

#### **PHOTOCOUPLER**

# PS2506-1,PS2506L-1

# HIGH ISOLATION VOLTAGE AC INPUT, DARLINGTON TRANSISTOR TYPE MULTI PHOTOCOUPLER SERIES

-NEPOC Series-

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The PS2506-1 and PS2506L-1 are optically coupled isolators containing a GaAs light emitting diode and an NPN silicon darlington connected phototransistor.

The PS2506-1 is in a plastic DIP (Dual In-line Package) and the PS2506L-1 is lead bending type (Gull-wing) for surface mount.

#### **FEATURES**

- AC input response
- High isolation voltage (BV = 5 000 Vr.m.s.)
- High current transfer ratio (CTR = 2 000% TYP.)
- High-speed switching (t, t<sub>f</sub> = 100 μs TYP.)

<R>

- Ordering number of tape product: PS2506L-1-F3: 2 000 pcs/reel
- · Safety standards
  - UL approved: No. E72422

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Power supply
- Telephone/FAX
- FA/OA equipment
- Programmable logic controller

#### PIN CONNECTION (Top View)

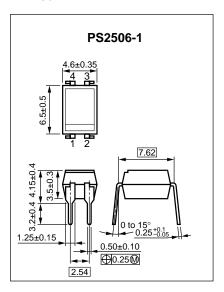


- Anode,
   Cathod
- Cathode,
- Anode 3. Emitter
- 4. Collector

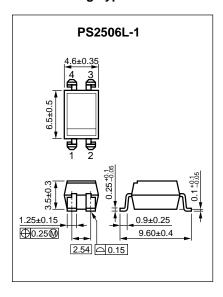
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#### <R> PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT : mm)

#### **DIP Type**



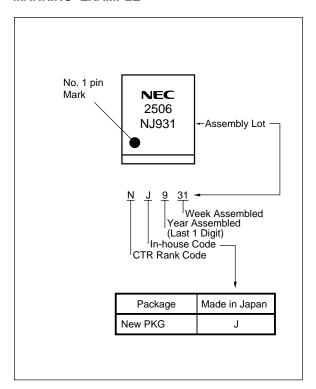
#### **Lead Bending Type**



#### <R> PHOTOCOUPLER CONSTRUCTION

Parameter	Unit (MIN.)
Air Distance	7 mm
Outer Creepage Distance	7 mm
Inner Creepage Distance	3.5 mm
Isolation Thickness	0.3 mm

#### <R> MARKING EXAMPLE



#### <R> ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standard Approval	Application Part Number*1
PS2506-1	PS2506-1-A	Pb-Free	Magazine case 100 pcs	Standard products	PS2506-1
PS2506L-1	PS2506L-1-A			(UL Approved)	
PS2506L-1-F3	PS2506L-1-F3-A		Embossed Tape 2 000 pcs/reel		

<sup>\*1</sup> For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current (DC)		±80	mA
	Power Dissipation Derating	⊿P₀/°C	1.5	mW/°C
	Power Dissipation	Po	150	mW
	Peak Forward Current*1	IFP	±1	Α
Transistor	Collector to Emitter Voltage	Vceo	40	V
	Emitter to Collector Voltage	VECO	6	V
	Collector Current	lc	200	mA
Power Dissipation Derating		⊿Pc/°C	2.0	mW/°C
	Power Dissipation	Pc	200	mW
Isolation Voltage*2		BV	5 000	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		TA	-55 to +100	°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C

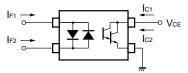
<sup>\*1</sup> PW = 100  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle = 1%

<sup>\*2</sup> AC voltage for 1 minute at  $T_A = 25$ °C, RH = 60% between input and output. Pins 1-2 shorted together, 3-4 shorted together.

