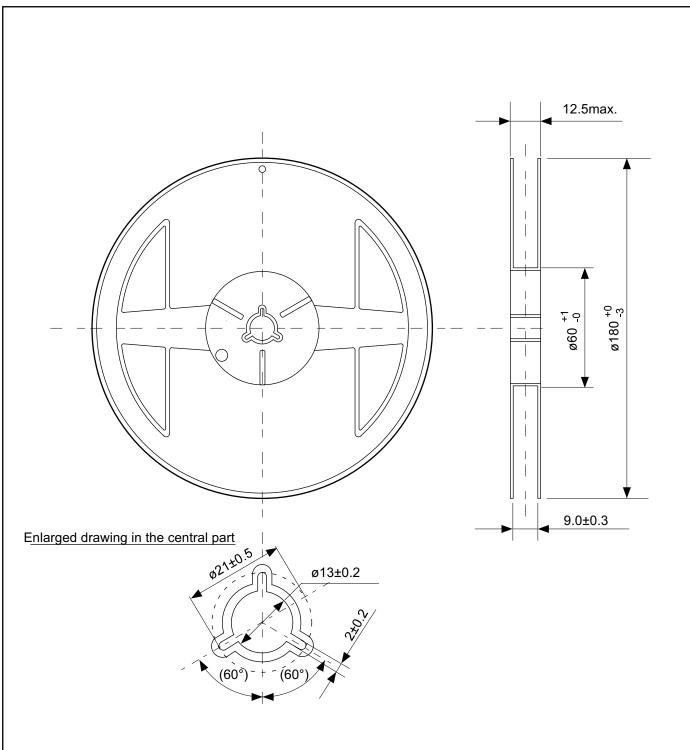
TITLE	SOT236-A-PKG Dimensions				
No.	MP006-A-P-SD-2.0				
SCALE					
UNIT	mm				
S	Seiko Instruments Inc.				





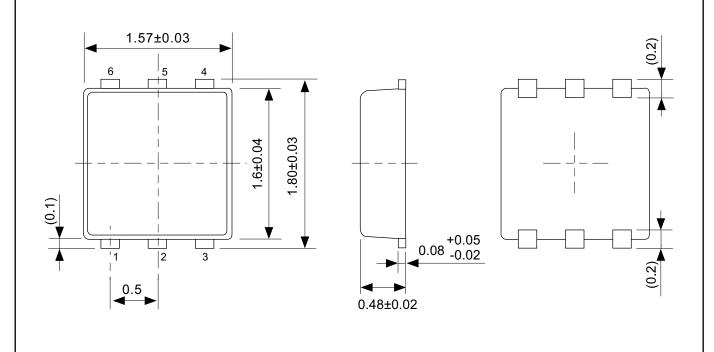
## No. MP006-A-C-SD-3.1

TITLE	SOT236-A-Carrier Tape
No.	MP006-A-C-SD-3.1
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



# No. MP006-A-R-SD-2.1

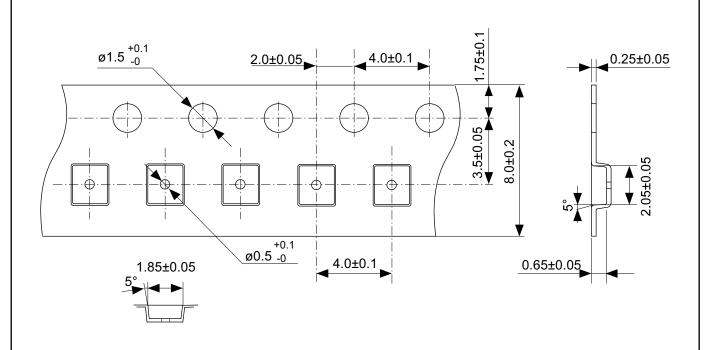
TITLE	SOT2	:36-A-Re	el
No.	MP006	-A-R-SD-2	1
SCALE		QTY	3,000
UNIT	mm		
Seiko Instruments Inc.			
Ociko matiamenta me.			

