74AUP1G132

Low-power 2-input NAND Schmitt trigger Rev. 5 — 29 June 2012

Product data sheet

General description 1.

The 74AUP1G132 provides the single 2-input NAND Schmitt trigger function which accept standard input signals. They are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V_{CC} range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial Power-down applications using I_{OFF}.

The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

The inputs switch at different points for positive and negative-going signals. The difference between the positive voltage V_{T+} and the negative voltage V_{T-} is defined as the input hysteresis voltage V_H.

Features and benefits 2.

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption; $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$ (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

Applications

- Wave and pulse shaper
- Astable multivibrator
- Monostable multivibrator.



4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|--------|--|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version | | | | | | |
| 74AUP1G132GW | –40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP5 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm | SOT353-1 | | | | | | |
| 74AUP1G132GM | –40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6 | plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 \times 1.45 \times 0.5 mm | SOT886 | | | | | | |
| 74AUP1G132GF | –40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6 | plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 \times 1 \times 0.5 mm | SOT891 | | | | | | |
| 74AUP1G132GN | –40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6 | extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body $0.9 \times 1.0 \times 0.35$ mm | SOT1115 | | | | | | |
| 74AUP1G132GS | –40 °C to +125 °C | XSON6 | extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.35 mm | SOT1202 | | | | | | |
| 74AUP1G132GX | –40 °C to +125 °C | X2SON5 | X2SON5: plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 5 terminals; body $0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.35$ mm | SOT1226 | | | | | | |

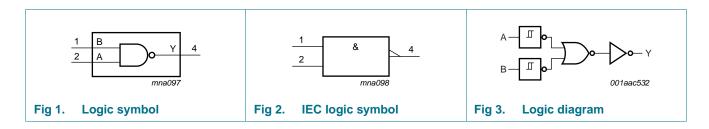
5. Marking

Table 2. Marking

| Type number | Marking code ^[1] |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 74AUP1G132GW | aE |
| 74AUP1G132GM | aE |
| 74AUP1G132GF | aE |
| 74AUP1G132GN | aE |
| 74AUP1G132GS | aE |
| 74AUP1G132GX | aE |

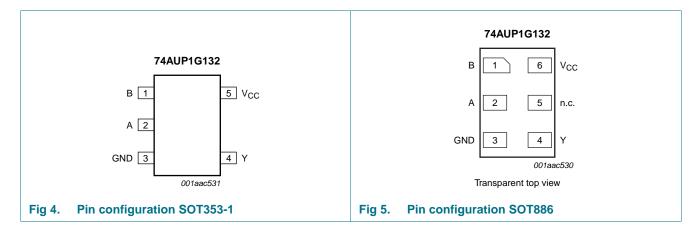
^[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

6. Functional diagram



7. Pinning information

7.1 Pinning





7.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | | Description |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|
| | TSSOP5 and X2SON5 | XSON6 | |
| В | 1 | 1 | data input |
| Α | 2 | 2 | data input |
| GND | 3 | 3 | ground (0 V) |
| Υ | 4 | 4 | data output |
| n.c. | - | 5 | not connected |
| V _{CC} | 5 | 6 | supply voltage |

8. Functional description

Table 4. Function table[1]

| Input | | Output |
|-------|---|--------|
| Α | В | Υ |
| L | L | Н |
| L | Н | Н |
| Н | L | Н |
| Н | Н | L |

^[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

9. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------|------|------|
| V _{CC} | supply voltage | | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| I _{IK} | input clamping current | V _I < 0 V | -50 | - | mA |
| VI | input voltage | | <u>[1]</u> –0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| I _{OK} | output clamping current | V _O < 0 V | -50 | - | mA |
| Vo | output voltage | Active mode and Power-down mode | <u>[1]</u> –0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| Io | output current | $V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$ | - | ±20 | mA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | | - | 50 | mA |
| I _{GND} | ground current | | -50 | - | mA |
| T _{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| P _{tot} | total power dissipation | $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ | [2] _ | 250 | mW |