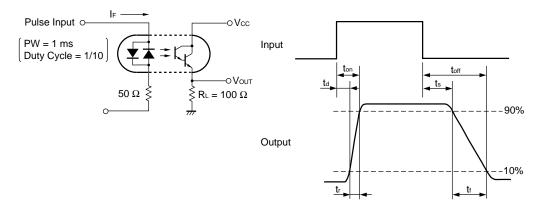
#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	IF = ±10 mA		1.17	1.4	V
	Terminal Capacitance	Ct	V = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		100		pF
Transistor	Collector to Emitter Dark Current	Iceo	VcE = 40 V, IF = 0 mA			400	nA
Coupled	Current Transfer Ratio	CTR	I <sub>F</sub> = ±1 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V	200	2 000		%
	CTR Ratio*1	CTR1/ CTR2	I <sub>F</sub> = 1 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 2 V	0.3	1.0	3.0	
	Collector Saturation Voltage	VCE(sat)	I <sub>F</sub> = ±1 mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 2 mA			1.0	V
	Isolation Resistance	R <sub>I-O</sub>	Vi-o = 1.0 kVpc	10 <sup>11</sup>			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>	V = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		0.5		pF
	Rise Time*2	<b>t</b> r	Vcc = 10 V, Ic = 2 mA, RL = 100 $\Omega$		100		μS
	Fall Time*2	tr			100		

#### \*1 CTR1 = Ic1/IF1, CTR2 = Ic2/IF2

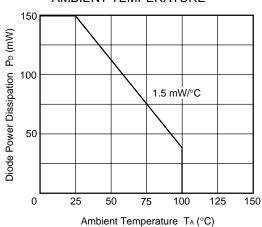


#### \*2 Test circuit for switching time

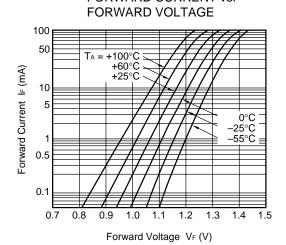


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25℃, unless othe rwise specified)

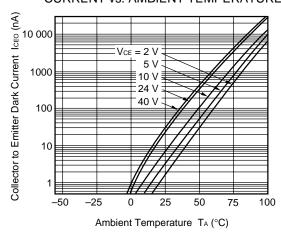




# FORWARD CURRENT vs.

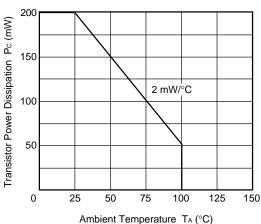


#### COLLECTOR TO EMITTER DARK **CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**

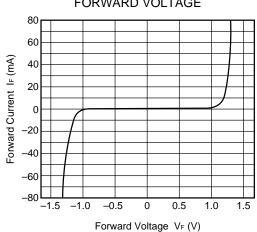


#### **Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

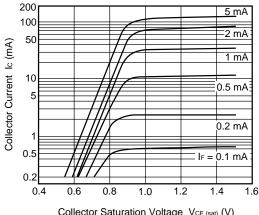
#### TRANSISTOR POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



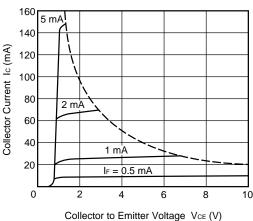
#### FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



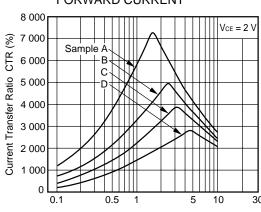
#### COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. **COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE**





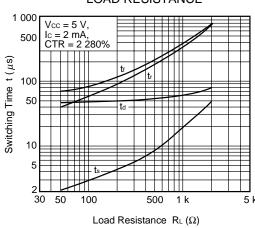


# CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO vs. FORWARD CURRENT



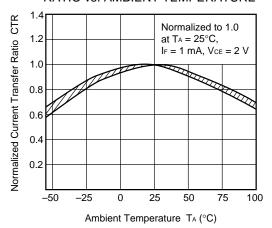
#### SWITCHING TIME vs. LOAD RESISTANCE

Forward Current IF (mA)

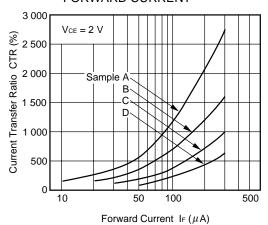


#### **Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

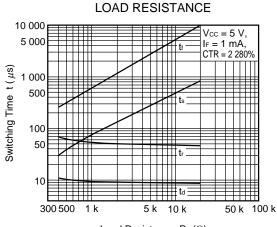
## NORMALIZED CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



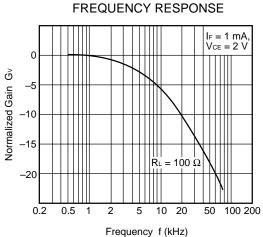
## CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO vs. FORWARD CURRENT

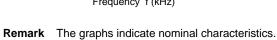


SWITCHING TIME vs.



