74LVC2G66

Bilateral switch
Rev. 7 — 22 June 2012

Product data sheet

General description 1.

The 74LVC2G66 is a low-power, low-voltage, high-speed Si-gate CMOS device.

The 74LVC2G66 provides two single pole, single-throw analog switch functions. Each switch has two input/output terminals (nY and nZ) and an active HIGH enable input (nE). When nE is LOW, the analog switch is turned off.

Schmitt trigger action at the enable inputs makes the circuit tolerant of slower input rise and fall times across the entire V_{CC} range from 1.65 V to 5.5 V.

Features and benefits 2.

- Wide supply voltage range from 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- Very low ON resistance:
 - 7.5 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$
 - 6.5 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
 - 6 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$
- Switch current capability of 32 mA
- High noise immunity
- CMOS low power consumption
- TTL interface compatibility at 3.3 V
- Latch-up performance meets requirements of JESD78 Class I
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - ♦ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- Enable input accepts voltages up to 5.5 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC2G66DP	–40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP8	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm	SOT505-2
74LVC2G66DC	–40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1
74LVC2G66GT	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 \times 1.95 \times 0.5 mm	SOT833-1
74LVC2G66GD	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8U	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body $3\times2\times0.5$ mm	SOT996-2
74LVC2G66GM	–40 °C to +125 °C	XQFN8	plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 8 terminals; body $1.6 \times 1.6 \times 0.5$ mm	SOT902-2

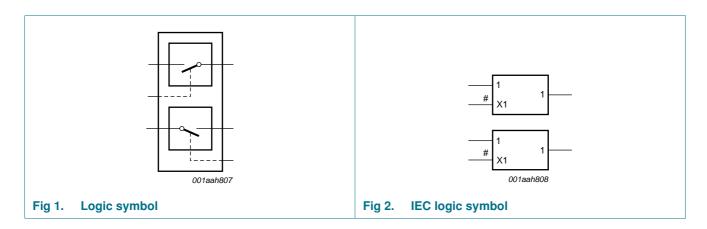
4. Marking

Table 2. Marking codes

Type number	Marking code ^[1]
74LVC2G66DP	V66
74LVC2G66DC	V66
74LVC2G66GT	V66
74LVC2G66GD	V66
74LVC2G66GM	V66

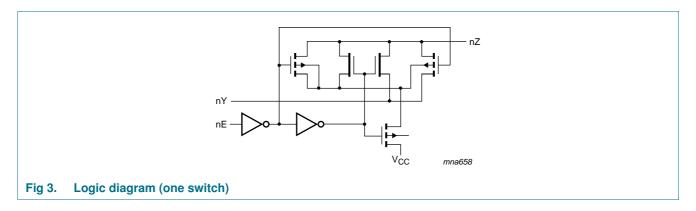
^[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram



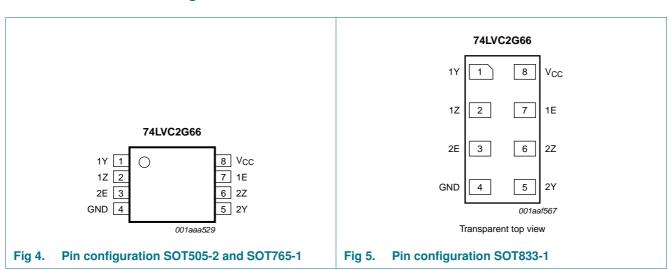
NXP Semiconductors 74LVC2G66

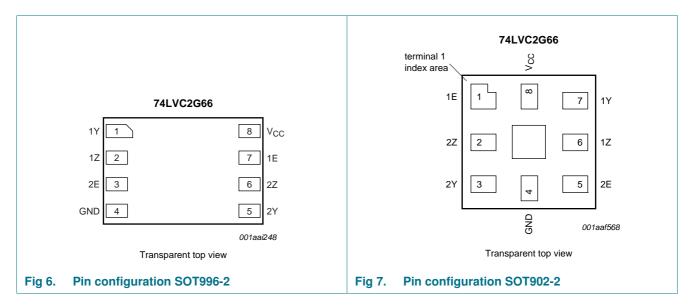
Bilateral switch



6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning





74LVC2G66

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT505-2, SOT765-1, SOT996-2 and SOT833-1	SOT902-2	
1Y	1	7	independent input or output
1Z	2	6	independent input or output
2E	3	5	enable input (active HIGH)
GND	4	4	ground (0 V)
2Y	5	3	independent input or output
2Z	6	2	independent input or output
1E	7	1	enable input (active HIGH)
V _{CC}	8	8	supply voltage

