SN54190, SN54191, SN54LS190, SN54LS191
SN74190, SN74191, SN74LS190, SN74LS191

Synchronous Up/Down Counters with Down/Up Mode Control

The '190, 'LS190, '191, and 'LS191 are synchronous, reversible up/down counters having a complexity of 58 equivalent gates. The '191 and 'LS191 are 4-bit binary counters and the '190 and 'LS190 are BCD counters. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincident with each other when so instructed by the steering logic. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes normally associated with asynchronous (ripple clock) counters.

Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components

Rochester branded components are manufactured using either die/wafers purchased from the original suppliers or Rochester wafers recreated from the original IP. All recreations are done with the approval of the OCM.

Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceeds the OCM data sheet.

Quality Overview

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-38535
    - Class Q Military
    - Class V Space Level
- Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)
    - Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OEM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.
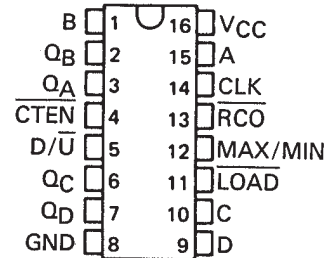
SN54190, SN54191, SN54LS190, SN54LS191,
SN74190, SN74191, SN74LS190, SN74LS191
SYNCHRONOUS UP/DOWN COUNTERS WITH DOWN/UP MODE CONTROL

SDLS072 – DECEMBER 1972 – REVISED MARCH 1988

- **Counts 8-4-2-1 BCD or Binary**
- **Single Down/Up Count Control Line**
- **Count Enable Control Input**
- **Ripple Clock Output for Cascading**
- **Asynchronously Presettable with Load Control**
- **Parallel Outputs**
- **Cascadable for n-Bit Applications**

TYPE	AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY	TYPICAL MAXIMUM CLOCK FREQUENCY	TYPICAL POWER DISSIPATION
'190,'191	20ns	25MHz	325mW
'LS190,'LS191	20ns	25MHz	100mW

SN54190, SN54191, SN54LS190,
SN54LS191 . . . J PACKAGE
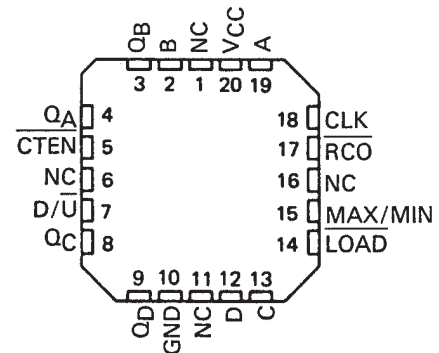SN74190, SN74191 . . . N PACKAGE
SN74LS190, SN74LS191 . . . D OR N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

```
          B  [ 1    16 ] VCC
         QB  [ 2    15 ] A
         QA  [ 3    14 ] CLK
       CTEN  [ 4    13 ] RCO
        D/U  [ 5    12 ] MAX/MIN
         QC  [ 6    11 ] LOAD
         QD  [ 7    10 ] C
        GND  [ 8     9 ] D
```

SN54LS190, SN54LS191 . . . FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

```
              QB  NC  VCC  A
            [ 3  2  1  20 19 ]
      QA  [ 4            18 ] CLK
    CTEN  [ 5            17 ] RCO
      NC  [ 6            16 ] NC
     D/U  [ 7            15 ] MAX/MIN
      QC  [ 8            14 ] LOAD
            [ 9 10 11 12 13 ]
              QD GND NC  D  C
```

NC - No internal connection

description

The '190, 'LS190, '191, and 'LS191 are synchronous, reversible up/down counters having a complexity of 58 equivalent gates. The '191 and 'LS191 are 4-bit binary counters and the '190 and 'LS190 are BCD counters. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincident with each other when so instructed by the steering logic. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes normally associated with asynchronous (ripple clock) counters.

The outputs of the four master-slave flip-flops are triggered on a low-to-high transition of the clock input if the enable input is low. A high at the enable input inhibits counting. Level changes at the enable input should be made only when the clock input is high. The direction of the count is determined by the level of the down/up input. When low, the counter count up and when high, it counts down. A false clock may occur if the down/up input changes while the clock is low. A false ripple carry may occur if both the clock and enable are low and the down/up input is high during a load pulse.

These counters are fully programmable; that is, the outputs may be preset to either level by placing a low on the load input and entering the desired data at the data inputs. The output will change to agree with the data inputs independently of the level of the clock input. This feature allows the counters to be used as modulo-N dividers by simply modifying the count length with the preset inputs.

The clock, down/up, and load inputs are buffered to lower the drive requirement which significantly reduces the number of clock drivers, etc., required for long parallel words.

Two outputs have been made available to perform the cascading function: ripple clock and maximum/minimum count. The latter output produces a high-level output pulse with a duration approximately equal to one complete cycle of the clock when the counter overflows or underflows. The ripple clock output produces a low-level output pulse equal in width to the low-level portion of the clock input when an overflow or underflow condition exists. The counters can be easily cascaded by feeding the ripple clock output to the enable input of the succeeding counter if parallel clocking is used, or to the clock input if parallel enabling is used. The maximum/minimum count output can be used to accomplish look-ahead for high-speed operation.