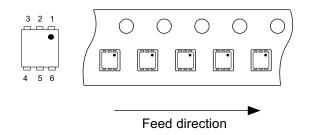




# No. PG006-A-P-SD-2.0

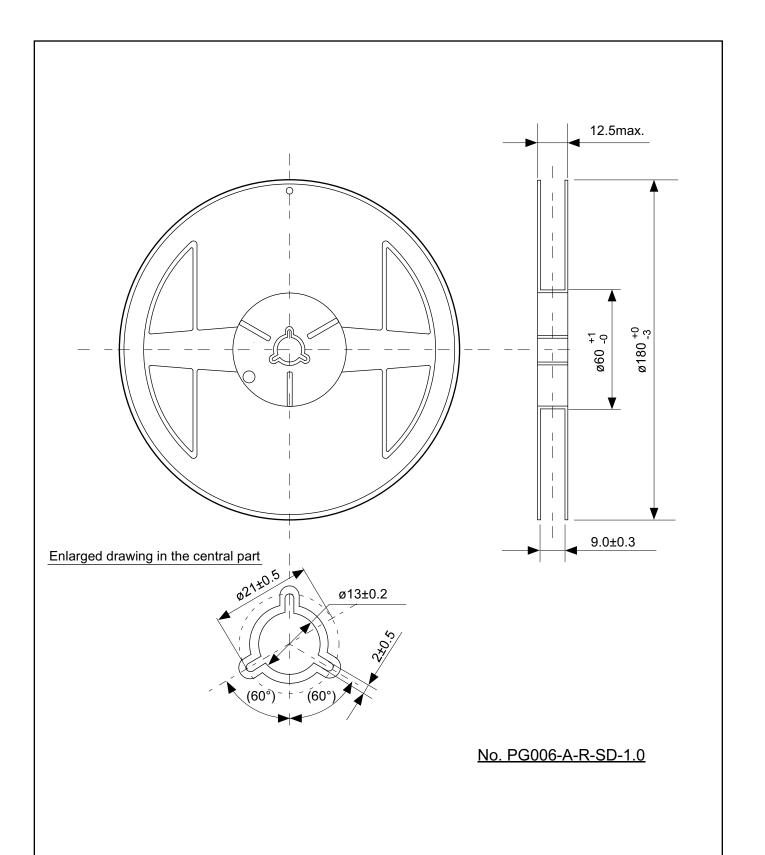
TITLE	SNT-6A-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	PG006-A-P-SD-2.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc.	



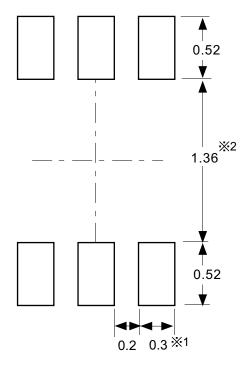


## No. PG006-A-C-SD-1.0

	-	
TITLE	SNT-6A-A-Carrier Tape	
No.	PG006-A-C-SD-1.0	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
Seiko Instruments Inc.		



TITLE	SNT-	6A-A-Re	el
No.	PG006	-A-R-SD-	1.0
SCALE		QTY.	5,000
UNIT	mm		
Opilias Instruments Ins			
Seiko Instruments Inc.			



%1. ランドパターンの幅に注意してください (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。 %2. パッケージ中央にランドパターンを広げないでください (1.30 mm ~ 1.40 mm)。

- 注意 1. パッケージのモールド樹脂下にシルク印刷やハンダ印刷などしないでください。
  - 2. パッケージ下の配線上のソルダーレジストなどの厚みをランドパターン表面から0.03 mm 以下にしてください。 マスク開ロサイズと開口位置はランドパターンと合わせてください。 詳細は "SNTパッケージ活用の手引き"を参照してください。
- ※1. Pay attention to the land pattern width (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).
- X2. Do not widen the land pattern to the center of the package (1.30 mm ~ 1.40 mm).
- Caution 1. Do not do silkscreen printing and solder printing under the mold resin of the package.
  - 2. The thickness of the solder resist on the wire pattern under the package should be 0.03 mm or less from the land pattern surface.
  - 3. Match the mask aperture size and aperture position with the land pattern.
  - 4. Refer to "SNT Package User's Guide" for details.
- ※1. 请注意焊盘模式的宽度 (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。
- ※2. 请勿向封装中间扩展焊盘模式 (1.30 mm ~ 1.40 mm)。
- 注意 1. 请勿在树脂型封装的下面印刷丝网、焊锡。
  - 2. 在封装下、布线上的阻焊膜厚度 (从焊盘模式表面起) 请控制在0.03 mm以下。
  - 3. 掩膜的开口尺寸和开口位置请与焊盘模式对齐。
  - 4. 详细内容请参阅 "SNT封装的应用指南"。

No. PG006-A-L-SD-4.0

TITLE	SNT-6A-A-Land Recommendation
No.	PG006-A-L-SD-4.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
Seiko Instruments Inc	

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