

## IR2010(S)(TR) & (PbF)

### Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
- Fully operational to 200V
- Tolerant to negative transient voltage,  $dV/dt$  immune
- Gate drive supply range from 10 to 20V
- Undervoltage lockout for both channels
- 3.3V logic compatible
- Separate logic supply range from 3.3V to 20V
- Logic and power ground  $\pm 5V$  offset
- CMOS Schmitt-triggered inputs with pull-down
- Shut down input turns off both channels
- Matched propagation delay for both channels
- Outputs in phase with inputs
- Also available LEAD-FREE

### HIGH AND LOW SIDE DRIVER

#### Product Summary

V <sub>OFFSET</sub>	200V max.
I <sub>O</sub> +/-	3.0A / 3.0A typ.
V <sub>OUT</sub>	10 - 20V
t <sub>on/off</sub>	95 & 65 ns typ.
Delay Matching	15 ns max.

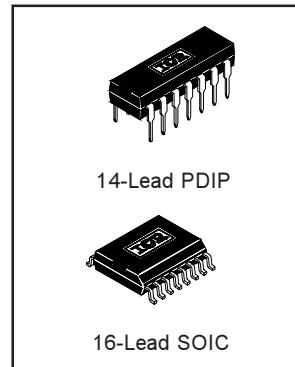
### Applications

- Audio Class D amplifiers
- High power DC-DC SMPS converters
- Other high frequency applications

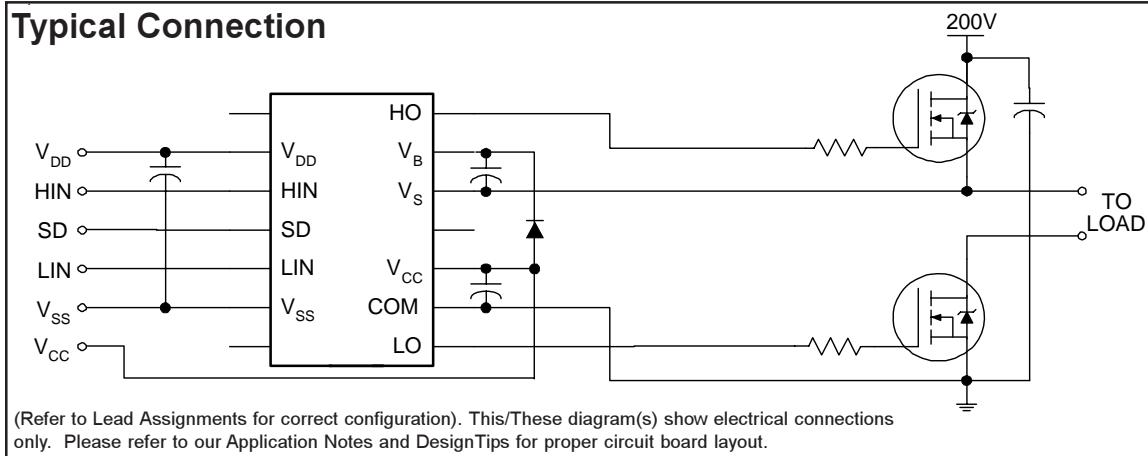
### Description

The IR2010 is a high power, high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with independent high and low side referenced output channels, ideal for Audio Class D and DC-DC converter applications. Logic inputs are compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL output, down to 3.0V logic. The output drivers feature a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. Propagation delays are matched to simplify use in high frequency applications. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high side configuration which operates up to 200 volts. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction.

### Packages



### Typical Connection



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_B$	High side floating supply voltage	-0.3	225	V
$V_S$	High side floating supply offset voltage	$V_B - 25$	$V_B + 0.3$	
$V_{HO}$	High side floating output voltage	$V_S - 0.3$	$V_B + 0.3$	
$V_{CC}$	Low side fixed supply voltage	-0.3	25	
$V_{LO}$	Low side output voltage	-0.3	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	
$V_{DD}$	Logic supply voltage	-0.3	$V_{SS} + 25$	
$V_{SS}$	Logic supply offset voltage	$V_{CC} - 25$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	
$V_{IN}$	Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN & SD)	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	
$dV_S/dt$	Allowable offset supply voltage transient (figure 2)	—	50	V/ns
$P_D$	Package power dissipation @ $T_A \leq +25^\circ\text{C}$	—	1.6	W
	(14 lead DIP) (16 lead SOIC)	—	1.25	
$R_{THJA}$	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	—	75	°C/W
	(14 lead DIP) (16 lead SOIC)	—	100	
$T_J$	Junction temperature	—	150	°C
$T_S$	Storage temperature	-55	150	
$T_L$	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300	

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The input/output logic timing diagram is shown in figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The  $V_S$  and  $V_{SS}$  offset ratings are tested with all supplies biased at 15V differential. Typical ratings at other bias conditions are shown in figures 24 and 25.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_B$	High side floating supply absolute voltage	$V_S + 10$	$V_S + 20$	V
$V_S$	High side floating supply offset voltage	Note 1	200	
$V_{HO}$	High side floating output voltage	$V_S$	$V_B$	
$V_{CC}$	Low side fixed supply voltage	10	20	
$V_{LO}$	Low side output voltage	0	$V_{CC}$	
$V_{DD}$	Logic supply voltage	$V_{SS} + 3$	$V_{SS} + 20$	
$V_{SS}$	Logic supply offset voltage	-5 (Note 2)	5	
$V_{IN}$	Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN & SD)	$V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}$	
$T_A$	Ambient temperature	-40	125	°C

Note 1: Logic operational for  $V_S$  of -4 to +200V. Logic state held for  $V_S$  of -4V to  $-V_{BS}$ .

Note 2: When  $V_{DD} < 5\text{V}$ , the minimum  $V_{SS}$  offset is limited to  $-V_{DD}$ .

(Please refer to the Design Tip DT97-3 for more details).

## Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS}$  ( $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{BS}$ ,  $V_{DD}$ ) = 15V,  $C_L$  = 1000 pF,  $T_A$  = 25°C and  $V_{SS}$  = COM unless otherwise specified. The dynamic electrical characteristics are measured using the test circuit shown in Figure 3.

Symbol	Definition	Figure	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$t_{on}$	Turn-on propagation delay	7	50	95	135	ns	$V_S$ = 0V
$t_{off}$	Turn-off propagation delay	8	30	65	105		$V_S$ = 200V
$t_{sd}$	Shutdown propagation delay	9	35	70	105		$V_S$ = 200V
$t_r$	Turn-on rise time	10	—	10	20		
$t_f$	Turn-off fall time	11	—	15	25		
MT	Delay matching, HS & LS turn-on/off	6	—	—	15		

## Static Electrical Characteristics

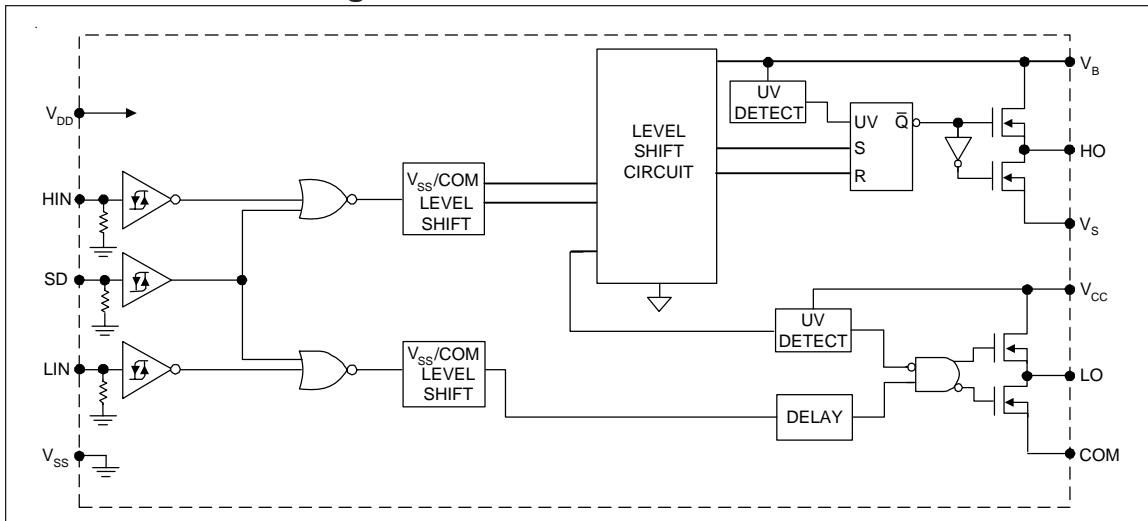
$V_{BIAS}$  ( $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{BS}$ ,  $V_{DD}$ ) = 15V,  $T_A$  = 25°C and  $V_{SS}$  = COM unless otherwise specified. The  $V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{TH}$  and  $I_{IN}$  parameters are referenced to  $V_{SS}$  and are applicable to all three logic input leads: HIN, LIN and SD. The  $V_O$  and  $I_O$  parameters are referenced to COM and are applicable to the respective output leads: HO or LO.