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table[1]

Input nE	Switch
L	OFF-state
Н	ON-state

^[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+6.5	V
V _I	input voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+6.5	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-50	-	mA
I _{SK}	switch clamping current	$V_I < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±50	mA
V_{SW}	switch voltage	enable and disable mode	<u>[2]</u> –0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I _{SW}	switch current	$V_{SW} > -0.5 \text{ V or}$ $V_{SW} < V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±50	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	100	mA
I_{GND}	ground current		-100	-	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	<u>[3]</u> _	250	mW

^[1] The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.

74LVC2G66

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

^[2] The minimum and maximum switch voltage ratings may be exceeded if the switch clamping current rating is observed.

^[3] For TSSOP8 package: above 55 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 2.5 mW/K.
For VSSOP8 package: above 110 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K.
For XSON8, XSON8U and XQFN8 packages: above 118 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. **Operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		1.65	5.5	V
V _I	input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_{SW}	switch voltage		<u>[1][2]</u> 0	V_{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	<u>[3]</u> _	20	ns/V
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V	<u>[3]</u> _	10	ns/V

^[1] To avoid sinking GND current from terminal nZ when switch current flows in terminal nY, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no GND current will flow from terminal nY. In this case, there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch.

10. Static characteristics

Static characteristics Table 7.

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol Parameter		Conditions		–40	°C to +8	85 °C	–40 °C to	Unit	
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH-level	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	V
	input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.7	-	-	1.7	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.0	-	-	2.0	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	-	$0.35 \times V_{\text{CC}}$	V
	input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		-	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		-	-	$0.3\times V_{\text{CC}}$	-	$0.3 \times V_{\text{CC}}$	V
I _I	input leakage current	pin nE; $V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	[2]	-	±0.1	±5	-	±100	μΑ
I _{S(OFF)}	OFF-state leakage current	V _{CC} = 5.5 V; see <u>Figure 8</u>	[2]	-	±0.1	±5	-	±200	μА
I _{S(ON)}	ON-state leakage current	V _{CC} = 5.5 V; see <u>Figure 9</u>	[2]	-	±0.1	±5	-	±200	μА
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND};$ $V_{SW} = \text{GND or } V_{CC};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	[2]	-	0.1	10	-	200	μА
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	$\begin{aligned} &\text{pin nE; } V_{\text{I}} = V_{\text{CC}} - 0.6 \text{ V;} \\ &V_{\text{SW}} = \text{GND or } V_{\text{CC}}; \\ &V_{\text{CC}} = 5.5 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$	[2]	-	5	500	-	5000	μΑ

^[2] For overvoltage tolerant switch voltage capability, refer to 74LVCV2G66.

^[3] Applies to control signal levels.

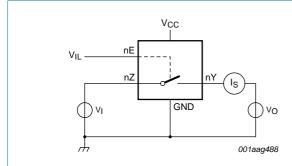
 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Symbol Parameter Conditions		-40	°C to +85	s °C	–40 °C to	Unit	
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
C _I	input capacitance		-	2.0	-	-	-	pF
$C_{S(OFF)}$	OFF-state capacitance		-	5.0	-	-	-	pF
$C_{S(ON)}$	ON-state capacitance		-	9.5	-	-	-	pF

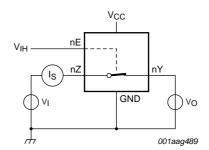
- [1] All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.
- [2] These typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.

10.1 Test circuits



 $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND and $V_O = GND$ or V_{CC} .

Fig 8. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state leakage current



 $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND and $V_O =$ open circuit.

Fig 9. Test circuit for measuring ON-state leakage current

10.2 ON resistance

Table 8. ON resistance

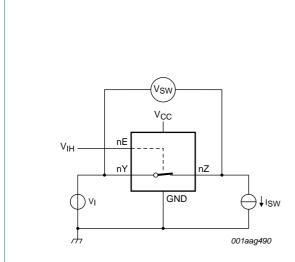
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground 0 V); for graphs see Figure 11 to Figure 16.