Series 54' and 54LS' are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of −55°C to 125°C; Series 74' and 74LS' are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

SN54190, SN54191, SN54LS190, SN54LS191,
SN74190, SN74191, SN74LS190, SN74LS191
SYNCHRONOUS UP/DOWN COUNTERS WITH DOWN/UP MODE CONTROL

logic symbols†

'190, 'LS190

```
                        CTRDV10
CTEN  (4) ─▷  G1
D/U   (5) ─●  M2 [DOWN]   2(CT = 0)Z6 ─●── (12) MAX/MIN
              M3 [UP]     3(CT = 9)Z6 ──
CLK  (14) ─●▷ 1,2−/1,3+
          ─▷  G4                 6,1,4 ─▷ (13) RCO
LOAD (11) ─▷  C5
A    (15) ─── 5D    [1]    +− ⌐ ── (3) QA
B    (1)  ───       [2]         ── (2) QB
C    (10) ───       [4]         ── (6) QC
D    (9)  ───       [8]         ── (7) QD
```

'191, 'LS191

```
                        CTRDIV16
CTEN  (4) ─▷  G1
D/U   (5) ─●  M2 [DOWN]   2(CT = 0)Z6 ─●── (12) MAX/MIN
              M3 [UP]     3(CT = 15)Z6 ──
CLK  (14) ─●▷ 1,2−/1,3+
          ─▷  G4                 6,1,4 ─▷ (13) RCO
LOAD (11) ─▷  C5
A    (15) ─── 5D    [1]    +− ⌐ ── (3) QA
B    (1)  ───       [2]         ── (2) QB
C    (10) ───       [4]         ── (6) QC
D    (9)  ───       [8]         ── (7) QD
```
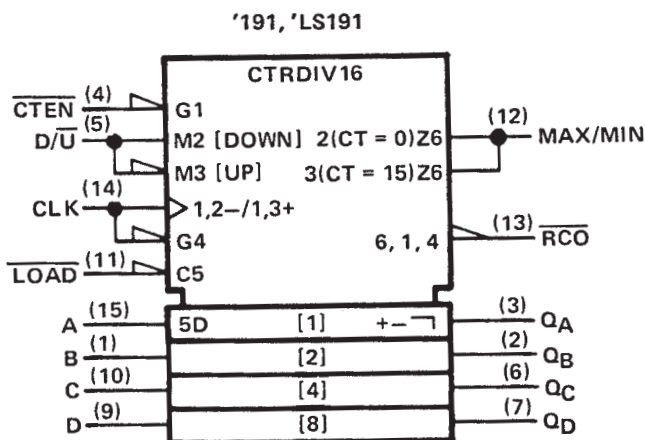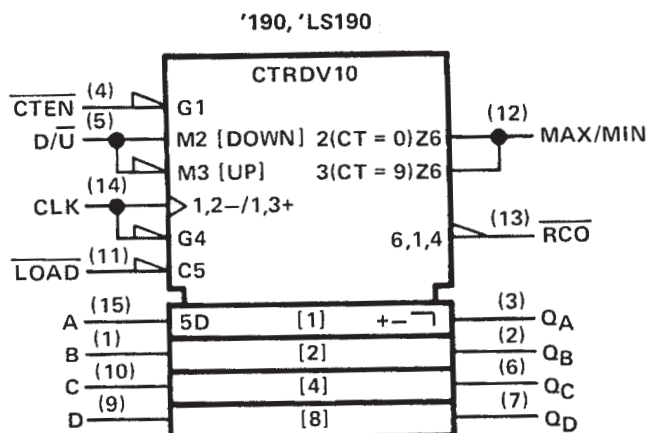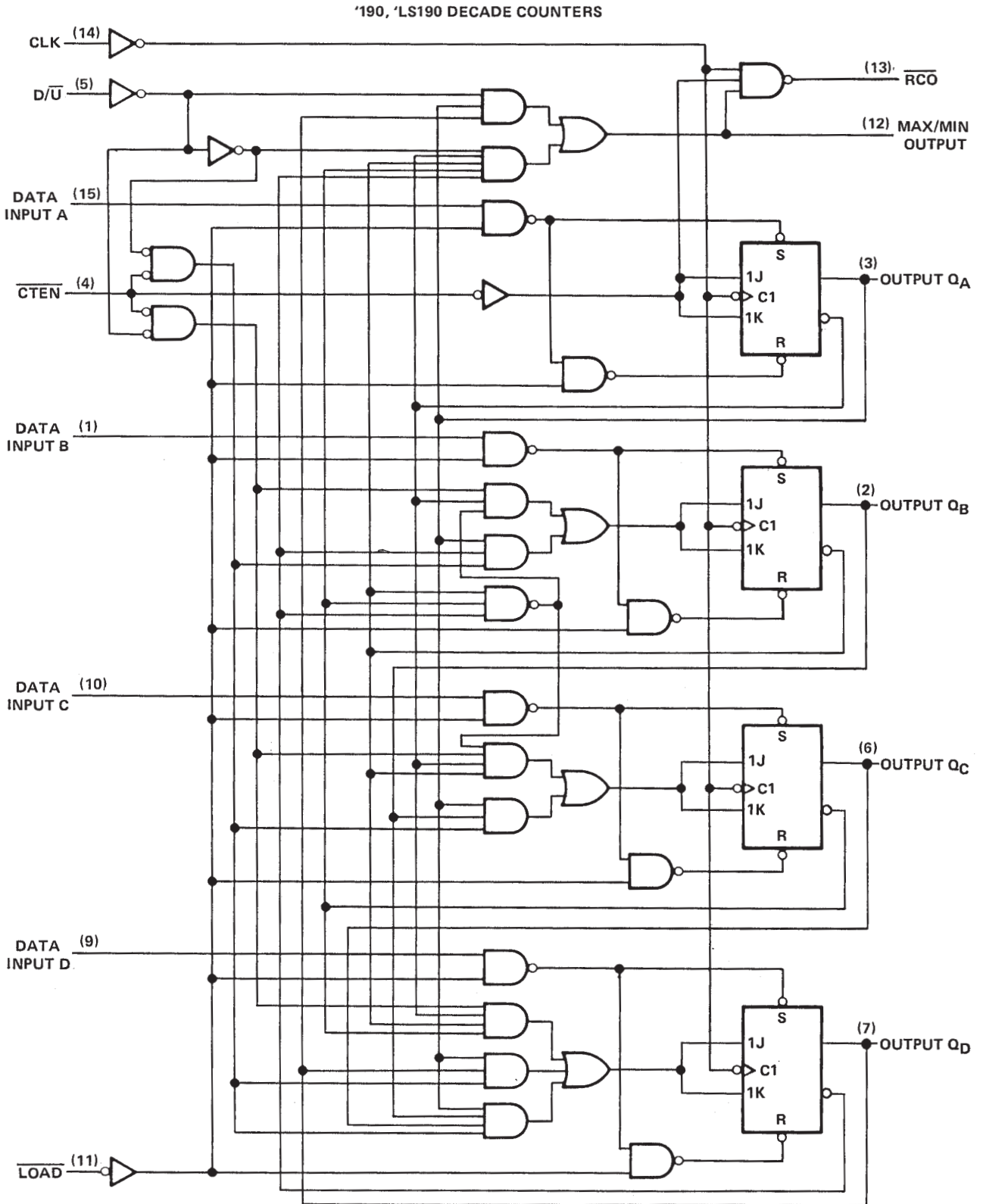
† These symbols are accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.
Pin numbers shown are for D, J, and N packages.