Symbol	Definition	Figure	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{IH}$	Logic "1" input voltage	12	9.5	—	—	V	$V_{DD}$ = 15V
$V_{IL}$	Logic "0" input voltage	13	—	—	6.0		$V_{DD}$ = 3.3V
$V_{IH}$	Logic "1" input voltage	12	2	—	—		$I_O$ = 0A
$V_{IL}$	Logic "0" input voltage	13	—	—	1		$I_O$ = 0A
$V_{OH}$	High level output voltage, $V_{BIAS} - V_O$	14	—	—	1.0		$V_B = V_S = 200V$
$V_{OL}$	Low level output voltage, $V_O$	15	—	—	0.1		$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$
$I_{LK}$	Offset supply leakage current	16	—	—	50	$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$
$I_{QBS}$	Quiescent $V_{BS}$ supply current	17	—	70	210		$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$
$I_{QCC}$	Quiescent $V_{CC}$ supply current	18	—	100	230		$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$
$I_{QDD}$	Quiescent $V_{DD}$ supply current	19	—	1	5		$V_{IN} = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$
$I_{IN+}$	Logic "1" input bias current	20	—	20	40		$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$
$I_{IN-}$	Logic "0" input bias current	21	—	—	1.0		$V_{IN} = 0V$
$V_{BSUV+}$	$V_{BS}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	22	7.5	8.6	9.7	V	
$V_{BSUV-}$	$V_{BS}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	23	7.0	8.2	9.4		
$V_{CCUV+}$	$V_{CC}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	24	7.5	8.6	9.7		
$V_{CCUV-}$	$V_{CC}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	25	7.0	8.2	9.4		
$I_{O+}$	Output high short circuit pulsed current	26	2.5	3.0	—	A	$V_O = 0V$ , $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ PW $\leq 10 \mu s$
$I_{O-}$	Output low short circuit pulsed current	27	2.5	3.0	—		$V_O = 15V$ , $V_{IN} = 0V$ PW $\leq 10 \mu s$

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## Functional Block Diagram

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### Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
V <sub>DD</sub>	Logic supply
HIN	Logic input for high side gate driver output (HO), in phase
SD	Logic input for shutdown
LIN	Logic input for low side gate driver output (LO), in phase
V <sub>SS</sub>	Logic ground
V <sub>B</sub>	High side floating supply
HO	High side gate drive output
V <sub>S</sub>	High side floating supply return
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side supply
LO	Low side gate drive output
COM	Low side return

### Lead Assignments

<table border="1"> <tr><td>8</td><td>HO</td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>VDD</td><td>VB</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>HIN</td><td>VS</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>SD</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>LIN</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>VSS</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td></td><td>2</td></tr> </table> <p>14 Lead PDIP</p>	8	HO	7	9	VDD	VB	10	HIN	VS	11	SD	5	12	LIN	VCC	13	VSS	3	14		2	<table border="1"> <tr><td>9</td><td>HO</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>VDD</td><td>VB</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>HIN</td><td>VS</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>SD</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>LIN</td><td>VCC</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>VSS</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td></td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td></td><td>1</td></tr> </table> <p>16 Lead SOIC (Wide Body)</p>	9	HO	8	10	VDD	VB	11	HIN	VS	12	SD	6	13	LIN	VCC	14	VSS	3	15		2	16		1
8	HO	7																																												
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<b>IR2010</b> <b>IR2010S</b>																																														
<b>Part Number</b>																																														

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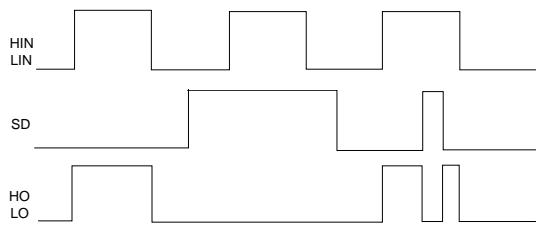


Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

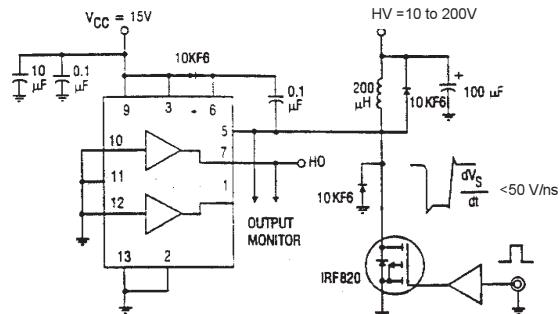


Figure 2. Floating Supply Voltage Transient Test Circuit

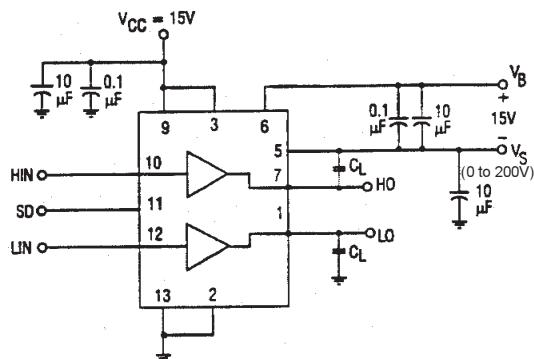


Figure 3. Switching Time Test Circuit

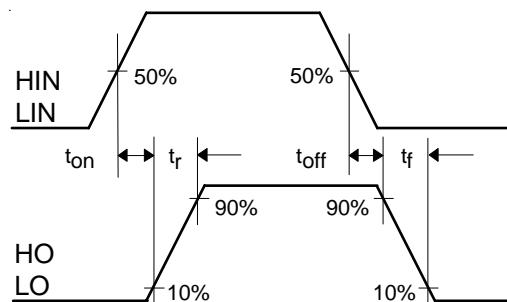


Figure 4. Switching Time Waveform Definition

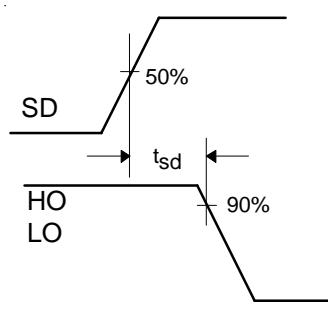


Figure 5. Shutdown Waveform Definitions

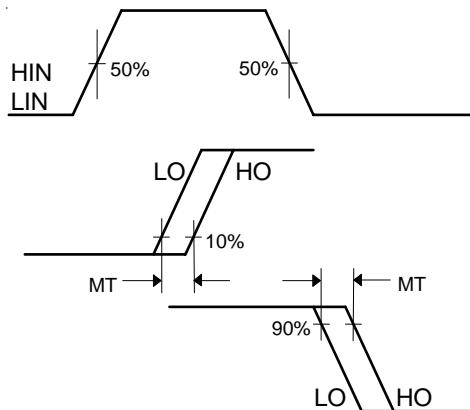


Figure 6. Delay Matching Waveform Definitions

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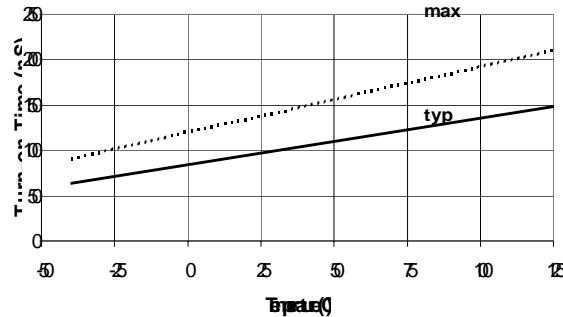