Symbol Parameter	Parameter	Conditions	-40	°C to +8	5°C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
R _{ON(peak)}	ON resistance	$V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} ; see Figure 10				1		
	(peak)	$I_{SW} = 4 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	34.0	130	-	195	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 8 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	12.0	30	-	45	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	10.4	25	-	38	Ω
	· · ·	$I_{SW} = 24 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	7.8	20	-	30	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 32 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	6.2	15	-	23	Ω
R _{ON(rail)}		V _I = GND; see Figure 10						
O. (. a)	$I_{SW} = 4 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	8.2	18	-	27	Ω	
		$I_{SW} = 8 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	7.1	16	-	24	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	6.9	14	-	21	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 24 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	6.5	12	-	18	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 32 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	5.8	10	-	15	Ω
		V _I = V _{CC} ; see <u>Figure 10</u>						
		$I_{SW} = 4 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	10.4	30	-	45	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 8 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	7.6	20	-	30	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	7.0	18	-	27	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 24 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	6.1	15	-	23	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 32 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	4.9	10	-	15	Ω
R _{ON(flat)}	ON resistance	$V_I = GND$ to V_{CC}	[2]					
	(flatness)	$I_{SW} = 4 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	26.0	-	-	-	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 8 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	5.0	-	-	-	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	-	3.5	-	-	-	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 24 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	2.0	-	-	-	Ω
		$I_{SW} = 32 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	1.5	-	-	-	Ω

^[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C and nominal V_{CC} .

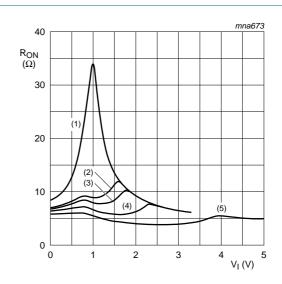
^[2] Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of ON resistance measured at identical V_{CC} and temperature.

10.3 ON resistance test circuit and graphs



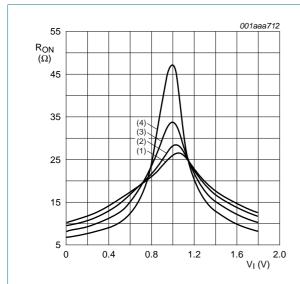
 $R_{ON} = V_{SW}/I_{SW}$

Fig 10. Test circuit for measuring ON resistance



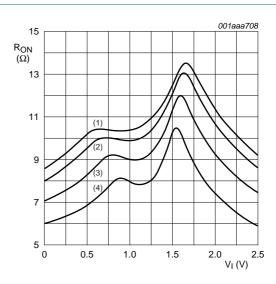
- (1) $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}.$
- (2) $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}.$
- (3) $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}.$
- (4) $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}.$
- (5) $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}.$

Fig 11. Typical ON resistance as a function of input voltage; $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$



- (1) $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (2) $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (3) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (4) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$.

Fig 12. ON resistance as a function of input voltage; $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

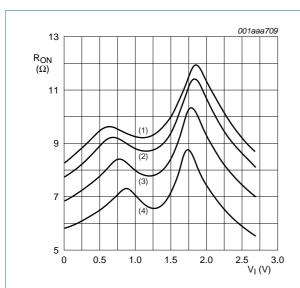


- (1) $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (2) $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (3) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (4) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$.

Fig 13. ON resistance as a function of input voltage; $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

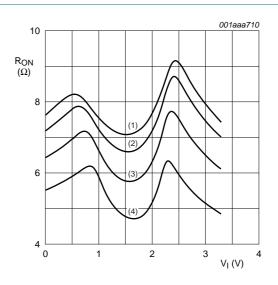
NXP Semiconductors 74LVC2G66

Bilateral switch



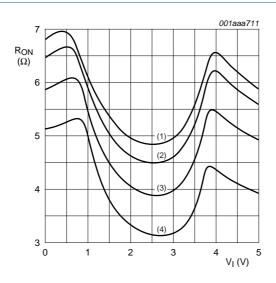
- (1) $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (2) $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (3) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (4) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$.

Fig 14. ON resistance as a function of input voltage; $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$



- (1) $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (2) $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$.
- (3) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C.$
- (4) $T_{amb} = -40$ °C.

Fig 15. ON resistance as a function of input voltage; $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$



- (1) $T_{amb} = 125 \,^{\circ}C.$
- (2) $T_{amb} = 85 \,^{\circ}C$.
- (3) $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$.
- (4) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$.