logic diagram (positive logic)

'190, 'LS190 DECADE COUNTERS

Pin numbers shown are for D, J, and N packages.

logic diagram (positive logic)

'191, 'LS191 BINARY COUNTERS
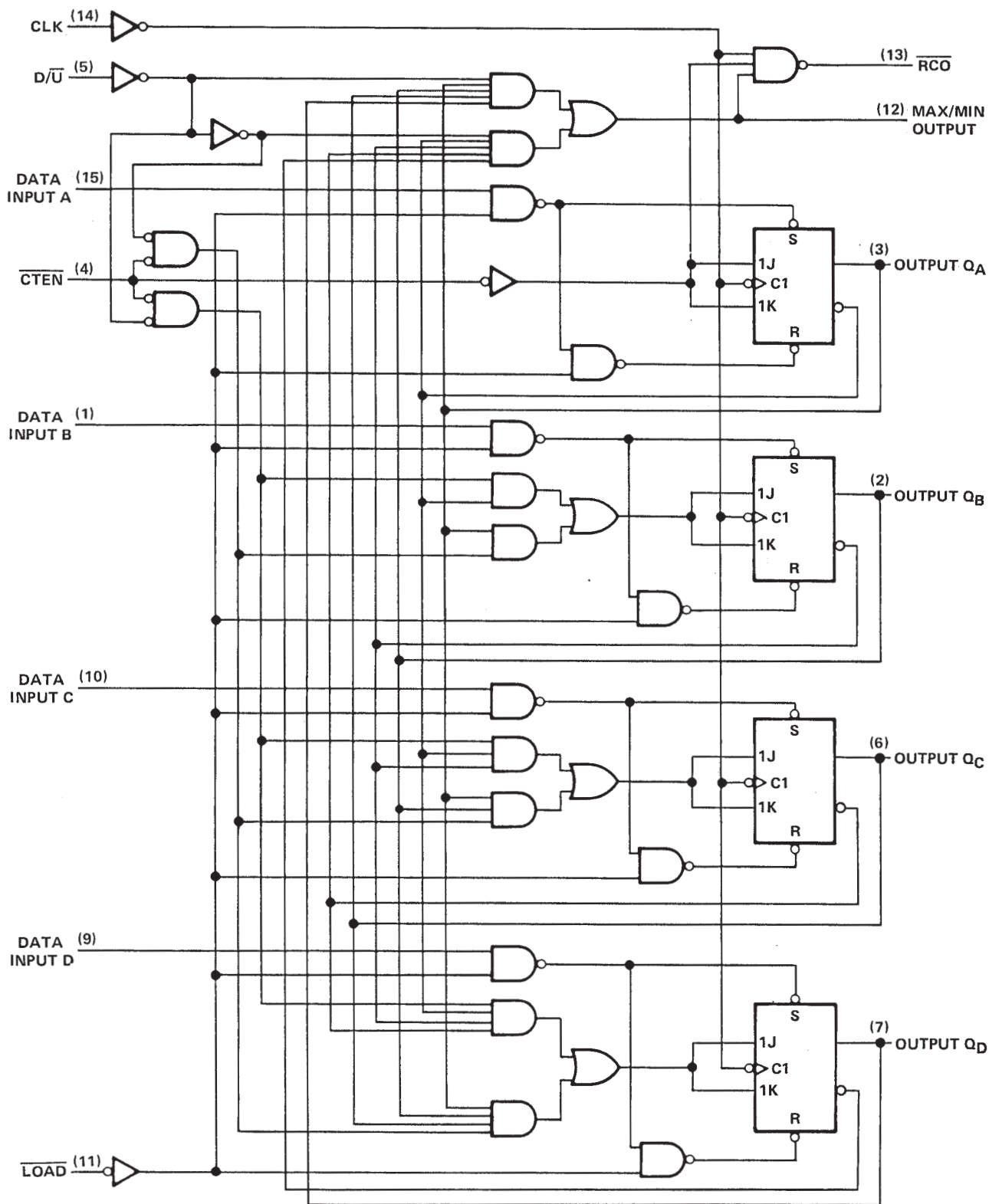
Pin numbers shown are for D, J, and N packages.