^[1] The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

10. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------|--|-----|----------|------|
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | 0.8 | 3.6 | V |
| VI | input voltage | | 0 | 3.6 | V |
| Vo | output voltage | Active mode | 0 | V_{CC} | V |
| | | Power-down mode; V _{CC} = 0 V | 0 | 3.6 | V |
| T_{amb} | ambient temperature | | -40 | +125 | °C |

^[2] For TSSOP5 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.
For XSON6 and X2SON5 packages: above 118 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

11. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----|--------------------------|------------|
| T _{amb} = 2 | 5 °C | | | | | |
| V _{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{T+}$ or V_{T-} | | | | |
| | | $I_{O} = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | $V_{CC}-0.1$ | - | - | V |
| | | $I_O = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | $0.75 \times V_{CC}$ | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | 1.11 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | 1.32 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 2.05 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.9 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.72 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.6 | - | - | V |
| V _{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{T+}$ or V_{T-} | | | | |
| | | $I_O = 20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.1 | V |
| | | I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V | - | - | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$ | V |
| | | I _O = 1.7 mA; V _{CC} = 1.4 V | - | - | 0.31 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
| | | $I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
| | | $I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.44 | V |
| | | $I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
| | | $I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.44 | V |
| l _l | input leakage current | $V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V | - | - | ±0.1 | μΑ |
| I _{OFF} | power-off leakage current | V_I or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V | - | - | ±0.2 | μΑ |
| ΔI_{OFF} | additional power-off leakage current | V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V | - | - | ±0.2 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | supply current | $V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.5 | μΑ |
| Δl _{CC} | additional supply current | $V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | [1] - | - | 40 | μΑ |
| Cı | input capacitance | $V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | - | 1.1 | - | рF |
| Co | output capacitance | $V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$ | - | 1.7 | - | рF |
| T _{amb} = - | 40 °C to +85 °C | | | | | |
| V _{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{T+}$ or V_{T-} | | | | |
| | | $I_{O} = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | V _{CC} - 0.1 | - | - | ٧ |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$ | - | - | ٧ |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | 1.03 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_O = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | 1.30 | - | - | ٧ |
| | | $I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.97 | - | - | ٧ |
| | | $I_O = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.85 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_O = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.67 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.55 | - | - | ٧ |
| 4AUP1G132 | | All information provided in this document is subject to legal discla | aimers. | | © NXP B.V. 2012. All rig | ghts reser |

Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|-----|----------------------|------|
| V _{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{T+}$ or V_{T-} | | | | |
| | | I_{O} = 20 μ A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.1 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | - | - | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$ | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.37 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.35 | ٧ |
| | | I_{O} = 2.3 mA; V_{CC} = 2.3 V | - | - | 0.33 | V |
| | | $I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.45 | V |
| | | $I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.33 | V |
| | | $I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.45 | ٧ |
| | input leakage current | $V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V | - | - | ±0.5 | μΑ |
| OFF | power-off leakage current | V_{I} or $V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ | - | - | ±0.5 | μΑ |
| Δl _{OFF} | additional power-off leakage current | V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V | - | - | ±0.6 | μΑ |
| lcc | supply current | V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.9 | μΑ |
| Δl _{CC} | additional supply current | $V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | [1] - | - | 50 | μΑ |
| T _{amb} = − | 40 °C to +125 °C | | | | | |
| V _{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{T+}$ or V_{T-} | | | | |
| | | $I_{O} = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | V _{CC} – 0.11 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | $0.6 \times V_{CC}$ | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | 0.93 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | 1.17 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.77 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.67 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.40 | - | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.30 | - | - | V |
| √ _{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{T+}$ or V_{T-} | | | | |
| | | $I_O = 20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.11 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | - | - | $0.33 \times V_{CC}$ | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.41 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.39 | V |
| | | $I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.36 | V |
| | | $I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | - | - | 0.50 | V |
| | | I _O = 2.7 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V | - | - | 0.36 | V |
| | | I _O = 4.0 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V | - | - | 0.50 | V |
| ı | input leakage current | $V_{I} = GND \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | - | - | ±0.75 | μΑ |
| l _{OFF} | power-off leakage current | V_{I} or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V | | | ±0.75 | μΑ |