Fig 16. ON resistance as a function of input voltage; $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 19.

	Parameter	Conditions		–40 °C to	+85 °C		-40 °C to	Unit	
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nY to nZ or nZ to nY; see Figure 17	[2][3]						
	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		-	8.0	2.0	-	3.0	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	0.4	1.2	-	2.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	0.4	1.0	-	1.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		-	0.3	8.0	-	1.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.2	0.6	-	1.0	ns
t _{en}	enable time	nE to nY or nZ; see <u>Figure 18</u>	[4]						
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		1.0	4.6	10	1.0	13.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.7	5.6	1.0	7.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.7	5.0	1.0	6.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.4	4.4	1.0	6.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.0	1.8	3.9	1.0	5.0	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	nE to nY or nZ; see Figure 18	<u>[5]</u>						
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		1.0	3.8	9.0	1.0	11.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.1	5.5	1.0	7.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.0	3.5	6.5	1.0	8.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.0	3.0	6.0	1.0	8.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.2	5.0	1.0	6.5	ns
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	C_L = 50 pF; f_i = 10 MHz; V_I = GND to V_{CC}	[6]						
		$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$		-	9.0	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		-	11.0	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		-	15.7	-	-	-	pF

^[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C and nominal V_{CC} .

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{S(ON)}) \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o \} \text{ where: }$$

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

 $C_{S(ON)}$ = maximum ON-state switch capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

74LVC2G66

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

^[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} .

^[3] Propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON resistance of the switch and the specified capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

^[4] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} .

^[5] t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} .

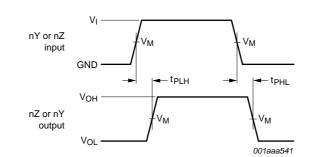
^[6] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

 $\Sigma\{(C_L + C_{S(ON)}) \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o\} = sum \ of \ the \ outputs.$

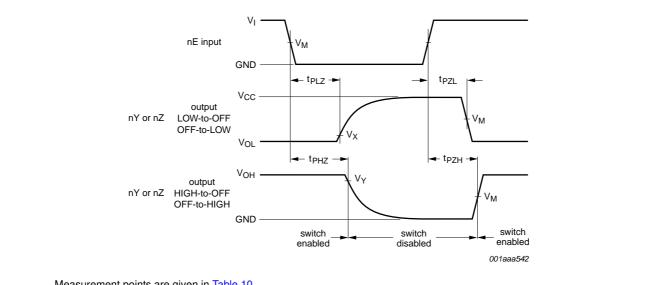
11.1 Waveforms and test circuit



Measurement points are given in Table 10.

Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 17. Input (nY or nZ) to output (nZ or nY) propagation delays



Measurement points are given in Table 10.

Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

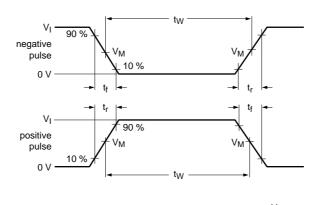
Fig 18. Enable and disable times

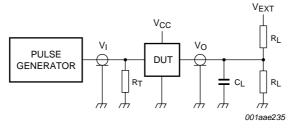
Table 10. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output					
V _{CC}	V _M	V _M	V _X	V _Y			
1.65 V to 1.95 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	$V_{OH} - 0.15 V$			
2.3 V to 2.7 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 V$	V _{OH} – 0.15 V			
2.7 V	1.5 V	1.5 V	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} – 0.3 V			
3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.5 V	1.5 V	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} – 0.3 V			
4.5 V to 5.5 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} – 0.3 V			

74LVC2G66

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.





Test data is given in Table 11.

Definitions for test circuit:

 R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance Z_0 of the pulse generator.

V_{EXT} = Test voltage for switching times.