'190, 'LS190 DECADE COUNTERS

typical load, count, and inhibit sequences

Illustrated below is the following sequence:

1. Load (preset) to BCD seven.
2. Count up to eight, nine (maximum), zero, one, and two.
3. Inhibit.
4. Count down to one, zero (minimum), nine, eight, and seven.

'191, 'LS191 BINARY COUNTERS

pical load, count, and inhibit sequences

Illustrated below is the following sequence:

1. Load (preset) to binary thirteen.
2. Count up to fourteen, fifteen (maximum), zero, one, and two.
3. Inhibit.
4. Count down to one, zero (minimum), fifteen, fourteen, and thirteen.
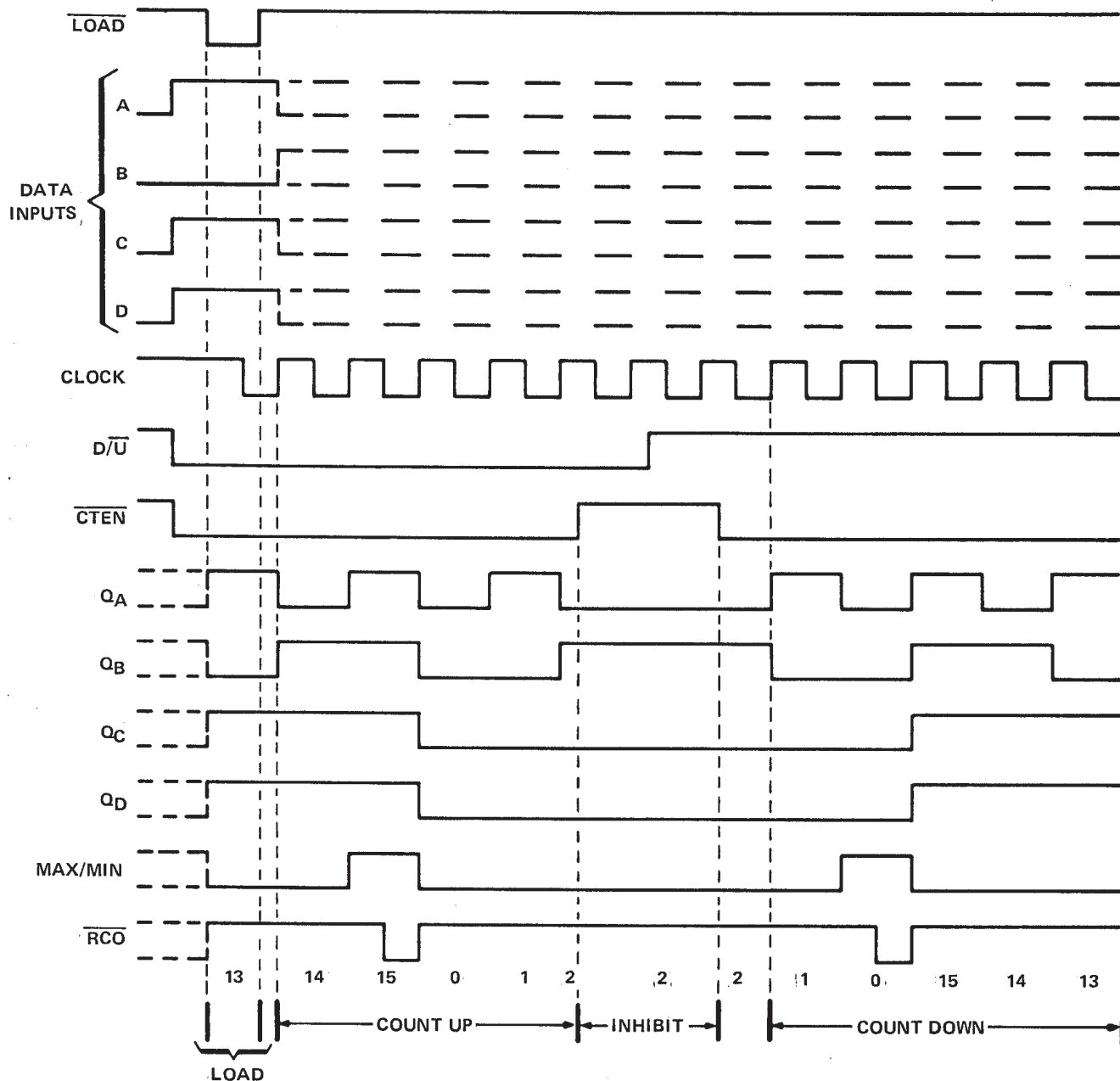
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

POST OFFICE BOX 655303 ● DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V_{CC} (see Note 1) . . . . 7 V
Input voltage: SN54', SN74' Circuits . . . . 5.5 V
  SN54LS', SN74LS' Circuits . . . . 7 V
Operating free-air temperature range: SN54', SN54LS' Circuits . . . . −55°C to 125°C
  SN74', SN74LS' Circuits . . . . 0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range . . . . −65°C to 150°C