Figure 7A. Turn-on Time vs. Temperature

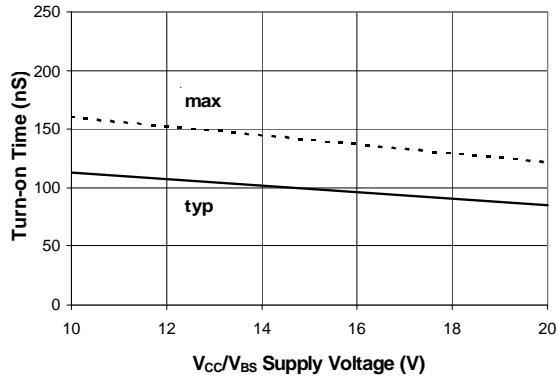


Figure 7B. Turn-on Time vs. V<sub>CC</sub>/V<sub>BS</sub> Voltage

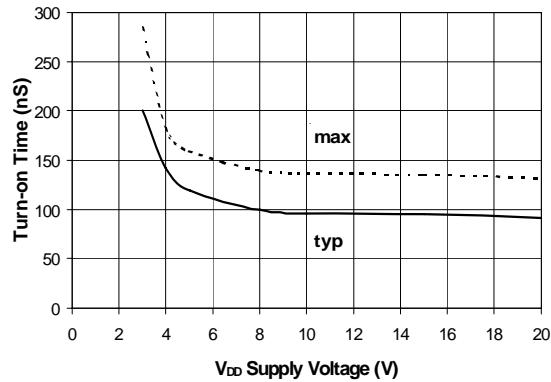


Figure 7C. Turn-on Time vs V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

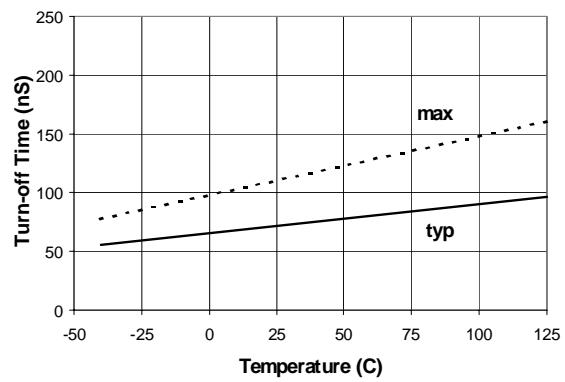


Figure 8A. Turn-off Time vs. Temperature

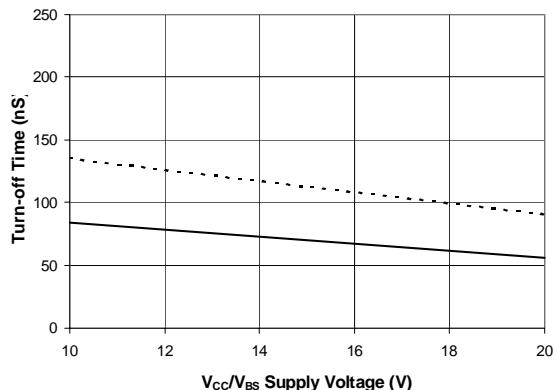


Figure 8B. Turn-off Time vs. V<sub>CC</sub>/V<sub>BS</sub> Voltage

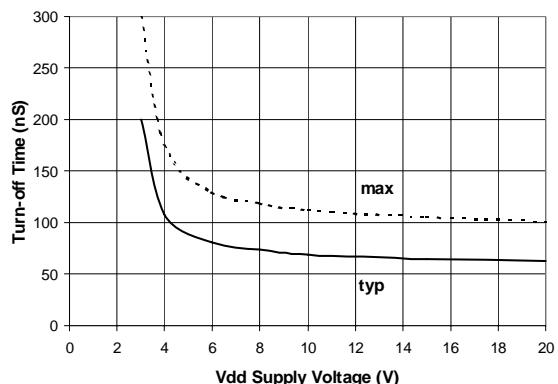


Figure 8C. Turn-off Time vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

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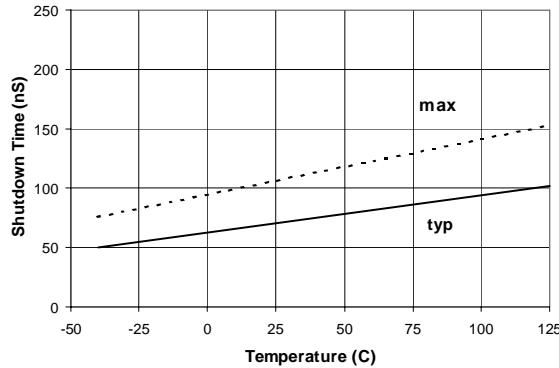