Fig 19. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load	Load		V _{EXT}		
V _{CC}	V _I	t _r , t _f	CL	R _L	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	t _{PZL,} t _{PLZ}	
1.65 V to 1.95 V	V_{CC}	≤ 2.0 ns	30 pF	1 k Ω	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$	
2.3 V to 2.7 V	V_{CC}	≤ 2.0 ns	30 pF	$500~\Omega$	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$	
2.7 V	2.7 V	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	$500~\Omega$	open	GND	6 V	
3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	$500~\Omega$	open	GND	6 V	
4.5 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC}	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	500 Ω	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$	

11.2 Additional dynamic characteristics

Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
THD	total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; $f_i = 1 \text{ kHz}$; see Figure 20				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	0.032	-	%
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	0.008	-	%
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	0.006	-	%
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	0.005	-	%
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; $f_i = 10 \text{ kHz}$; see Figure 20				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	0.068	-	%
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	0.009	-	%
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	0.008	-	%
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	0.006	-	%
f _(-3dB)	-3 dB frequency response	$R_L = 600 \Omega$; $C_L = 50 pF$; see Figure 21				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	135	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	145	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	150	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	155	-	MHz
		$R_L = 50 \Omega$; $C_L = 10 pF$; see Figure 21				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	200	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	350	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	410	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	440	-	MHz
		$R_L = 50 \Omega$; $C_L = 5 pF$; see Figure 21				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	> 500	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	> 500	-	MHz
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	> 500	-	MHz
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	> 500	-	MHz
α_{iso}	isolation (OFF-state)	$R_L = 600 \Omega$; $C_L = 50 pF$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 22				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-46	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-46	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-46	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-46	-	dB
		$R_L = 50 \Omega$; $C_L = 5 pF$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 22				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-37	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-37	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-37	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	-37	-	dB

NXP Semiconductors 74LVC2G66

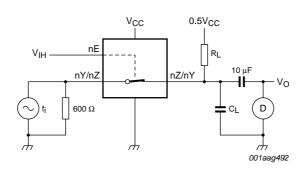
Bilateral switch

 Table 12.
 Additional dynamic characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{ct}	crosstalk voltage	between digital inputs and switch; $R_L = 600 \Omega$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; $f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}$; $t_r = t_f = 2 \text{ ns}$; see Figure 23				
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	-	mV
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	91	-	mV
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	119	-	mV
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	205	-	mV
Xtalk	crosstalk	between switches; $R_L = 600 \Omega$; $C_L = 50 pF$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 24				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-56	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 3 V$	-	-56	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-56	-	dB
		between switches; $R_L = 50 \Omega$; $C_L = 5 pF$; $f_i = 1 MHz$; see Figure 24				
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-	-	dB
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-29	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 3 V	-	-28	-	dB
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V	-	-28	-	dB
Q _{inj}	charge injection	C_L = 0.1 nF; V_{gen} = 0 V; R_{gen} = 0 Ω ; f_i = 1 MHz; R_L = 1 M Ω ; see <u>Figure 25</u>				
		V _{CC} = 1.8 V	-	3.3	-	рС
		$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	-	4.1	-	рС
		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	5.0	-	рС
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	6.4	-	рС
		V _{CC} = 5.5 V	-	7.5	-	рС

11.3 Test circuits



Test conditions:

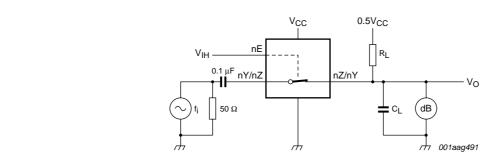
 $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$: $V_i = 1.4 \text{ V (p-p)}$.

 $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V: } V_i = 2 \text{ V (p-p)}.$

 $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V: } V_i = 2.5 \text{ V (p-p)}.$

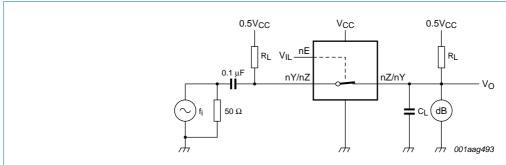
 $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V: } V_i = 4 \text{ V (p-p)}.$

Fig 20. Test circuit for measuring total harmonic distortion



Adjust f_i voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at output. Increase f_i frequency until dB meter reads -3 dB.

Fig 21. Test circuit for measuring the frequency response when switch is in ON-state



Adjust fi voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at input.