NOTE 1: Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

recommended operating conditions

		SN54190, SN54191			SN74190, SN74191			UNIT
		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current			−0.8			−0.8	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current			16			16	mA
f_{clock}	Input clock frequency	0		20	0		20	MHz
$t_{w(clock)}$	Width of clock input pulse	25			25			ns
$t_{w(load)}$	Width of load input pulse	35			35			ns
t_{su}	Setup time	Data, high or low (See Figure 1 and 2)	20		20		ns
		Load inactive state	20		20		
t_{hold}	Data hold time	0			0			ns
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	−55		125	0		70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS†	SN54190, SN54191			SN74190, SN74191			UNIT
			MIN	TYP‡	MAX	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	V_{CC} = MIN	2			2			V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V_{CC} = MIN			0.8			0.8	V
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage	V_{CC} = MIN, I_I = −12 mA			−1.5			−1.5	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	V_{CC} = MIN, V_{IH} = 2 V, V_{IL} = 0.8 V, I_{OH} = −0.8 mA	2.4	3.4		2.4	3.4		V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V_{CC} = MIN, V_{IH} = 2 V, V_{IL} = 0.8 V, I_{OL} = 16 mA		0.2	0.4		0.2	0.4	V
I_I	High-level input current at maximum input voltage	V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 5.5 V			1			1	mA
I_{IH}	High-level input current at any input except enable	V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 2.4 V			40			40	µA
I_{IH}	High-level input current at enable input				120			120	µA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current at any input except enable	V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 0.4 V			−1.6			−1.6	mA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current at enable input				−4.8			−4.8	mA
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current§	V_{CC} = MAX	−20		−65	−18		−65	mA
I_{CC}	Supply current	V_{CC} = MAX, See Note 2		65	99		65	105	mA

†For conditions shown as MAX or MIN, use appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.
‡All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.
§Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.
NOTE 2: I_{CC} is measured with all inputs grounded and all outputs open.

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switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER[†]	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	'190, '191 MIN	'190, '191 TYP	'190, '191 MAX	UNIT
f_{max}				20	25		MHz
t_{PLH}	$\overline{\text{Load}}$	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			22	33	ns
t_{PHL}					33	50	
t_{PLH}	Data A, B, C, D	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			14	22	ns
t_{PHL}					35	50	
t_{PLH}	CLK	$\overline{\text{RCO}}$	C_L = 15 pF, R_L = 400 Ω, See Figures 1 and 3 thru 7		13	20	ns
t_{PHL}					16	24	
t_{PLH}	CLK	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			16	24	ns
t_{PHL}					24	36	
t_{PLH}	CLK	Max/Min			28	42	ns
t_{PHL}					37	52	
t_{PLH}	D/$\overline{U}$	$\overline{\text{RCO}}$			30	45	ns
t_{PHL}					30	45	
t_{PLH}	D/$\overline{U}$	Max/Min			21	33	ns
t_{PHL}					22	33	

[†] f_{max} ≡ maximum clock frequency
t_{PLH} ≡ propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output
t_{PHL} ≡ propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output

schematics of inputs and outputs

EQUIVALENT OF EACH INPUT

Enable input: R_{eq} = 1.3 kΩ NOM
All other inputs: R_{eq} = 4 kΩ NOM

TYPICAL OF ALL OUTPUTS

130 Ω NOM

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POST OFFICE BOX 655303 ● DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

recommended operating conditions

			SN54LS190 SN54LS191			SN74LS190 SN74LS191			UNIT
			MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current				− 0.4			− 0.4	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current				4			8	mA
f_{clock}	Clock frequency		0		20	0		20	MHz
$t_{w(clock)}$	Width of clock input pulse		25			25			ns
$t_{w(load)}$	Width of load input pulse		35			35			ns
t_{su}	Data setup time (See Figures 1 and 2)		20			20			ns
t_{su}	Load inactive state setup time		30			30			ns
t_h	Data hold time		5			5			ns
t_h	Enable hold time		0			0			ns
t_{enable}	Count enable time (see Note 3)		40			40			ns
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		− 55		125	0		70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS[†]			SN54LS190 SN54LS191			SN74LS190 SN74LS191			UNIT
						MIN	TYP[‡]	MAX	MIN	TYP[‡]	MAX	
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage					2			2			V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage							0.7			0.8	V
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage		V_{CC} = MIN,	I_I = −18 mA				−1.5			−1.5	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage		V_{CC} = MIN, $V_{IL} = V_{IL}$ max,	V_{IH} = 2 V, I_{OH} = −400 μA		2.5	3.4		2.7	3.4		V
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage		V_{CC} = MIN, $V_{IL} = V_{IL}$ max	V_{IH} = 2 V,	I_{OL} = 4 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4	V
					I_{OL} = 8 mA					0.35	0.5	
I_I	High-level input current at maximum input voltage	Enable	V_{CC} = MAX,	V_I = 7 V				0.3			0.3	mA
		Others						0.1			0.1	
I_{IH}	High-level input current	Enable	V_{CC} = MAX,	V_I = 2.7 V				60			60	μA
		Others						20			20	
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	Enable	V_{CC} = MAX,	V_I = 0.4 V				−1.2			−1.2	mA
		Others						−0.4			−0.4	
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current[§]		V_{CC} = MAX,			−20		−100	−20		−100	mA
I_{CC}	Supply current		V_{CC} = MAX,	See Note 2			20	35		20	35	mA

[†]For conditions shown as MAX or MIN, use appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions for the applicable device type.

[‡]All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.

[§]Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

NOTES: 2. I_{CC} is measured with all inputs grounded and all outputs open.