Figure 9A. Shutdown Time vs. Temperature

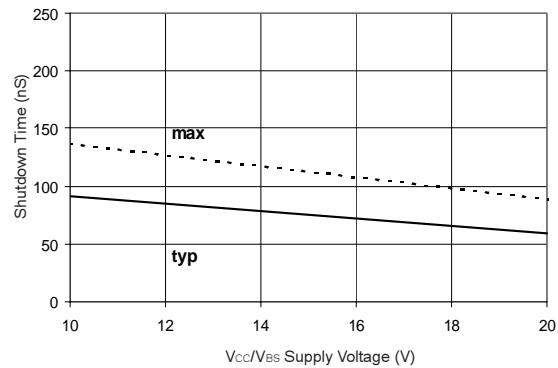


Figure 9B. Shutdown Time vs. Vcc/Vbs Voltage

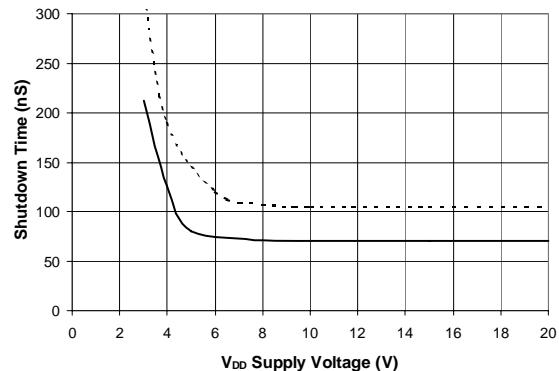


Figure 9C. Shutdown Time vs Vdd Voltage

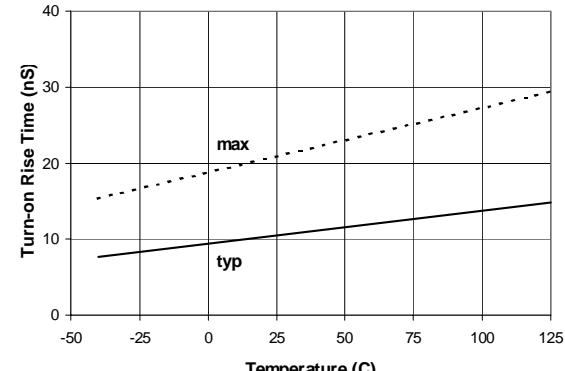


Figure 10A. Turn-on Rise Time vs. Temperature

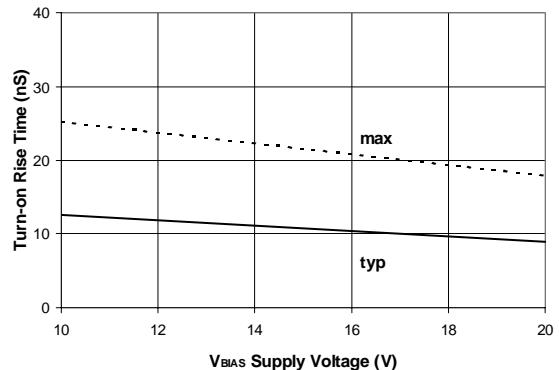


Figure 10B. Turn-on Rise Time vs. Vbias (Vcc=Vbs=Vdd) Voltage

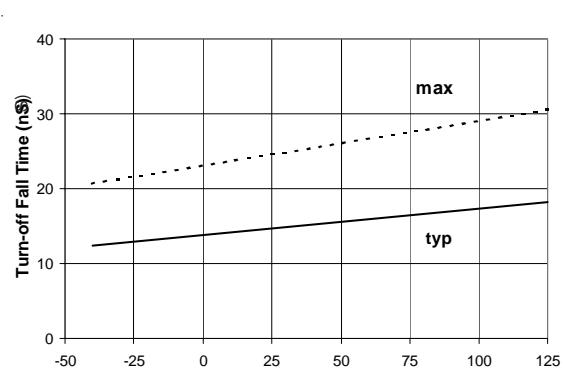


Figure 11A. Turn-off Fall Time vs. Temperature

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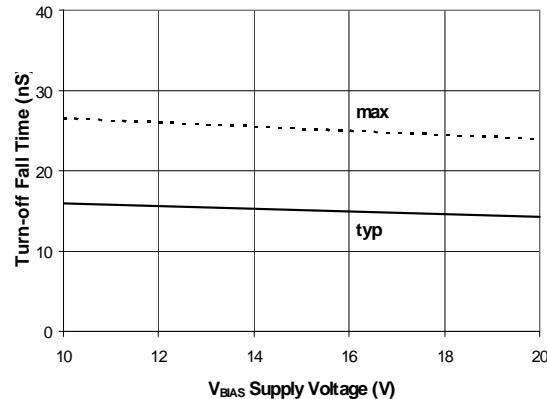


Figure 11B. Turn-Off Fall Time  
vs. V<sub>BIA</sub>S ( $V_{CC} = V_{BS} = V_{DD}$ ) Voltage

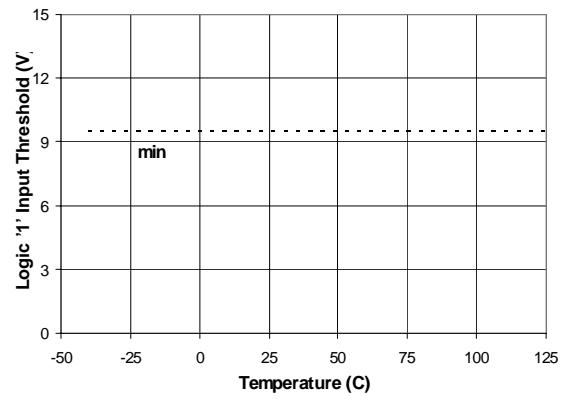


Figure 12A. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Temperature

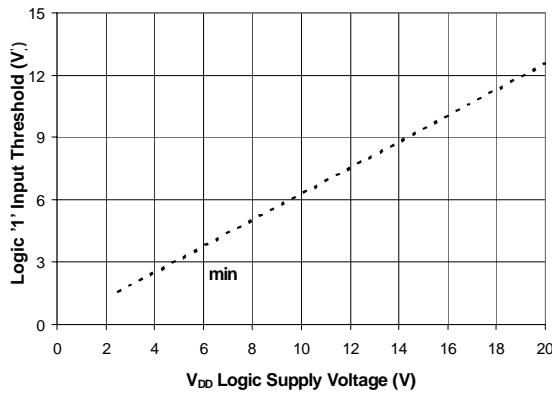


Figure 12B. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

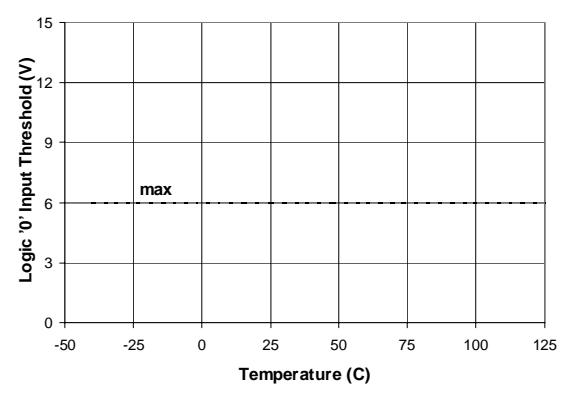


Figure 13A. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Temperature

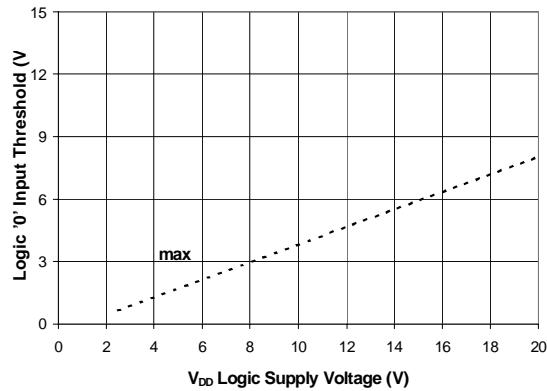


Figure 13B. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

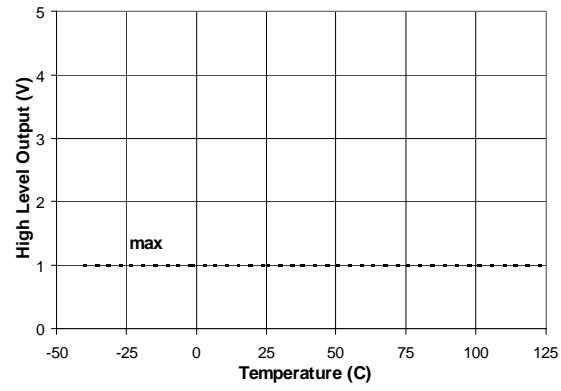


Figure 14A. High Level Output vs. Temperature

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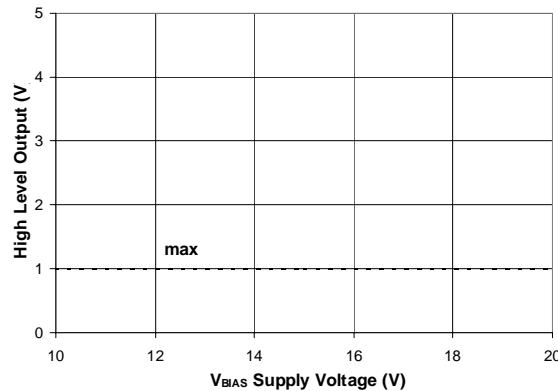