Fig 22. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

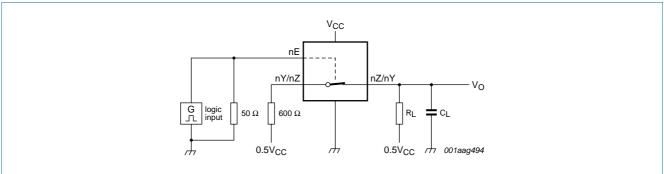
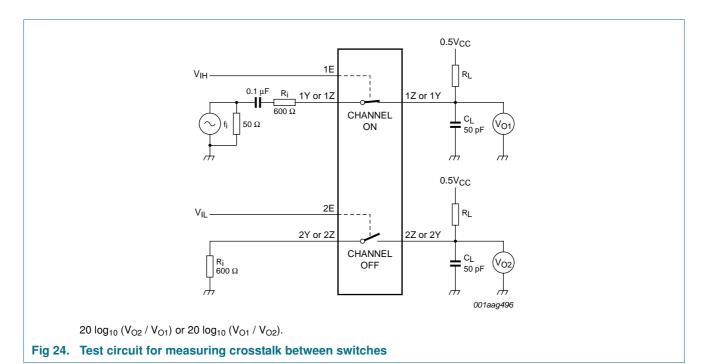
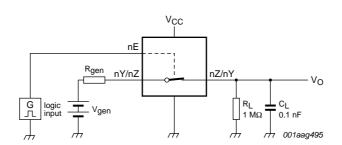
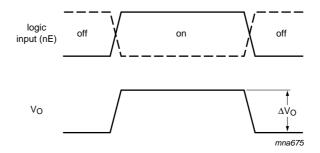


Fig 23. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk voltage (between digital inputs and switch)





a. Test circuit



b. Input and output pulse definitions

 $Q_{inj} = \Delta V_O \times C_L.$

 ΔV_{O} = output voltage variation.

R_{gen} = generator resistance.

 V_{gen} = generator voltage.

Fig 25. Test circuit for measuring charge injection

12. Package outline

TSSOP8: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm SOT505-2

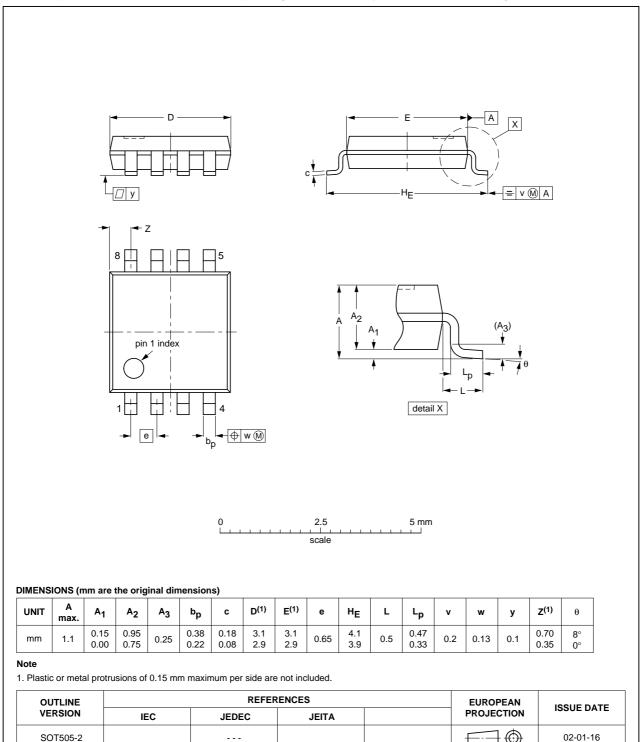
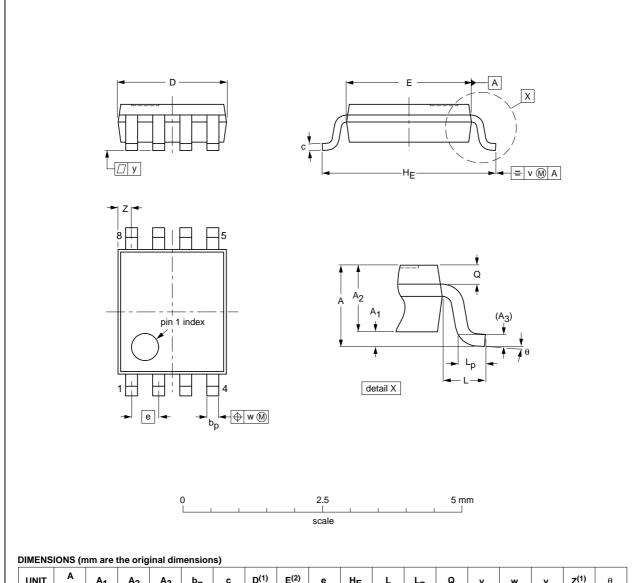


