

Description

ACE1117C is a series of low dropout three-terminal regulators with a dropout of 1.3V at 1A load current. ACE1117C features a low standby current 2mA.

Other than a fixed version (Vout = 1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5V, and 12V), ACE1117C has an adjustable version, which can provide an output voltage from 1.25 to 12V with only two external resistors.

ACE1117C offers thermal shut down and current limit functions, to assure stability of chip and power system. Trimming technique is used to guarantee output voltage accuracy within $\pm 2\%$. Other output voltage accuracy such as $\pm 1\%$ can be customized on demand.

Features

- Other than a fixed version and an adjustable version, output value can be customized on command.
- Maximum output current is 1A.
- Range of operation input voltage: Max 18V
- Standby current: 2mA (typ.)
- Line regulation: 0.1% (typ.)
- Load regulation: 10mV (typ.)
- Environment Temperature: -20°C ~85°C
- Compatible with tantalum capacitor, electrolytic capacitor and MLCC

Application

- Power Management for Computer Mother Board, Graphic Card
- LCD Monitor and LCD TV
- DVD Decode Board
- ADSL Modem
- Post Regulators for switching supplies

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Max	Unit	
Input voltage		Vin	18	V	
Operating Junction Temperature		ТJ	150	°C	
Ambient Temperature		TA	-40~85	°C	
Package Thermal Resistance	SOT-223		20	°C/W	
	TO-252		12.5		
Storage temperature		Ts	- 40 to 150	°C	

Note: Exceed these limits to damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.



Typical Electrical Characteristics



Typical Application

Application circuit of ACE1117C fixed version



Packaging Type



SOT-223 / TO-252	Description			
1	ADJ/GND			
2	Vout			
3	Vin			

Recommended work conditions

Parameter	Value		
Input Voltage Range	Max. 16V ⁽¹⁾		
Operating Junction Temperature (T_J)	-20 ~ 125°C		

3

Note 1. Exceptional for ACE1117C-12V, the maximum input voltage for ACE1117C-12V is 20V.



Ordering information



Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		ACE1117C-1.2V		1.20	1.224	- V
		$0 \leq $ lout $\leq $ 1A, Vin=3.2V	1.176			
		ACE1117C-1.8V	1.764	1.80	1.836	
		$0 \le Iout \le 1A$, Vin=3.8V				
		ACE1117C-2.5V	2.45	2.5	2.55	
Output Malta as		$0 \leq Iout \leq 1A$, Vin=4.5V				
Output voltage	vout	ACE1117C-3.3V	0.004	3.3	3.366	
		$0 \leq Iout \leq 1A$, Vin=5.3V	3.234			
		ACE1117C-5.0V		5	5.1	
		$0 \le Iout \le 1A$, Vin=7.0V	4.9			
		ACE1117C-12.0V		12	12.24	
		0≦Iout≦1A, Vin=14V	11.76			
Reference Voltage	V _{REF}	ACE1117C-ADJ	1.225	1.25	1.275	V
		$10mA \le lout \le 1A$, Vin=3.25V				v
		ACE1117C-ADJ		0.1	0.2	-
		lout=10mA, 2.75V \leq Vin \leq 16V				
		ACE1117C-1.2V		0.1	0.2	
		lout=10mA, 2.7V \leq Vin \leq 15V				
		ACE1117C-1.8V		0.1	0.0	
		lout=10mA, $3.3V \leq Vin \leq 16V$	0.1		0.2	
Line Regulation	4 Vout	ACE1117C-2.5V		0.1	0.2	%/V
	∆vout	lout=10mA, 4.0V \leq Vin \leq 16V				
		ACE1117C-3.3V		0.1	0.2	
		lout=10mA, 4.8V \leq Vin \leq 16V				
		ACE1117C-5.0V		0.1	0.2	
		lout=10mA, $6.5V \leq Vin \leq 16V$				
		ACE1117C-12.0V		0.1	0.2	
		lout=10mA, 13.5V \leq Vin \leq 20V				
Load Regulation	∧\/out	ACE1117C-ADJ		10	30	m\/
	∆vout	Vin=2.7V, $10mA \le Iout \le 1A$		10	30	mν