 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------|-----|-------|------|
| ΔI_{OFF} | additional power-off leakage current | V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V | - | - | ±0.75 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | supply current | V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | - | - | 1.4 | μΑ |
| ΔI_{CC} | additional supply current | $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | <u>[1]</u> - | - | 75 | μΑ |

^[1] One input at V_{CC} – 0.6 V, other input at V_{CC} or GND.

12. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V; for test circuit see Figure 9.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | 25 °C | | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | | Unit |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|-----|-------|--------|------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Min | Max (85 °C) | Max (125 °C) | |
| C _L = 5 p | F | ' | | | ' | ' | ' | ' | • | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | A or B to Y; see Figure 8 | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 0.8 V | | - | 22.5 | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$ | | 2.6 | 6.3 | 13.4 | 2.4 | 15.1 | 16.6 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$ | | 2.2 | 4.6 | 8.2 | 1.9 | 9.7 | 10.7 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ | | 1.9 | 3.9 | 6.6 | 1.7 | 7.9 | 8.7 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | 1.7 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 1.5 | 6.2 | 6.8 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | 1.6 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 1.4 | 5.6 | 6.2 | ns |
| C _L = 10 | pF | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | A or B to Y; see Figure 8 | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 0.8 V | | - | 26.1 | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$ | | 3.0 | 7.2 | 15.4 | 2.7 | 17.3 | 19.0 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$ | | 2.5 | 5.2 | 9.3 | 2.2 | 11.0 | 12.1 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ | | 2.3 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 2.0 | 9.0 | 9.9 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | 2.1 | 3.8 | 6.1 | 1.8 | 7.2 | 7.9 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | 2.0 | 3.5 | 5.5 | 1.8 | 6.5 | 7.2 | ns |
| C _L = 15 | pF | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | A or B to Y; see Figure 8 | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 0.8 V | | - | 29.6 | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V | | 3.3 | 8.0 | 17.2 | 3.0 | 19.4 | 21.3 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$ | | 2.8 | 5.8 | 10.4 | 2.5 | 12.3 | 13.5 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ | | 2.6 | 5.0 | 8.3 | 2.3 | 10.0 | 11.0 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | 2.3 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 2.1 | 7.9 | 8.7 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | 2.2 | 3.9 | 6.1 | 2.0 | 7.3 | 8.0 | ns |

 Table 8.
 Dynamic characteristics ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V; for test circuit see Figure 9.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | | 25 °C | | -40 | °C to +1 | 25 °C | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|-----|-----|--------|------|-----|----------------|-----------------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Min | Max (85 °C) | Max (125 °C) | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | A or B to Y; see Figure 8 | [2] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | | - | 39.9 | - | - | - | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$ | | 4.3 | 10.2 | 22.6 | 3.8 | 25.4 | 27.9 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$ | | 3.6 | 7.3 | 13.3 | 3.2 | 15.8 | 17.4 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ | | 3.2 | 6.3 | 10.6 | 2.9 | 12.8 | 14.1 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | 3.0 | 5.3 | 8.5 | 2.7 | 10.1 | 11.1 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | 2.8 | 5.0 | 7.8 | 2.7 | 9.2 | 10.1 | ns |
| $C_L = 5 p$ | F, 10 pF, 15 pF and | 30 pF | | | | | | | | |
| C_{PD} | power dissipation capacitance | $f_i = 1 \text{ MHz};$ $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ | [3] | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | | - | 2.6 | - | - | - | - | pF |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$ | | - | 2.9 | - | - | - | - | pF |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$ | | - | 3.0 | - | - | - | - | pF |
| | | $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ | | - | 3.2 | - | - | - | - | pF |
| | | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | - | 3.8 | - | - | - | - | pF |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | - | 4.4 | - | - | - | - | pF |

^[1] All typical values are measured at nominal $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize CC}}$.

