

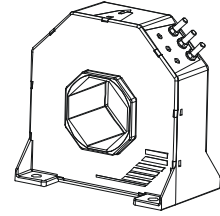
Current Transducer LT 2005-S

For the electronic measurement of currents : DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

$I_{PN} = 2000 \text{ A}$



0634



Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal current rms	2000	A		
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range @ $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	0 .. ± 3000	A		
R_M	Measuring resistance	$R_{M \text{ mini}}$	$R_{M \text{ maxi}}$		
		with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 2000 \text{ A}_{\text{maxi}}$	0	8
		@ $\pm 2200 \text{ A}_{\text{maxi}}$	0	5	Ω
	with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 2000 \text{ A}_{\text{maxi}}$	5	29	Ω
	@ $\pm 3000 \text{ A}_{\text{maxi}}$	5	11	Ω	
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal current rms	400	mA		
K_N	Conversion ratio	1 : 5000			
V_C	Supply voltage ($\pm 5 \%$)	$\pm 15 \dots 24$	V		
I_C	Current consumption (± 1)	$28 \text{ (@ } \pm 24\text{V)} + I_S$	mA		

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.3	%	
ϵ_L	Linearity error	< 0.1	%	
I_O	Offset current @ $I_p = 0, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Typ	Maxi	
			± 0.8	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current @ $I_p = 0$ and specified R_M , after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$		± 0.4	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O $0^\circ\text{C} \dots +70^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.2	± 0.3	mA
t_r	Response time ¹⁾ to 90 % of I_{PN} step	< 1	μs	
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/ μs	
BW	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC .. 100	kHz	

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	0 .. +70	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 .. + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	25	Ω
m	Mass	1.7	kg
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	

Application domain

- Industrial.

Note: ¹⁾ With a di/dt of 100 A/ μs .

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Isolation characteristics

V_d	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	6	kV
\hat{V}_w	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μ s	44	kV
		Mini	
dCp	Creepage distance	76	mm
dCI	Clearance distance	63.5	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (Group IIIa)	225	

Application examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCI, \hat{V}_w	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	6300 V	6300 V
Reinforced isolation	3200 V	3200 V

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

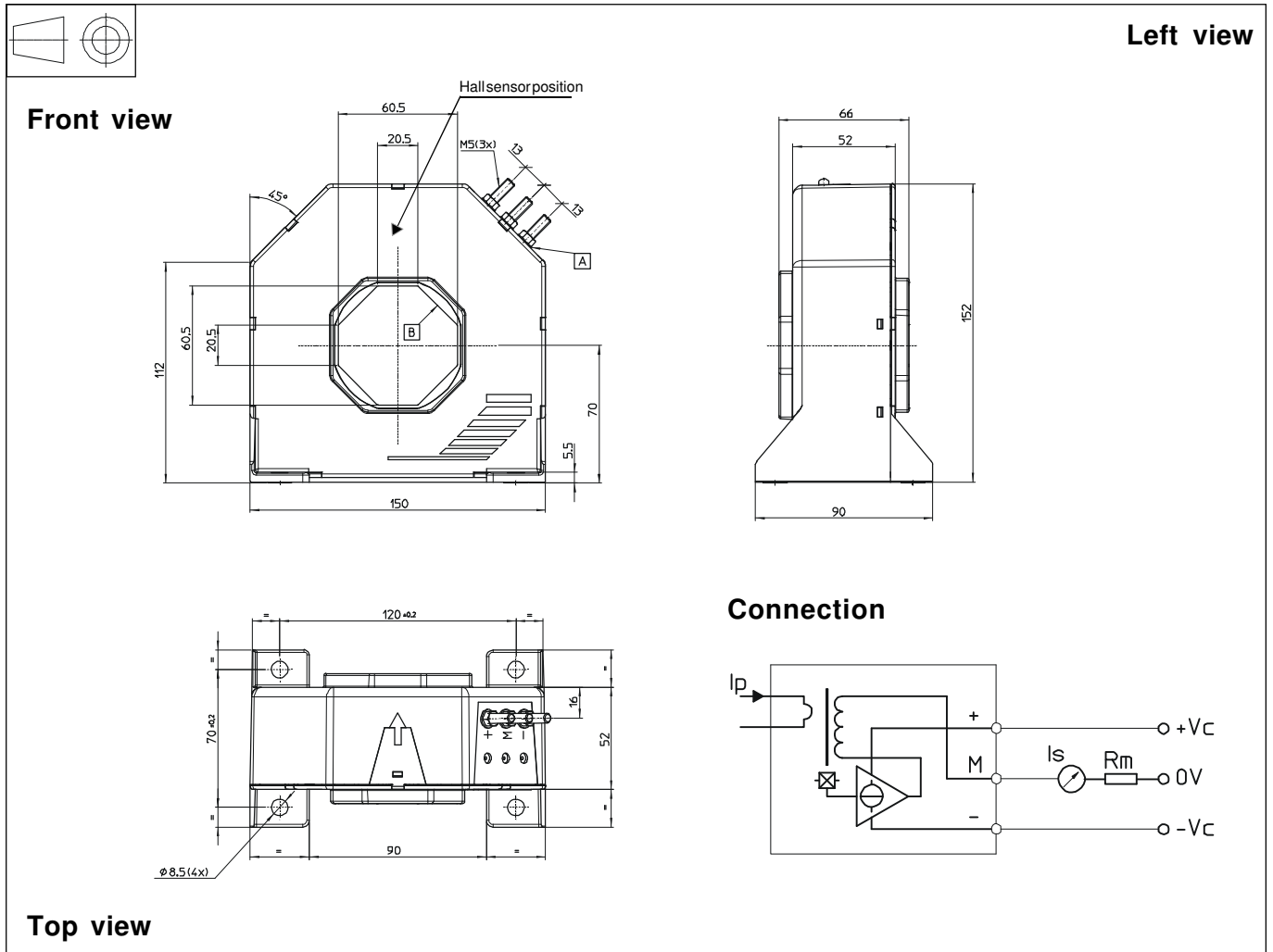
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LT 2005-S (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

- | | |
|--|---|
| • General tolerance | $\pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |
| • Transducer fastening | 4 holes $\varnothing 8.5 \text{ mm}$
4 M8 steel screws |
| Recommended fastening torque | 10 Nm or 7.38 Lb - Ft |
| • Octagonal primary through-hole for bar | 60.5 x 20.5 mm |
| or | $\varnothing \text{ maxi } 56 \text{ mm}$ |
| • Connection of secondary | M5 threaded studs |
| Recommended fastening torque | 2.2 Nm or 1.62 Lb - Ft |

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C .
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.