Load Resistance R<sub>L</sub> (Ω)





# 1.2 | IF = 1 mA | TA = 25°C | TA = 60°C | O.2 | O.2 | O.2 | O.2

 $10^3$ 

Time (Hr)

10<sup>4</sup>

10<sup>5</sup>

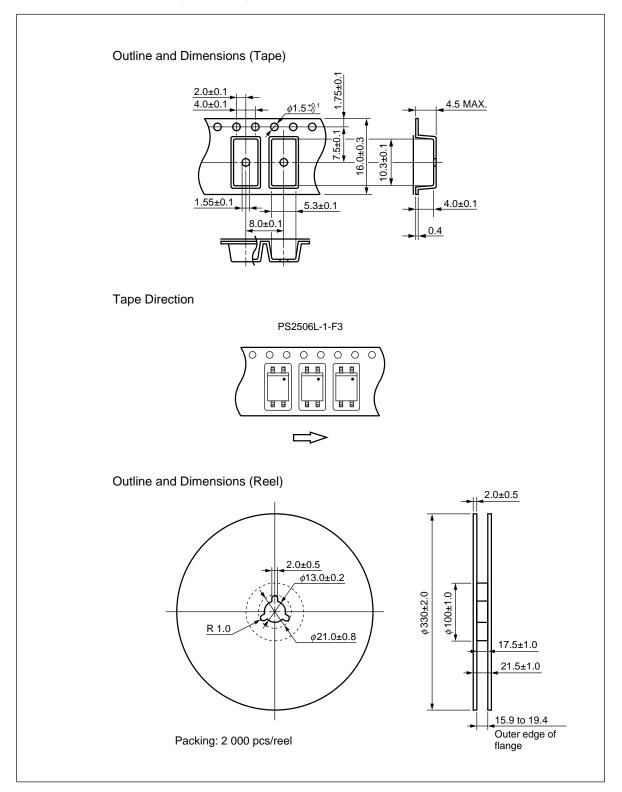
10<sup>6</sup>

10<sup>2</sup>

10

8

#### <R> TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)



#### NOTES ON HANDLING

#### 1. Recommended soldering conditions

#### (1) Infrared reflow soldering

Peak reflow temperature
 260°C or below (package surface temperature)

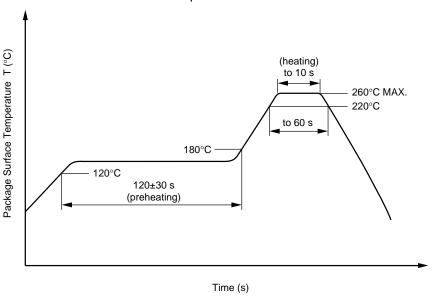
Time of peak reflow temperature
 Time of temperature higher than 220C
 50 seconds or less
 60 seconds or less

Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180C 120±30 s
 Number of reflows Three

Flux
 Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

#### Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



#### (2) Wave soldering

• Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)

• Time 10 seconds or less

Preheating conditions 120C or below (package surface temperature)

Number of times
 One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)

Flux
 Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine

content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

#### (3) Soldering by soldering iron

Peak temperature (lead part temperature)
 Time (each pins)
 350C or below
 3 seconds or less

Flux
 Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead.

(b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C.

#### (4) Cautions

Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

#### 2. Cautions regarding noise

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between collector-emitters at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

#### 3. Measurement conditions of current transfer ratios (CTR), which differ according to photocoupler

Check the setting values before use, since the forward current conditions at CTR measurement differ according to product.

When using products other than at the specified forward current, the characteristics curves may differ from the standard curves due to CTR value variations or the like. Therefore, check the characteristics under the actual operating conditions and thoroughly take variations or the like into consideration before use.

#### **USAGE CAUTIONS**

- 1. Protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

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#### Caution

GaAs Products

This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs).

GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.

- Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.
- Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.
- 2. Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.
- Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.
- Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.