[3] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 f_o = output frequency in MHz;

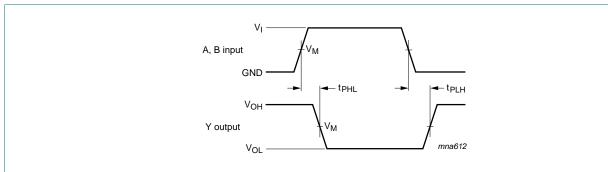
 C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0)$ = sum of the outputs.

13. Waveforms



Measurement points are given in Table 9.

Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

Fig 8. The data input (A or B) to output (Y) propagation delays

74AUP1G132

Product data sheet

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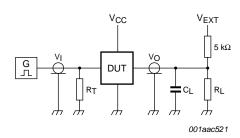
^[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} .

NXP Semiconductors 74AUP1G132

Low-power 2-input NAND Schmitt trigger

Table 9. Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Output | Input | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| V _{CC} | V _M | V _M | VI | $t_r = t_f$ | | | | |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | $0.5 \times V_{CC}$ | V _{CC} | ≤ 3.0 ns | | | | |



Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

R_L = Load resistance.

 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_0 of the pulse generator.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 9. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

| Supply voltage | Load | | V _{EXT} | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| V _{CC} | C _L | R _L [1] | t _{PLH} , t _{PHL} | t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ} | t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ} |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF | 5 k Ω or 1 M Ω | open | GND | $2 \times V_{CC}$ |

^[1] For measuring enable and disable times R_L = 5 k Ω , for measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width R_L = 1 M Ω .

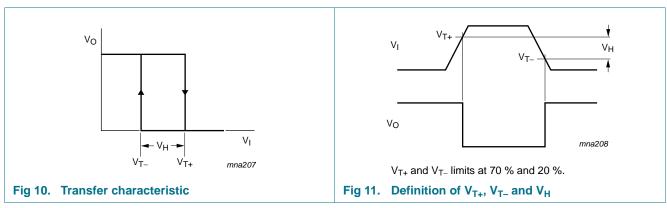
14. Transfer characteristics

Table 11. Transfer characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V; for test circuit see Figure 9.

| Symbol Parameter | Parameter | Conditions | | 25 °C | | -40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit | |
|--|---|---|------|-------|------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|
| | | | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Max (85 °C) | Max (125 °C) | |
| V _{T+} positive-going threshold voltage | positive-going threshold voltage | see Figure 10 and Figure 11 | | | | | | ' | • |
| | | V _{CC} = 0.8 V | 0.30 | - | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.60 | 0.62 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.1 V | 0.53 | - | 0.90 | 0.53 | 0.90 | 0.92 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.4 V | 0.74 | - | 1.11 | 0.74 | 1.11 | 1.13 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.65 V | 0.91 | - | 1.29 | 0.91 | 1.29 | 1.31 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.3 V | 1.37 | - | 1.77 | 1.37 | 1.77 | 1.80 | V |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 1.88 | - | 2.29 | 1.88 | 2.29 | 2.32 | V |
| V_{T-} | negative-going threshold voltage | see <u>Figure 10</u> and <u>Figure 11</u> | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | 0.10 | - | 0.60 | 0.10 | 0.60 | 0.60 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.1 V | 0.26 | - | 0.65 | 0.26 | 0.65 | 0.65 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.4 V | 0.39 | - | 0.75 | 0.39 | 0.75 | 0.75 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.65 V | 0.47 | - | 0.84 | 0.47 | 0.84 | 0.84 | V |
| | V _{CC} = 2.3 V | 0.69 | - | 1.04 | 0.69 | 1.04 | 1.04 | V | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 0.88 | - | 1.24 | 0.88 | 1.24 | 1.24 | V |
| V _H hysteresis voltage | $(V_{T+} - V_{T-})$; see <u>Figure 10</u> , <u>Figure 11</u> , <u>Figure 12</u> and <u>Figure 13</u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC} = 0.8 V | 0.07 | - | 0.50 | 0.07 | 0.50 | 0.50 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.1 V | 0.08 | - | 0.46 | 0.08 | 0.46 | 0.46 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.4 V | 0.18 | - | 0.56 | 0.18 | 0.56 | 0.56 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 1.65 V | 0.27 | - | 0.66 | 0.27 | 0.66 | 0.66 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.3 V | 0.53 | - | 0.92 | 0.53 | 0.92 | 0.92 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 3.0 V | 0.79 | - | 1.31 | 0.79 | 1.31 | 1.31 | V |