ACE1117C

1A Bipolar Linear Regulator

		ACE1117C-1.2V		10	30		
		Vin=2.75V, 10mA \leq Iout \leq 1A		10			
		ACE1117C-1.8V		10	30		
		Vin=3.3V, $10mA \le lout \le 1A$		10			
		ACE1117C-2.5V		10	30		
		Vin=4.0V, $10mA \le lout \le 1A$					
		ACE1117C-3.3V		10	30		
		Vin=4.8V, $10mA \le lout \le 1A$	10		- 50		
		ACE1117C-5.0V		10	30		
		Vin=6.5V, $10mA \le lout \le 1A$	10		50		
		ACE1117C-12.0V		10	30		
		Vin=13.5V, 10mA \leq lout \leq 1A		10			
	Ι _Q	ACE1117C-1.2V, Vin=10V		2	5	mA	
		ACE1117C-1.8V, Vin=12V		2	5		
Outreast Current		ACE1117C-2.5V, Vin=12V		2	5		
Quiescent Current		ACE1117C-3.3V, Vin=12V		2	5		
		ACE1117C-5.0V, Vin=12V		2	5		
		ACE1117C-12.0V, Vin=20V		2	5		
Adjust Pin Current	I _{ADJ}	ACE1117C-ADJ Vin=5V,		55	120	uA	
		10mA≦Iout≦1A		55			
ladj change	Ichange	ACE1117C-ADJ Vin=5V,		0.2	10	uA	
		10mA≦Iout≦1A		0.2			
Current Limit	llimit	Vin-Vout=2V, TJ=25℃	1			А	
Minimum load Current	Imin	ACE1117C-ADJ		2	10	mA	
Temperature coefficient	∆V/∆T			±100		ppm	
Vdrop	Dropout voltage	lout=100mA		1.23	1.3	V	
		lout=1A		1.3	1.5	V	
Thermal Resistance	ΘJC	SOT-223		20		°C AA/	
		TO-252		10		C/W	

Note1: All test are conducted under ambient temperature 25°C and within a short period of time 20ms

Note2: Load current smaller than minimum load current of ACE1117C-ADJ will lead to unstable or oscillation output.



Block Diagram



Detailed Description

ACE1117C is a series of low dropout voltage, three terminal regulators. Its application circuit is very simple: the fixed version only needs two capacitors and the adjustable version only needs two resistors and two capacitors to work. It is composed of some modules including start-up circuit, bias circuit, bandgap, thermal shutdown, current limit, power transistors and its driver circuit and so on.

The thermal shut down modules can assure chip and its application system working safety when the junction temperature is larger than 140° C.

The bandgap module provides stable reference voltage, whose temperature coefficient is compensated by careful design considerations. The temperature coefficient is under 100ppm/°C. And the accuracy of output voltage is guaranteed by trimming technique.



Typical Application

ACE1117C has an adjustable version and six fixed versions (1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, 5.0V and 12V) Fixed output voltage version



Application circuit of ACE1117C fixed version

- 1. Recommend using 10uF tan capacitor as bypass capacitor (C1) for all application circuit.
- 2. Recommend using 10uF tan capacitor to assure circuit stability.

Adjustable Output Voltage Version

ACE1117C provides a 1.25V reference voltage. Any output voltage between 1.25V~12V can be achievable by choosing two external resistors (schematic is shown below), R1 and R2



The output voltage of adjustable version follows the equation: Vout=1.25*(1+R2/R1)+IAdj*R2. We can ignore IAdj because IAdj (about 50uA) is much less than the current of R1 (about 2~10mA).

- To meet the minimum load current (>10mA) requirement, R1 is recommended to be 125Ω or lower. As ACE1117C-ADJ can keep itself stable at load current about 2mA, R1 is not allowed to be higher than 625Ω.
- 2. Using a bypass capacitor (C_{ADJ}) between the ADJ pin and ground can improve ripple rejection. This bypass capacitor prevents ripple from being amplified as the output voltage is increased. The impedance of C_{ADJ} should be less than R1 to prevent ripple from being amplified. As R1 is normally in the range of 100 Ω ~500 Ω , the value of C_{ADJ} should satisfy this equation:1/(2 π^* f_{ripple}*C_{ADJ})<R1.



Thermal Considerations

We have to take heat dissipation into great consideration when output current or differential voltage of input and output voltage is large. Because in such cases, the power dissipation consumed by ACE1117C is very large. ACE1117C series uses SOT-223 package type and its thermal resistance is about 20°C/W. And the copper area of application board can affect the total thermal resistance. If copper area is 5cm*5cm (two sides), the resistance is about 30°C/W. So the total thermal resistance is about 20°C/W + 30°C/W. We can decrease total thermal resistance by increasing copper area in application board. When there is no good heat dissipation copper are in PCB, the total thermal resistance will be as high as 120°C/W, then the power dissipation of ACE1117C could allow on itself is less than 1W. And furthermore, ACE1117C will work at junction temperature higher than 125°C under such condition and no lifetime is guaranteed.

Typical Performance Characteristic

 $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless specified Line Regulation



Load Regulation





Typical Performance Characteristic

 $T_A{=}25^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ unless specified

Dropout Voltage



Thermal performance with OTP





Packing Information

SOT-223





Packing Information

TO-252





Notes

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- 1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and shoes failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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