Figure 14B. High Level Output vs. V<sub>Bias</sub> Voltage

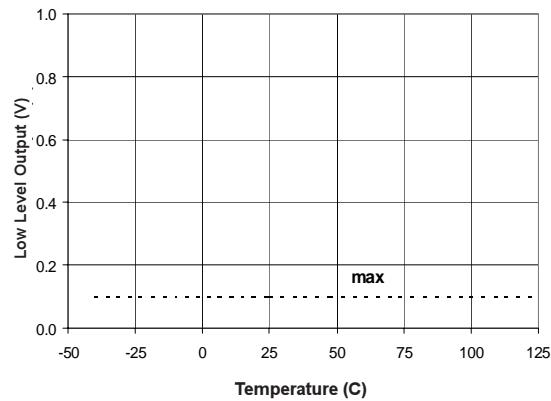


Figure 15A. Low Level Output vs. Temperature

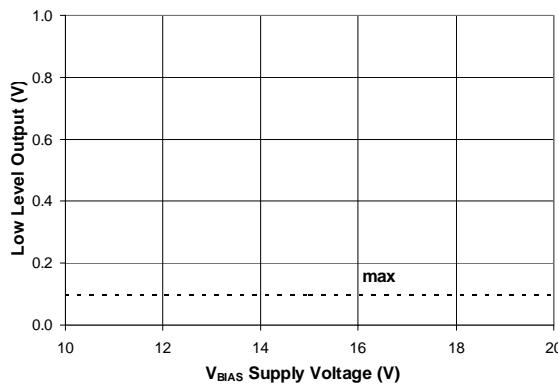


Figure 15B. Low Level Output vs. V<sub>Bias</sub> Voltage

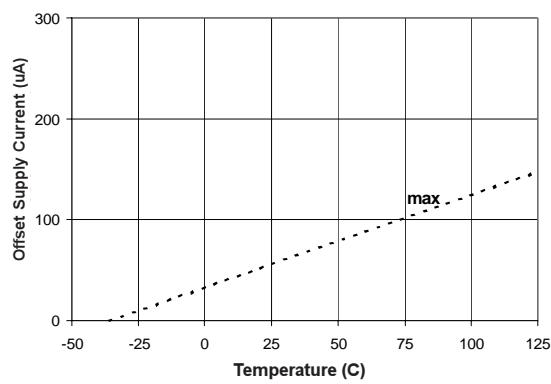


Figure 16A. Offset Supply Current vs. Temperature

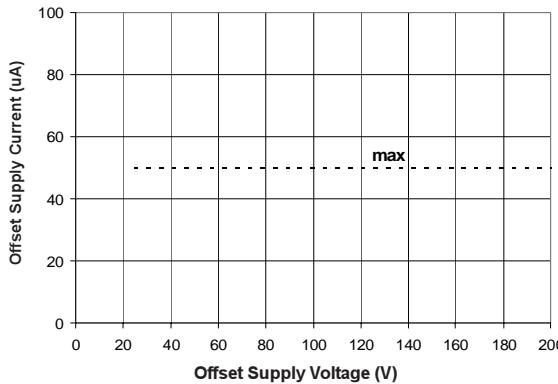


Figure 16B. Offset Supply Current vs. Offset Voltage

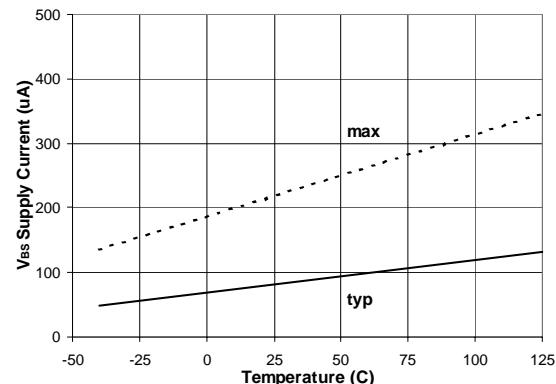


Figure 17A. V<sub>Bs</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature

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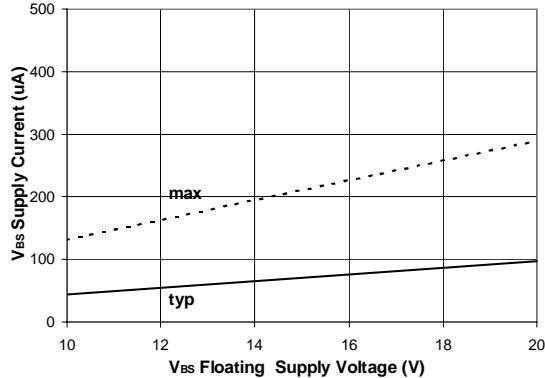


Figure 17B. V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Current vs. V<sub>BS</sub> Voltage

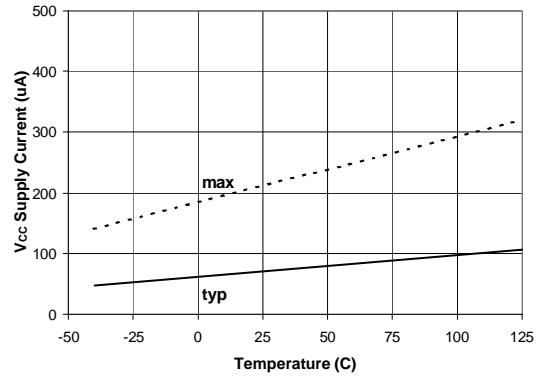


Figure 18A. V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature

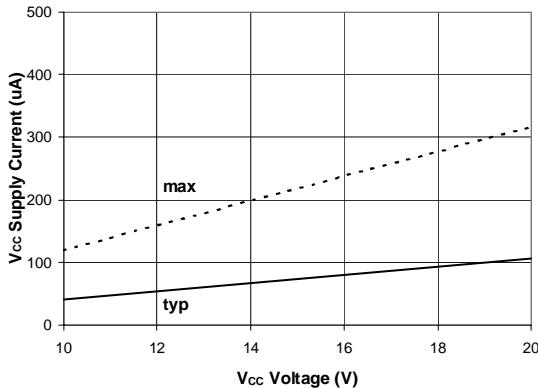


Figure 18B. V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Current vs. V<sub>CC</sub> Voltage

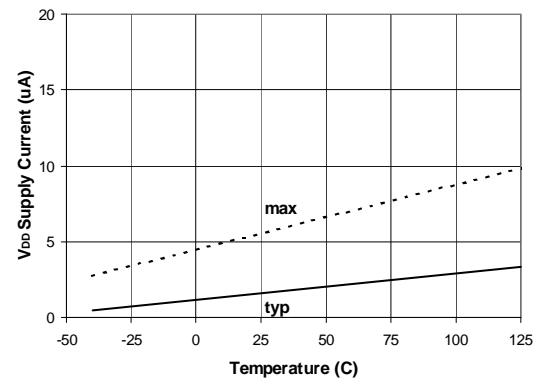


Figure 19A. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature

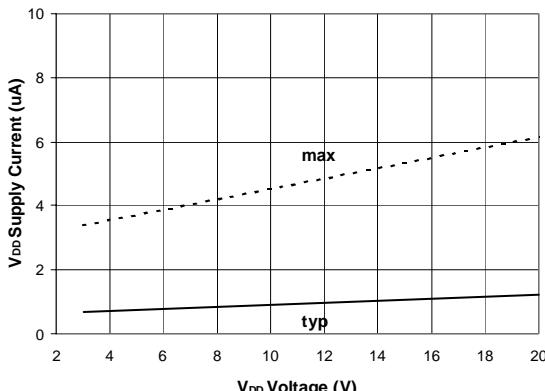


Figure 19B. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Current vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

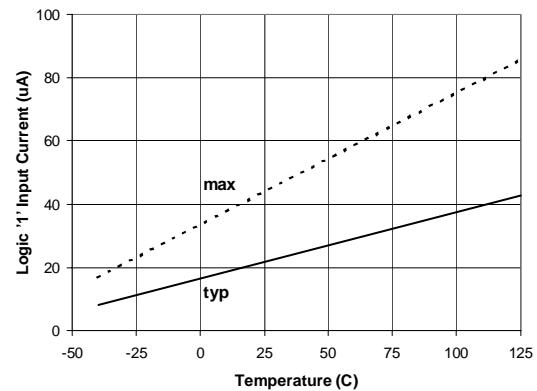


Figure 20A. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature

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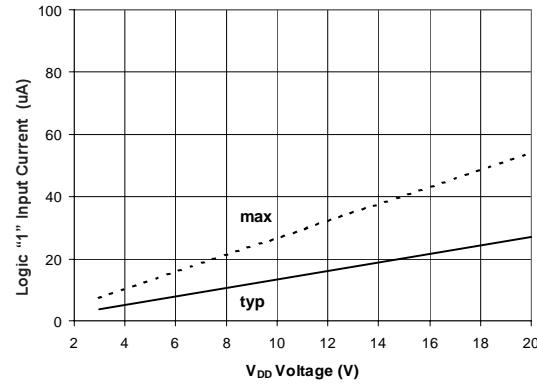