15. Waveforms transfer characteristics



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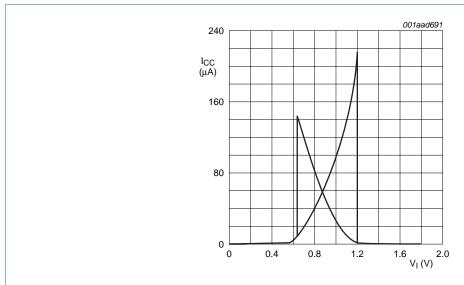


Fig 12. Typical transfer characteristics; $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

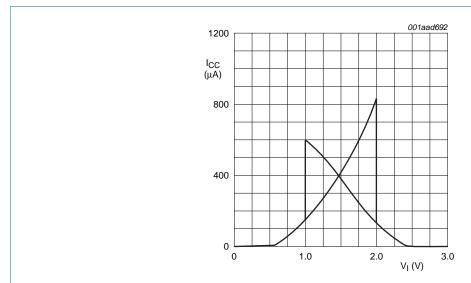


Fig 13. Typical transfer characteristics; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$

16. Application information

The slow input rise and fall times cause additional power dissipation, this can be calculated using the following formula:

 $P_{add} = f_i \times (t_r \times \Delta I_{CC(AV)} + t_f \times \Delta I_{CC(AV)}) \times V_{CC}$ where:

 P_{add} = additional power dissipation (μW);

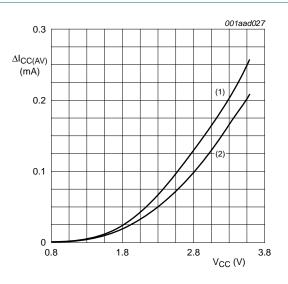
 $f_i = input frequency (MHz);$

 t_r = input rise time (ns); 10 % to 90 %;

 t_f = input fall time (ns); 90 % to 10 %;

 $\Delta I_{CC(AV)}$ = average additional supply current (μA).

Average $\Delta I_{CC(AV)}$ differs with positive or negative input transitions, as shown in Figure 14.



- (1) Positive-going edge.
- (2) Negative-going edge.