3. Minimum count enable time is the interval immediately preceeding the rising edge of the clock pulse during which interval the count enable input must be low to ensure counting.

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER[†]	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	'LS190, 'LS191 MIN	'LS190, 'LS191 TYP	'LS190, 'LS191 MAX	UNIT
f_{max}				20	25		MHz
t_{PLH}	$\overline{Load}$	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			22	33	ns
t_{PHL}					33	50	
t_{PLH}	Data A, B, C, D	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			20	32	ns
t_{PHL}					27	40	
t_{PLH}	CLK	$\overline{RCO}$	C_L = 15 pF, R_L = 2 kΩ,		13	20	ns
t_{PHL}			See Figures 1 and 3 thru 7		16	24	
t_{PLH}	CLK	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			16	24	ns
t_{PHL}					24	36	
t_{PLH}	CLK	Max/Min			28	42	ns
t_{PHL}					37	52	
t_{PLH}	D/$\overline{U}$	$\overline{RCO}$			30	45	ns
t_{PHL}					30	45	
t_{PLH}	D/$\overline{U}$	Max/Min			21	33	ns
t_{PHL}					22	33	
t_{PLH}	$\overline{CTEN}$	$\overline{RCO}$			21	33	ns
t_{PHL}					22	33	

[†] f_{max} ≡ maximum clock frequency
t_{PLH} ≡ propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output
t_{PHL} ≡ propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output

schematics of inputs and outputs

EQUIVALENT OF EACH INPUT

Enable input: R_{eq} = 8.33 kΩ NOM
Load input: R_{eq} = 25 kΩ NOM
All other inputs: R_{eq} = 17 kΩ NOM

TYPICAL OF ALL OUTPUTS
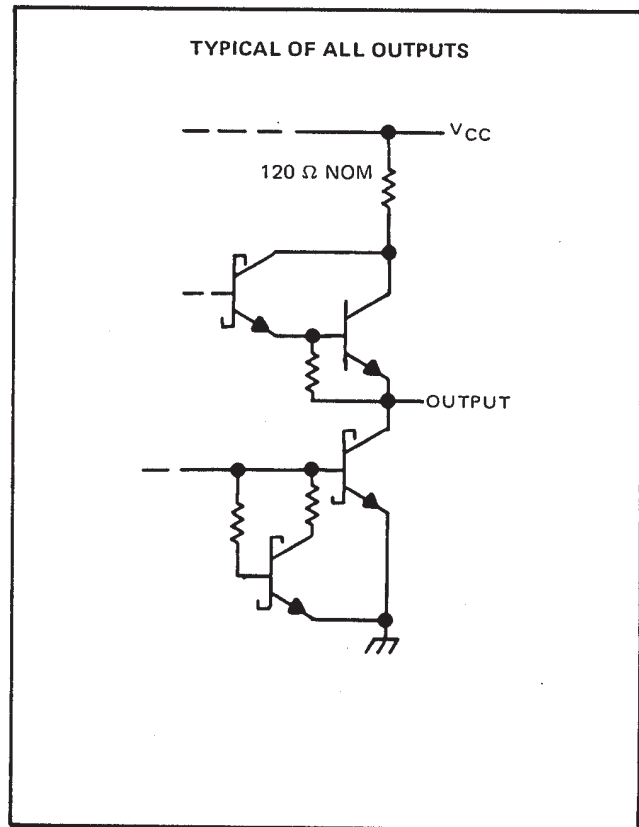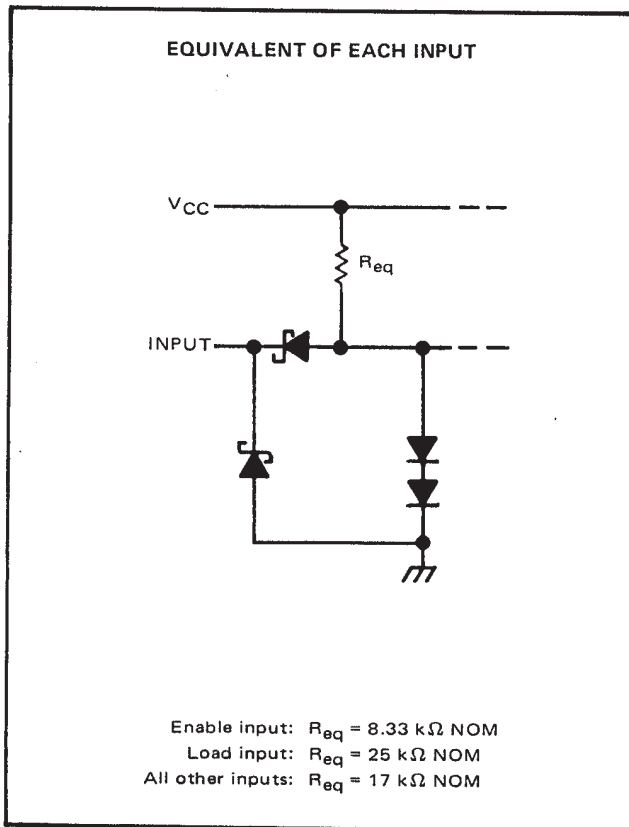
SN54190, SN54191, SN54LS190, SN54LS191,
SN74190, SN74191, SN74LS190, SN74LS191
SYNCHRONOUS UP/DOWN COUNTERS WITH DOWN/UP MODE CONTROL