Figure 20B. Logic "1" Input Current vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

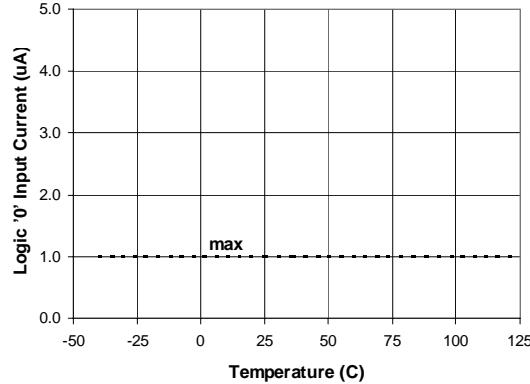


Figure 21A. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Temperature

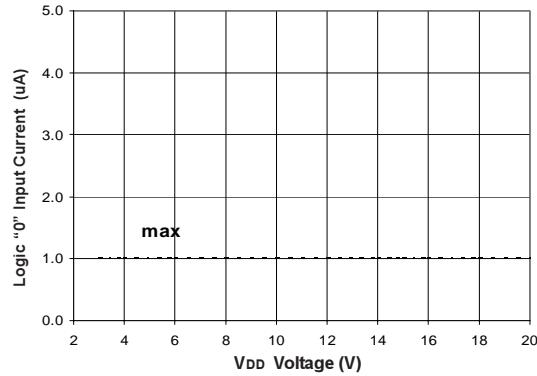


Figure 21B. Logic "0" Input Current vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage

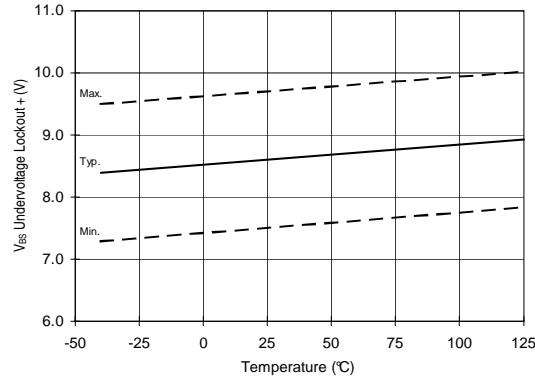


Figure 22. V<sub>BS</sub> Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature

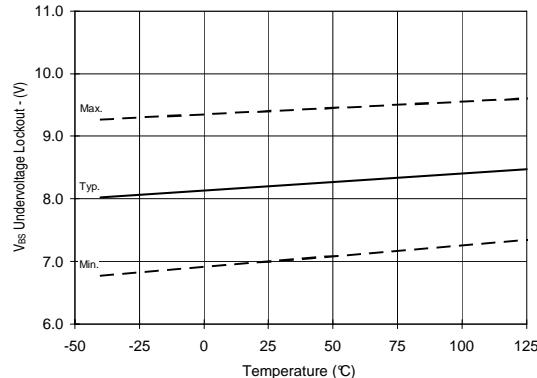


Figure 23. V<sub>BS</sub> Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature