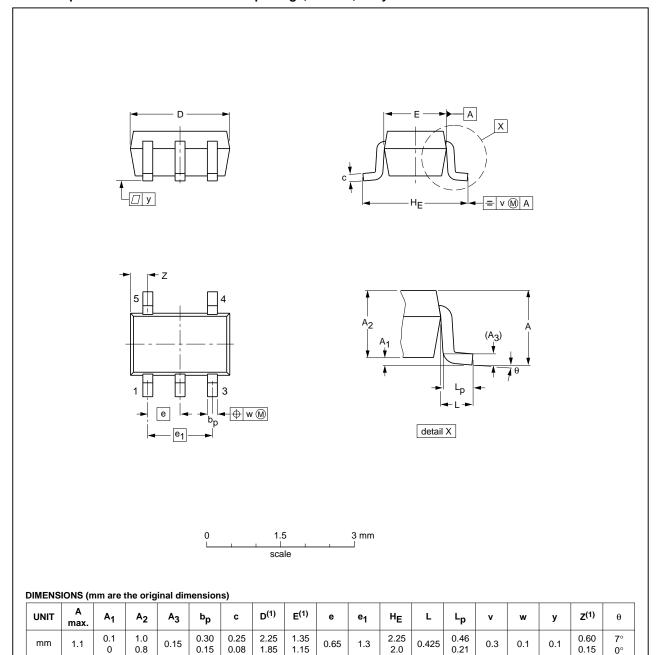
Linear change of $V_{\rm I}$ between 0.8 V and 2.0 V. All values given are typical, unless otherwise specified.

Fig 14. Average I_{CC} as a function of V_{CC}

17. Package outline

TSSOP5: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm

SOT353-1



. .

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN | ISSUE DATE |
|----------|------------|--------|--------|--|------------|----------------------------------|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| SOT353-1 | | MO-203 | SC-88A | | | -00-09-01 03-02-19 |

Fig 15. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

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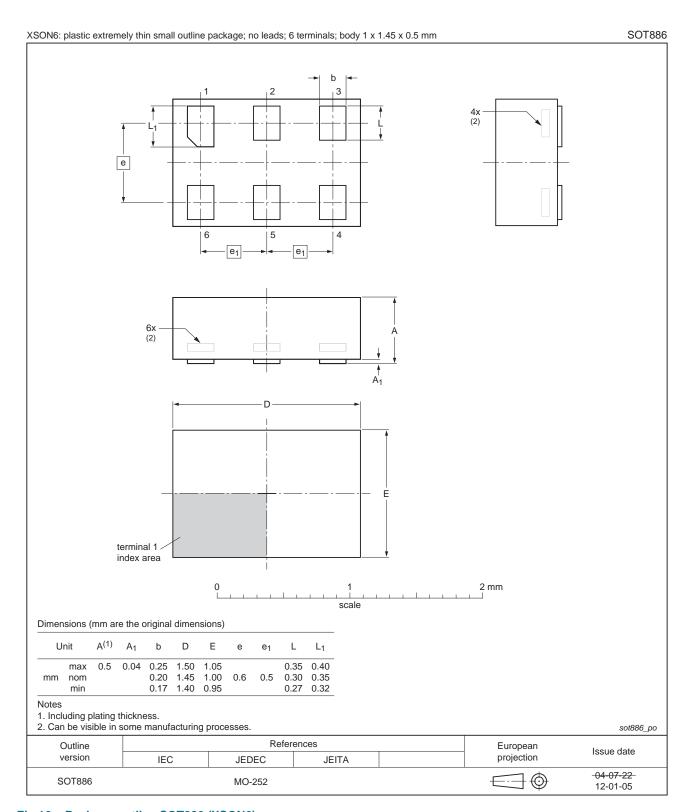


