

Date of issue: 2014-09-16 097967_eng.xml Release date: 2014-07-23 10:24

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

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1

A2

A1

object distance

Additional Information

Programmable output modes 1. Window mode, normally open mode

> I A1

2. Window mode, normally closed mode

A2

3. One switch point, normally open mode

A2 4. One switch point, normally closed mode

> Γ **A1**

5. A1 -> ∞ , A2 -> ∞ : Object presence detection mode Object detected: Switch output closed No object detected: Switch output open

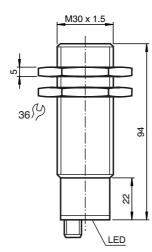
A1 < A2:

A2 < A1:

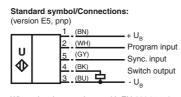
A1 -> ∞:

4. c... A2 -> ∞:

Dimensions



Electrical Connection



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Pinout



Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1 2	BN WH	(brown) (white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	l GY	(gray)

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Accessories

BF 30

Mounting flange, 30 mm

BF 30-F

Mounting flange with dead stop, 30 mm

BF 5-30

Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 ... 30 mm

UVW90-M30

Ultrasonic -deflector

UVW90-K30 Ultrasonic -deflector

UB-PROG2 Programming unit

V15-G-2M-PVC

Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable

V15-W-2M-PUR Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PUR cable

Description of Sensor Functions

Programming procedure

The sensor features a programmable switch output with two programmable switch points. Programming the switch points and the operating mode is done by applying the supply voltage $-U_B$ or $+U_B$ to the Teach-In input. The supply voltage must be applied to the Teach-In input for at least 1 s. LEDs indicate whether the sensor has recognized the target during the programming procedure.

Note:

If a programming adapter UB-PROG2 is used for the programming procedure, button A1 is assigned to -U_B and button A2 is assigned to +U_B.

Programming of the switch output

Window Modes

Normally open (NO) output

- 1. Place the target at the near end of the desired switch window
- 2. Program the window boundary by applying -U_B to the Teach-In input (yellow and green LEDs flash)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from -UB to save the window boundary
- 4. Place the target at the far end of the desired switch window
- 5. Program the window boundary by applying +U_B to the Teach-In input (yellow and green LEDs flash)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from +U_B to save the window boundary

Normally closed (NC) output

- 1. Place the target at the near end of the desired switch window
- 2. Program the window boundary by applying $+U_B$ to the Teach-In input (yellow and green LEDs flash)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from $+U_B$ to save the window boundary
- 4. Place the target at the far end of the desired switch window
- 5. Program the window boundary by applying -U_B to the Teach-In input (yellow and green LEDs flash)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from $\mbox{-}U_B$ to save the window boundary

Switch Point Modes

Normally open (NO) output

- 1. Place the target at the desired switch point position
- 2. Program the switch point by applying +U_B to the Teach-In input (yellow and green LEDs flash)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from +U_B to save the switch point
- 4. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- 5. Program the switch point by applying -U_B to the Teach-In input (red and yellow LEDs flash)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from $-U_B$ to save the switch point

Normally closed (NC) output

- 1. Place the target at the desired switch point position
- 2. Program the switch point by applying -UB to the Teach-In input (yellow and green LEDs flash)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from -U_B to save the switch point
- 4. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- 5. Program the switch point by applying $+U_B$ to the Teach-In input (red and yellow LEDs flash)
- 6. Disconnect the Teach-In input from $+U_B$ to save the switch point

Object Detection Mode

- 1. Cover the sensor face with hand or remove all objects from sensing range
- 2. Apply -U_B to the Teach-In input (red and yellow LEDs flash)
- 3. Disconnect the Teach-In input from $+U_B$ to save the setting
- 4. Apply $+U_B$ to the Teach-In input (red and yellow LEDs flash)
- 5. Disconnect the Teach-In input from $+U_B$ to save the setting

Factory settings

See technical data.

Display

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The sensor provides LEDs to indicate various conditions.

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	Green LED	Red LED	Yellow LED
During Normal operation			
Proper operation	On	Off	Switching state
Interference (e.g. compressed air)	Off	Flashing	Previous state
During sensor programming			
Object detected	Flashing	Off	Off
No object detected	Flashing	Off	On
Object uncertain (programming invalid)	Off	Flashing	Off

Synchronization

This sensor features a synchronization input for suppressing ultrasonic mutual interference ("cross talk"). If this input is not connected, the sensor will operate using internally generated clock pulses. It can be synchronized by applying an external square wave. The pulse duration must be \geq 100 µs. Each falling edge of the synchronization pulse triggers transmission of a single ultrasonic pulse. If the synchronization signal remains low for \geq 1 second, the sensor will revert to normal operating mode. Normal operating mode can also be activated by opening the signal connection to the synchronization input (see note below).

If the synchronization input goes to a high level for > 1 second, the sensor will switch to standby mode, indicated by the green LED. In this mode, the outputs will remain in the last valid output state.

Note:

If the option for synchronization is not used, the synchronization input has to be connected to ground (0 V) or the sensor must be operated via a V1 cordset (4-pin).

The synchronization function cannot be activated during programming mode and vice versa.

The following synchronization modes are possible:

- 1. Several sensors (max. number see technical data) can be synchronized together by interconnecting their respective synchronization inputs. In this case, each sensor alternately transmits ultrasonic pulses in a self multiplexing mode. No two sensors will transmit pulses at the same time (see note below).
- 2. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same external synchronization signal. In this mode the sensors are triggered in parallel and are synchronized by a common external synchronization pulse.
- 3. A separate synchronization pulse can be sent to each individual sensor. In this mode the sensors operate in external multiplex mode (see note below).
- 4. A high level (+U_B) on the synchronization input switches the sensor to standby mode.

Note:

Sensor response times will increase proportionally to the number of sensors that are in the synchronization string. This is a result of the multiplexing of the ultrasonic transmit and receive signal and the resulting increase in the measurement cycle time.

Installation conditions

If the sensor is installed in an environment where the temperature can fall below 0 °C, one of these mounting flanges must be used for mounting: BF30, BF30-F, or BF 5-30.

If the sensor is mounted in a through hole using the included steel nuts, it must be mounted at the middle of the threaded housing. If it must be mounted at the front end of the threaded housing, plastic nuts with centering ring (optional accessories) must be used.

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