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION
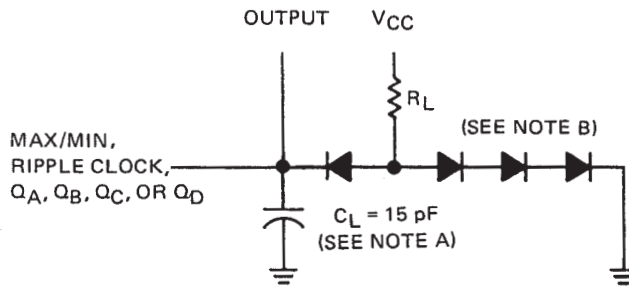
FIGURE 1–LOAD CIRCUIT
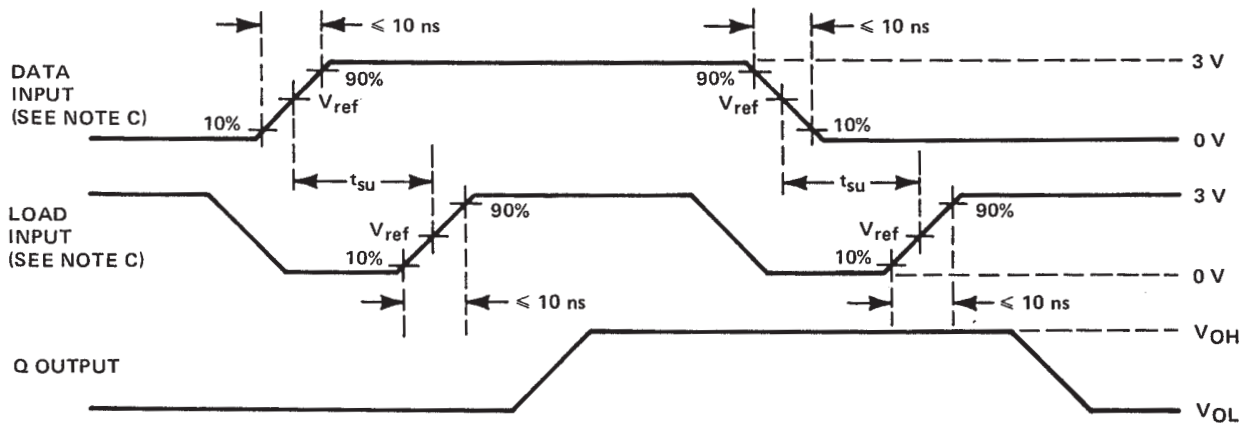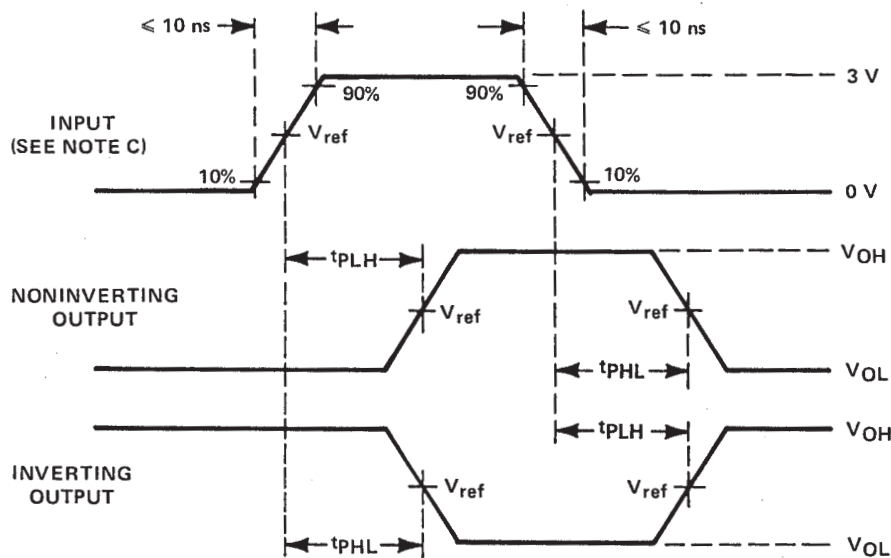**FOR SWITCHING TIME MEASUREMENT**

FIGUTE 2-DATA SETUP TIME VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

See waveform sequences in figures 4 through 7 for propagation times from a specific input to a specific output. For simplication, pulse rise times, reference levels, etc., have not been shown in figures 4 through 7.

FIGURE 3-GENERAL VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS FOR PROPAGATION TIMES

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 B. All diodes are 1N3064 or equivalent.
 C. The input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $Z_{out} = 50 \ \Omega$, duty cycle ≤ 50%, PRR ≤ 1 MHz.
 D. $V_{ref} = 1.5$ V for '190 and '191; 1.3 V for 'LS190 and 'LS191.

![Texas Instruments logo]
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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

NOTE E: Conditions on other inputs are irrelevant.