Fig 16. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

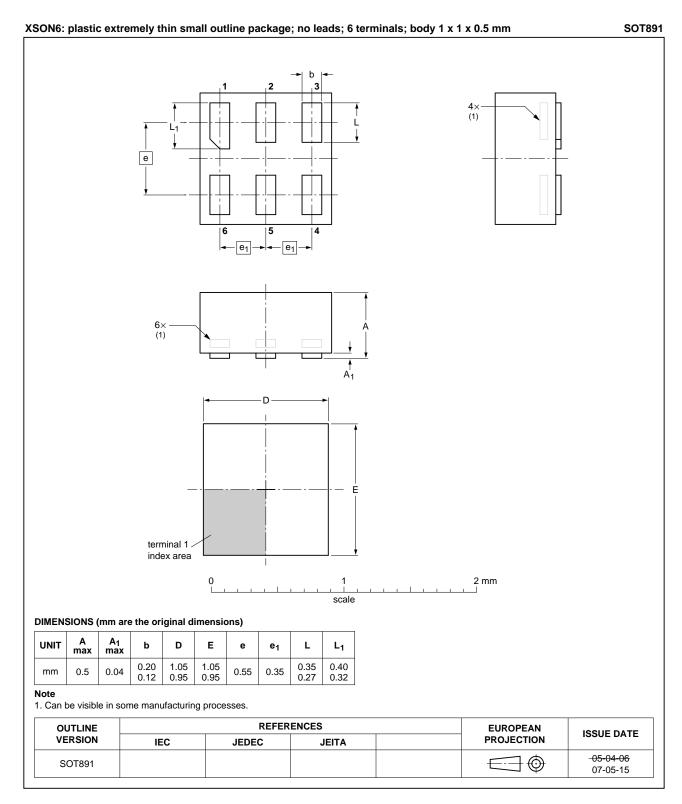


Fig 17. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

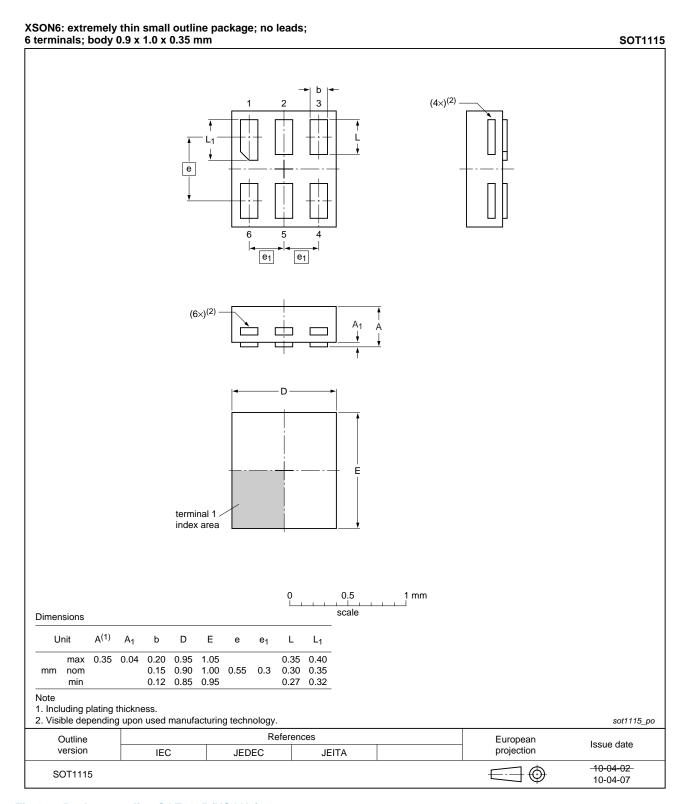


Fig 18. Package outline SOT1115 (XSON6)