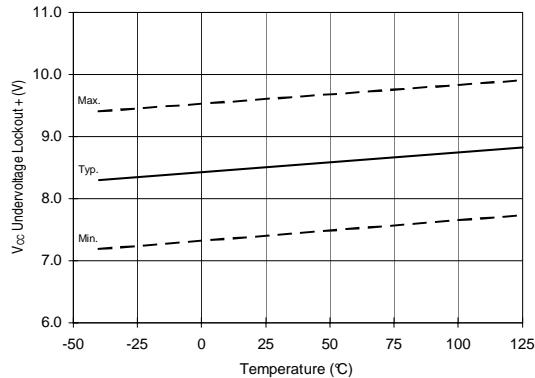


Figure 24. V<sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature

# IR2010(S)(TR) & (PbF)

International  
**IR** Rectifier

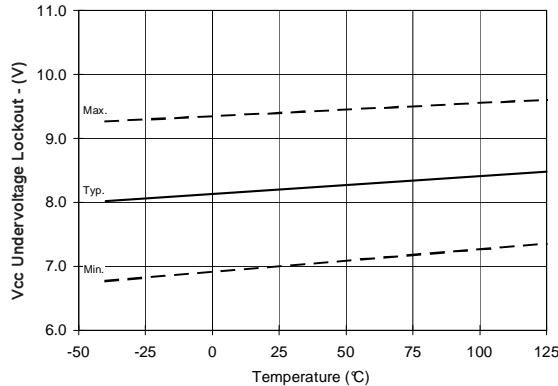


Figure 25. V<sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature

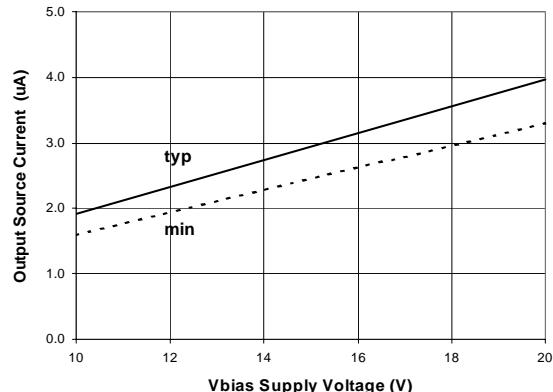


Figure 26B. Output Source Current vs. V<sub>Bias</sub> Voltage

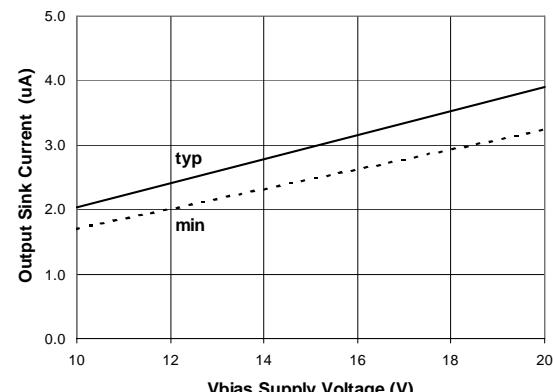


Figure 27B. Output Sink Current vs. V<sub>Bias</sub> Voltage

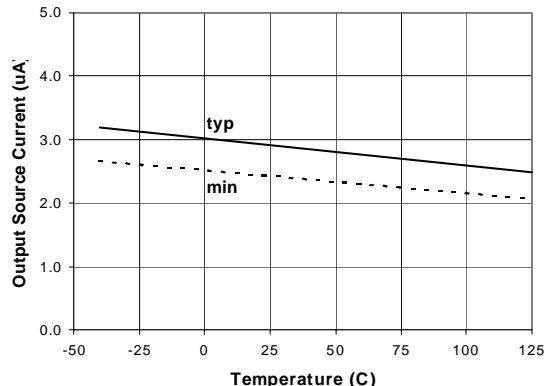


Figure 26A. Output Source Current vs. Temperature

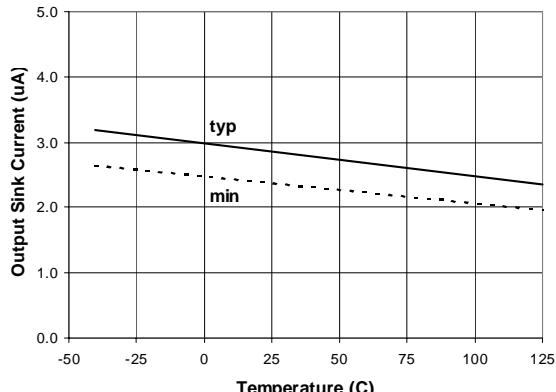


Figure 27A. Output Sink Current vs. Temperature

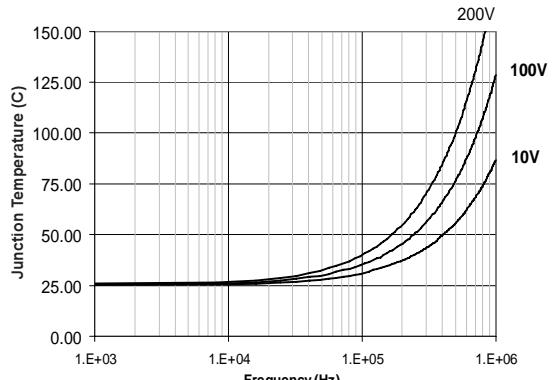
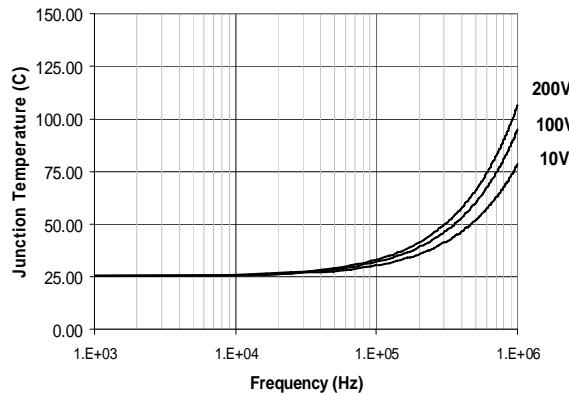
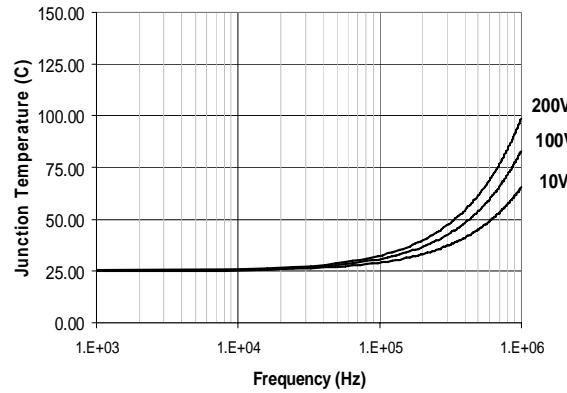


Figure 28. IR2010 T<sub>j</sub> vs Frequency  
 $R_{GATE} = 10$  Ohm, V<sub>CC</sub> = 15V with IRFPE50

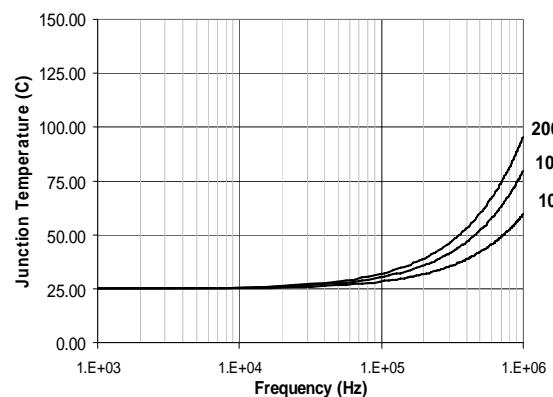
## IR2010(S)(TR) & (PbF)



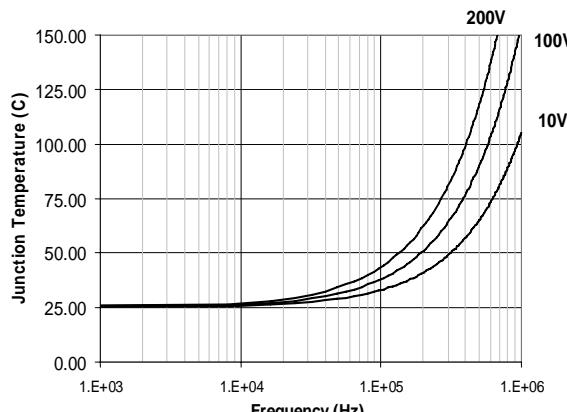
**Figure 29. IR2010 T<sub>j</sub> vs Frequency**  
 $R_{GATE} = 16 \text{ Ohm}$ ,  $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$  with IRFBC40



**Figure 30. IR2010 T<sub>j</sub> vs Frequency**  
 $R_{GATE} = 22 \text{ Ohm}$ ,  $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$  with IRFBC30



**Figure 31. IR2010 T<sub>j</sub> vs Frequency**  
 $R_{GATE} = 33 \text{ Ohm}$ ,  $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$  with IRFBC20



**Figure 32. IR2010S T<sub>j</sub> vs Frequency**  
 $R_{GATE} = 10 \text{ Ohm}$ ,  $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$  with IRFPE50

# IR2010(S)(TR) & (PbF)

International  
**IR** Rectifier

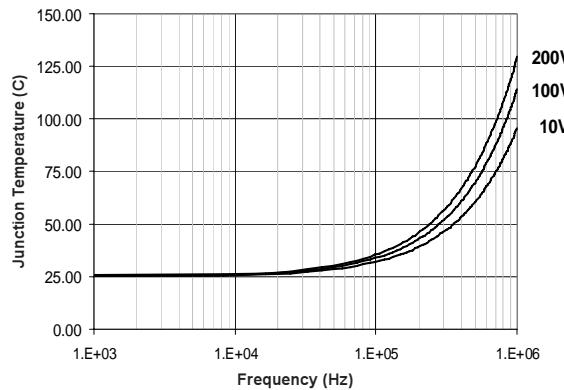


Figure 33. IR2010S  $T_j$  vs Frequency  
 $R_{GATE} = 16$  Ohm,  $V_{cc} = 15$ V with IRFBC40

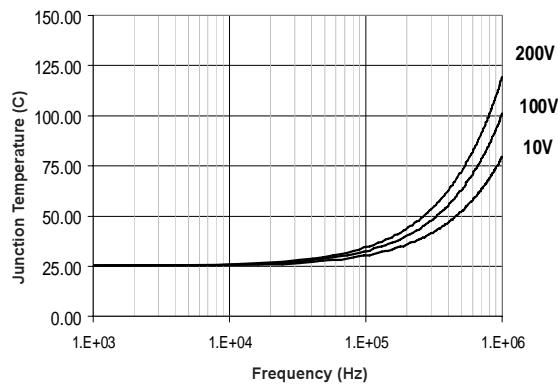


Figure 34. IR2010S  $T_j$  vs Frequency  
 $R_{GATE} = 22$  Ohm,  $V_{cc} = 15$ V with IRFBC30