FIGURE 4—LOAD TO OUTPUT AND DATA TO OUTPUT
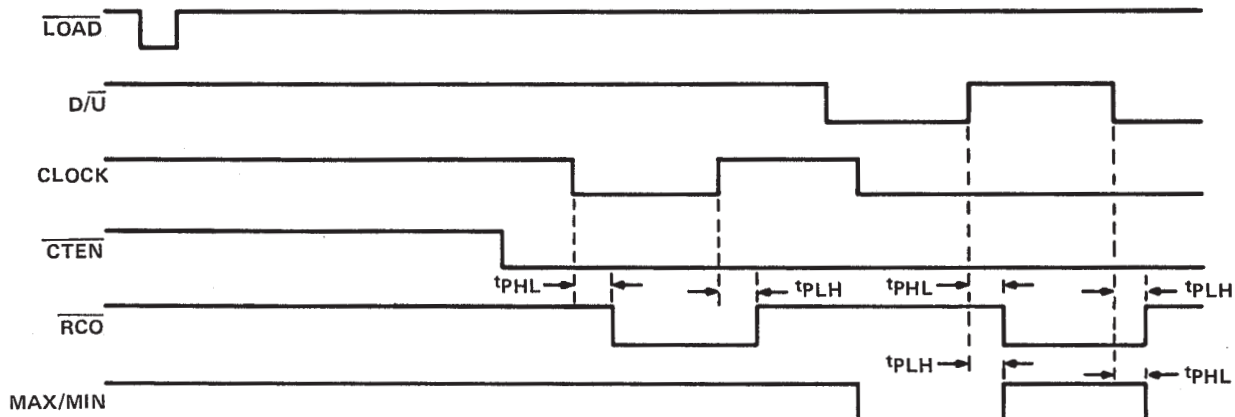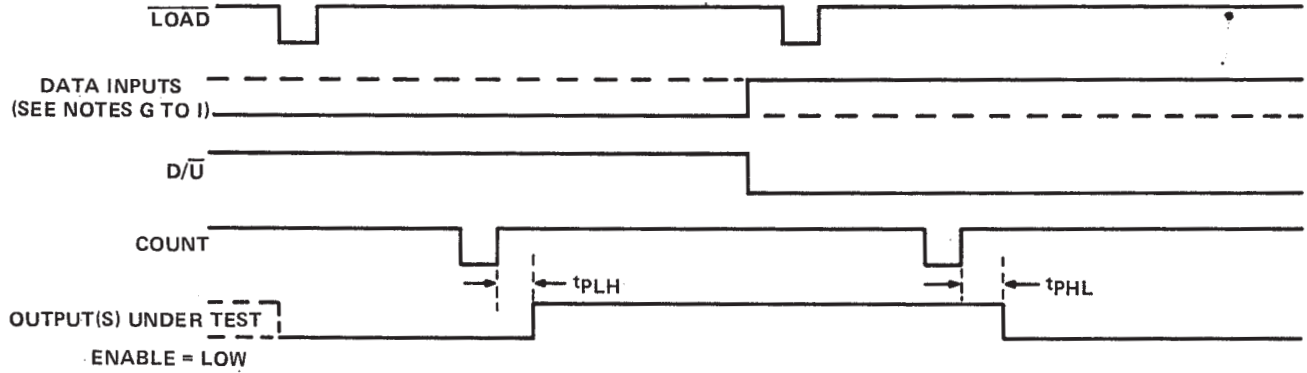
NOTE F: All data inputs are low.

FIGURE 5—ENABLE TO RIPPLE CLOCK, CLOCK TO RIPPLE CLOCK, DOWN/UP TO RIPPLE CLOCK, AND DOWN/UP TO MAX/MIN

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

switching characteristics (continued)

NOTES: G. To test Q_A, Q_B, and Q_C outputs of '190 and 'LS190: Data inputs A, B, and C are shown by the solid line. Data input D is shown by the dashed line.

H. To test Q_D output of '190 and 'LS190: Data inputs A and D are shown by the solid line. Data inputs B and C are held at the low logic level.

I. To test Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, and Q_D outputs of '191 and 'LS191: All four data inputs are shown by the solid line.

FIGURE 6-CLOCK TO OUTPUT
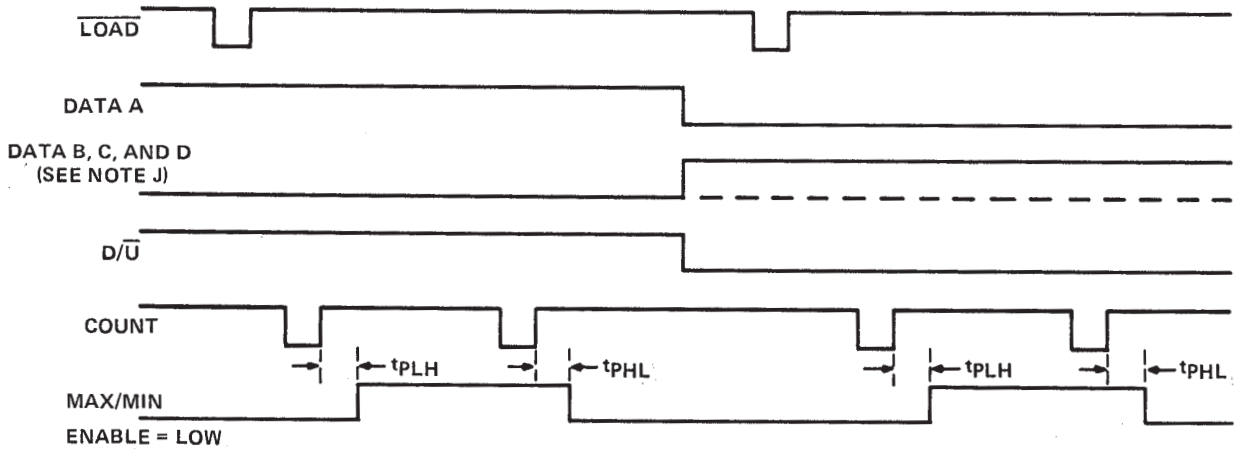
NOTE J: Data inputs B and C are shown by the dashed line for the '190 and 'LS190 and the solid line for the '191 and 'LS191: Data input D is shown by the solid line for both devices.

FIGURE 7-CLOCK TO MAX/MIN

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