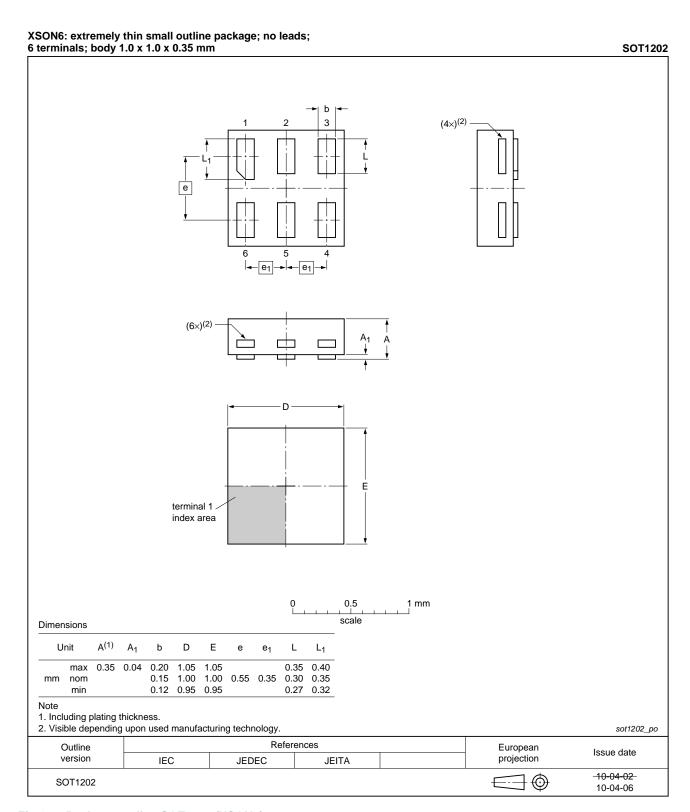


Fig 19. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

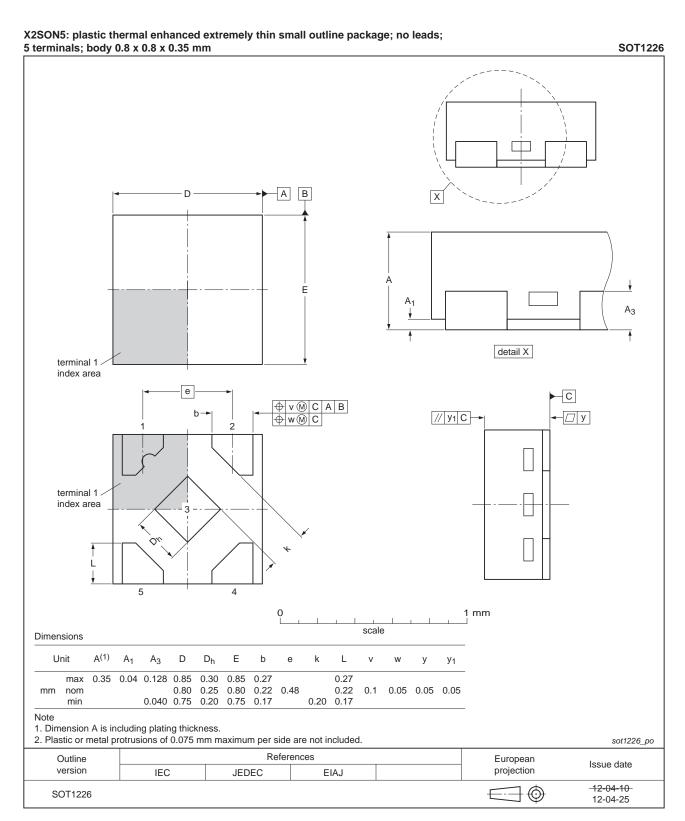


Fig 20. Package outline SOT1226 (X2SON5)

18. Abbreviations

Table 12. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|-------------------------|
| CDM | Charged Device Model |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| НВМ | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |

19. Revision history

Table 13. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 74AUP1G132 v.5 | 20120629 | Product data sheet | - | 74AUP1G132 v.4 |
| Modifications: | Added type i | number 74AUP1G132GX (SC |)T1226) | |
| | Package out | line drawing of SOT886 (Figu | <u>re 16</u>) modified. | |
| 74AUP1G132 v.4 | 20111124 | Product data sheet | - | 74AUP1G132 v.3 |
| Modifications: | Legal pages | updated. | | |
| 74AUP1G132 v.3 | 20101029 | Product data sheet | - | 74AUP1G132 v.2 |
| 74AUP1G132 v.2 | 20090615 | Product data sheet | - | 74AUP1G132 v.1 |
| 74AUP1G132 v.1 | 20061020 | Product data sheet | - | - |
| | | | | |

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|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|
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| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
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- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
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Low-power 2-input NAND Schmitt trigger

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