Fig 26. Package outline SOT505-2 (TSSOP8)

VC2G66 All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm

SOT765-1



UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	А3	bp	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1	0.15 0.00	0.85 0.60	0.12	0.27 0.17	0.23 0.08	2.1 1.9	2.4 2.2	0.5	3.2 3.0	0.4	0.40 0.15	0.21 0.19	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.4 0.1	8° 0°

Notes

- Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES	EUROPEAN				
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE		
SOT765-1		MO-187				02-06-07		

Fig 27. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

74LVC2G66

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

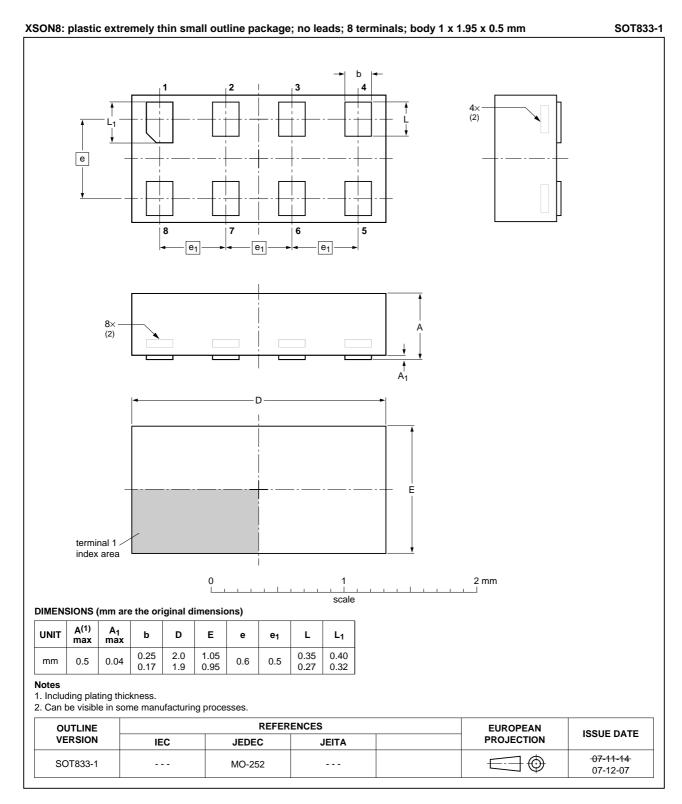


Fig 28. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)

74LVC2G66 All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

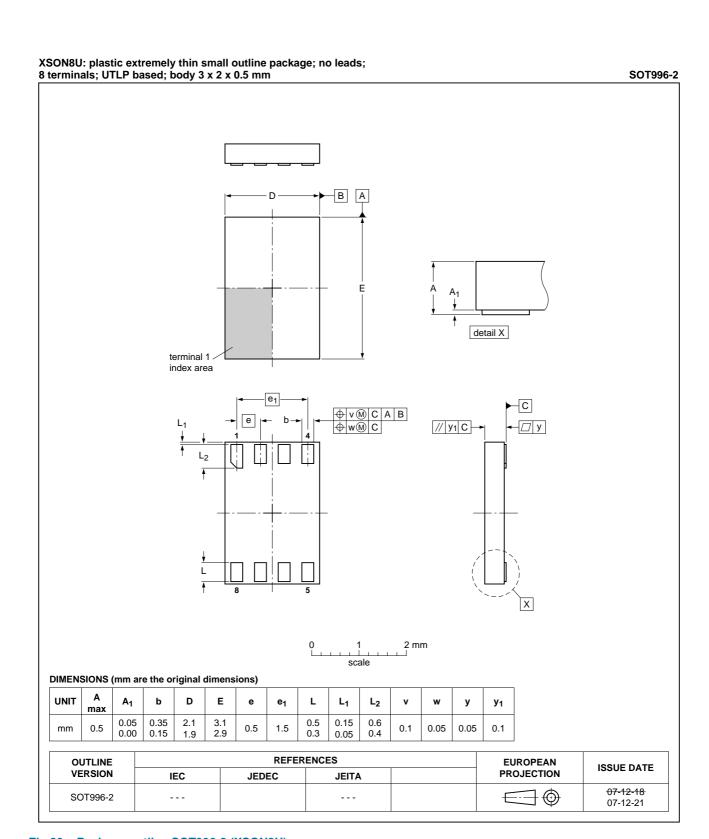


Fig 29. Package outline SOT996-2 (XSON8U)