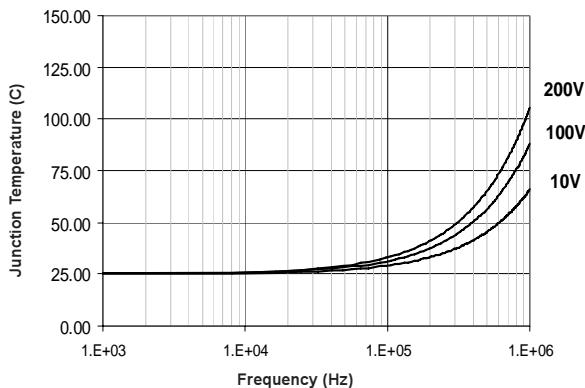
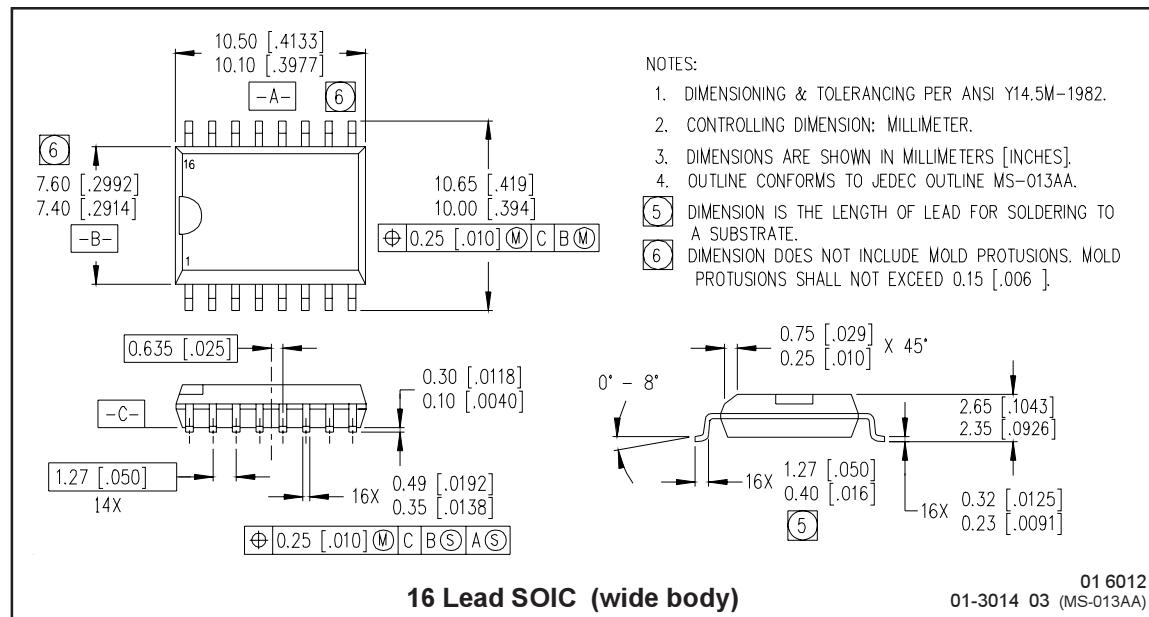
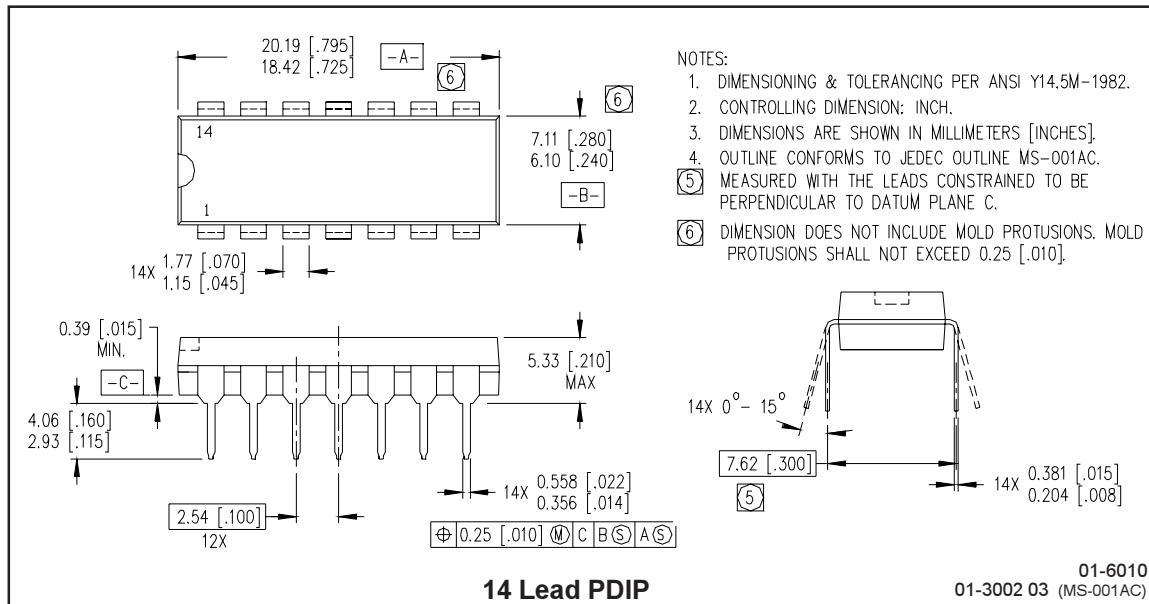


Figure 35. IR2010S  $T_j$  vs Frequency  
 $R_{GATE} = 33$  Ohm,  $V_{cc} = 15$ V with IRFBC20

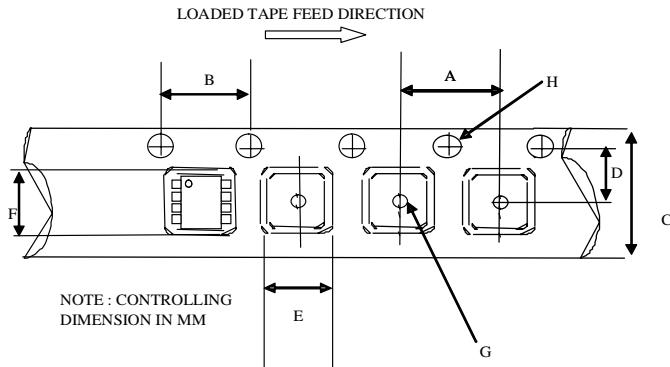
**Case Outlines**



# IR2010(S)(TR) & (PbF)

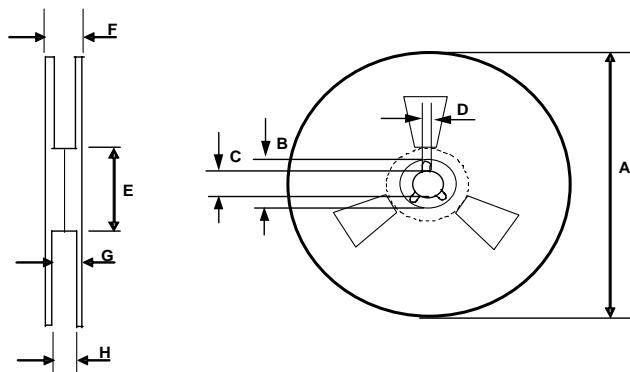
International  
**IR** Rectifier

## Tape and Reel Details: SOIC8N



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 8SOICN

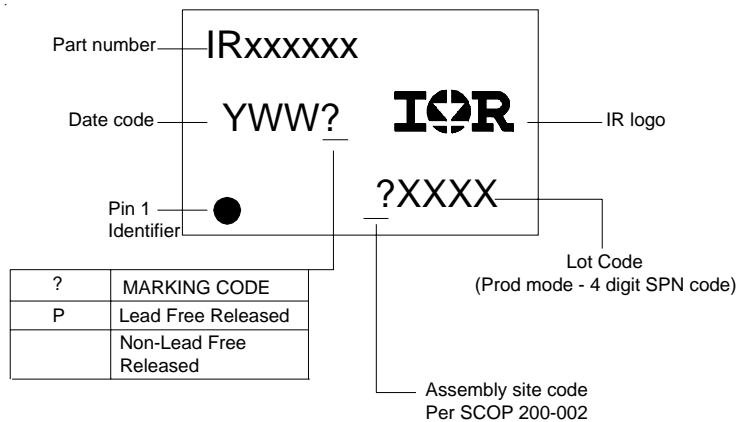
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	7.90	8.10	0.311	0.318
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	11.70	12.30	0.46	0.484
D	5.45	5.55	0.214	0.218
E	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.255
F	5.10	5.30	0.200	0.208
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062



REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 8SOICN

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	18.40	n/a	0.724
G	14.50	17.10	0.570	0.673
H	12.40	14.40	0.488	0.566

## LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION



## ORDER INFORMATION

### Basic Part (Non-Lead Free)

14-Lead PDIP IR2010 order IR2010  
16-Lead SOIC IR2010S order IR2010S

### Leadfree Part

14-Lead PDIP IR2010 order IR2010PbF  
16-Lead SOIC IR2010S order IR2010SPbF  
16-Lead SOIC IR2010STR order IR2010STRPbF

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245 Tel: (310) 252-7105  
**This product has been qualified per industrial level**  
*Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 9/12/2004*