74LVC2G66 All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

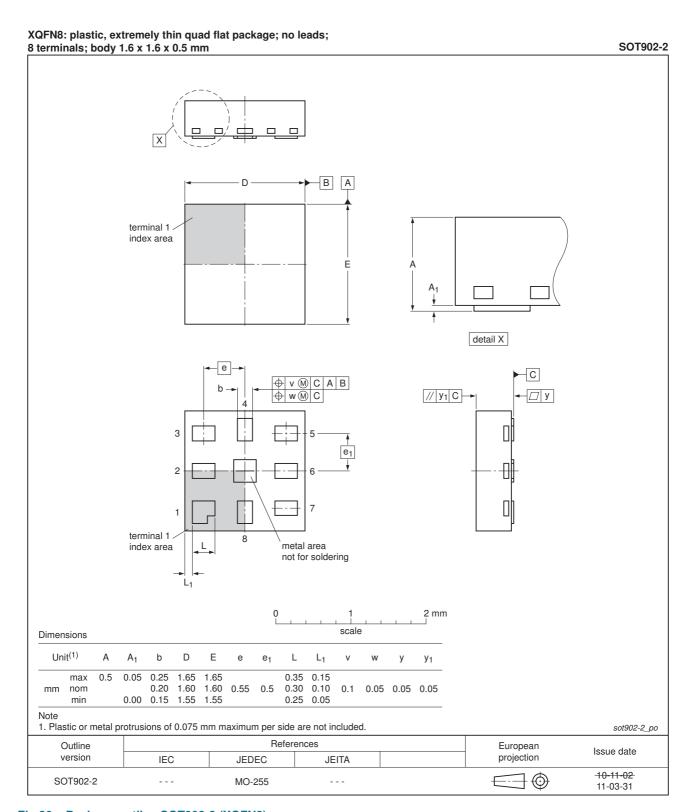


Fig 30. Package outline SOT902-2 (XQFN8)

74LVC2G66 All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

13. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
НВМ	Human Body Model
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
MM	Machine Model
DUT	Device Under Test

14. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC2G66 v.7	20120622	Product data sheet	-	74LVC2G66 v.6
Modifications:	 For type null 	mber 74LVC2G66GM the SOT	code has changed t	o SOT902-2.
74LVC2G66 v.6	20111129	Product data sheet	-	74LVC2G66 v.5
Modifications:	 Legal pages 	s updated.		
74LVC2G66 v.5	20100616	Product data sheet	-	74LVC2G66 v.4
74LVC2G66 v.4	20080701	Product data sheet	-	74LVC2G66 v.3
74LVC2G66 v.3	20080310	Product data sheet	-	74LVC2G66 v.2
74LVC2G66 v.2	20070828	Product data sheet	-	74LVC2G66 v.1
74LVC2G66 v.1	20040629	Product data sheet	-	-

15. Legal information

15.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

15.2 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local NXP Semiconductors sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between NXP Semiconductors and its customer, unless NXP Semiconductors and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the NXP Semiconductors product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

15.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. NXP Semiconductors hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of NXP Semiconductors products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

74LVC2G66

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

NXP Semiconductors 74LVC2G66

Bilateral switch

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific NXP Semiconductors product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without NXP Semiconductors' warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond

NXP Semiconductors' specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies NXP Semiconductors for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' standard warranty and NXP Semiconductors' product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

15.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

16. Contact information

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com



17. Contents

NXP Semiconductors

1	General description
2	Features and benefits
3	Ordering information
4	Marking 2
5	Functional diagram
6	Pinning information
6.1	Pinning
6.2	Pin description 4
7	Functional description 4
8	Limiting values 4
9	Recommended operating conditions 5
10	Static characteristics 5
10.1	Test circuits 6
10.2	ON resistance 7
10.3	ON resistance test circuit and graphs 8
11	Dynamic characteristics 10
11.1	Waveforms and test circuit
11.2	Additional dynamic characteristics 13
11.3	Test circuits
12	Package outline
13	Abbreviations
14	Revision history
15	Legal information 24
15.1	Data sheet status 24
15.2	Definitions
15.3	Disclaimers
15.4	Trademarks25
16	Contact information
17	Contents

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.