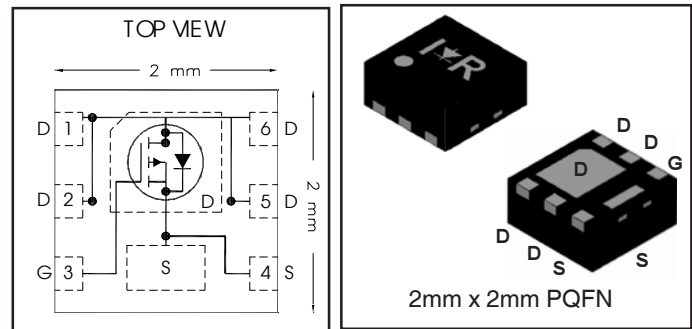


# IRLHS2242PbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

$V_{DS}$	<b>-20</b>	<b>V</b>
$V_{GS\ max}$	<b>±12</b>	<b>V</b>
$R_{DS(on)\ max}$ (@ $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )	<b>31</b>	<b>mΩ</b>
$R_{DS(on)\ max}$ (@ $V_{GS} = 2.5V$ )	<b>53</b>	<b>mΩ</b>
$Q_g\ typ$	<b>9.6</b>	<b>nC</b>
$I_D$ (@ $T_{c(Bottom)} = 25^\circ C$ )	<b>-8.5</b> Ⓣ	<b>A</b>



## Applications

- Charge and Discharge Switch for Battery Application
- System/load switch

## Features and Benefits

### Features

Low Thermal Resistance to PCB ( $\leq 13^\circ C/W$ )
Low Profile ( $\leq 1.0mm$ )
Industry-Standard Pinout
Compatible with Existing Surface Mount Techniques
RoHS Compliant Containing no Lead, no Bromide and no Halogen
MSL1, Consumer Qualification

results in  
⇒

### Benefits

Enable better thermal dissipation
Increased Power Density
Multi-Vendor Compatibility
Easier Manufacturing
Environmentally Friendlier
Increased Reliability

Orderable part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Note
		Form	Quantity	
IRLHS2242TRPBF	PQFN 2mm x 2mm	Tape and Reel	4000	
IRLHS2242TR2PBF	PQFN 2mm x 2mm	Tape and Reel	400	

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	-20	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±12	
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$	-7.2	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$	-5.8	
$I_D @ T_{c(Bottom)} = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$	-15Ⓣ	
$I_D @ T_{c(Bottom)} = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$	-9.8Ⓣ	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 4.5V$ (Wirebond Limited)	-8.5Ⓣ	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-34	
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation ②	2.1	W
$P_D @ T_{c(Bottom)} = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation ②	9.6	
	Linear Derating Factor ③	0.02	W/°C
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		

Notes ① through ⑦ are on page 9

## Static @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

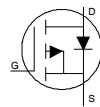
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
B <sub>V</sub> DSS	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-20	—	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = -250μA
ΔB <sub>V</sub> DSS/ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.01	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = -1mA
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	25	31	mΩ	V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> = -8.5A ③
		—	43	53		V <sub>GS</sub> = -2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> = -6.8A ③
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	-0.4	-0.8	-1.1	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = -10μA
ΔV <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-3.8	—	mV/°C	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-1.0	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = -16V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
		—	—	-150		V <sub>DS</sub> = -16V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = -12V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	100		V <sub>GS</sub> = 12V
g <sub>fs</sub>	Forward Transconductance	10	—	—	S	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10V, I <sub>D</sub> = -8.5A
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	—	12	—	nC	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10V, V <sub>DS</sub> = -10V, I <sub>D</sub> = -8.5A
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	—	9.6	—	nC	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10V
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	1.6	—		V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5V
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	3.7	—		I <sub>D</sub> = -8.5A
Q <sub>godr</sub>	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	4.3	—		
Q <sub>sw</sub>	Switch Charge (Q <sub>gs2</sub> + Q <sub>gd</sub> )	—	4.8	—		
Q <sub>oss</sub>	Output Charge	—	6.8	—	nC	V <sub>DS</sub> = 16V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
R <sub>G</sub>	Gate Resistance	—	17	—	Ω	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	7.9	—	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = -10V, V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5V I <sub>D</sub> = -8.5A R <sub>G</sub> = 2.0Ω
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	54	—		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	54	—		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	66	—		
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	877	—	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	273	—		V <sub>DS</sub> = -10V
C <sub>riss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	182	—		f = 1.0KHz

## Avalanche Characteristics

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	18	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ①	—	-8.5	A

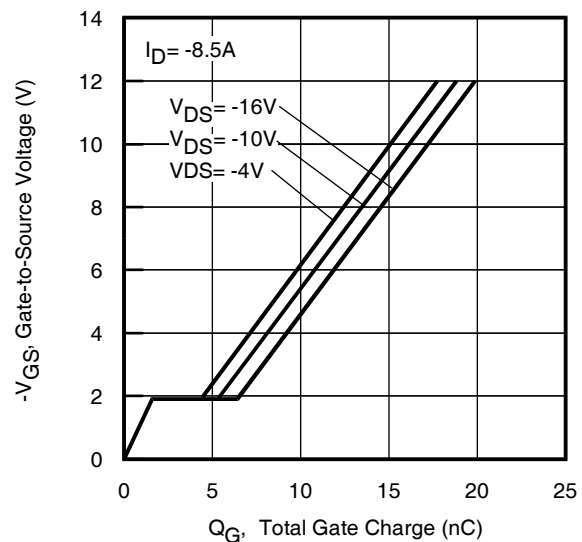
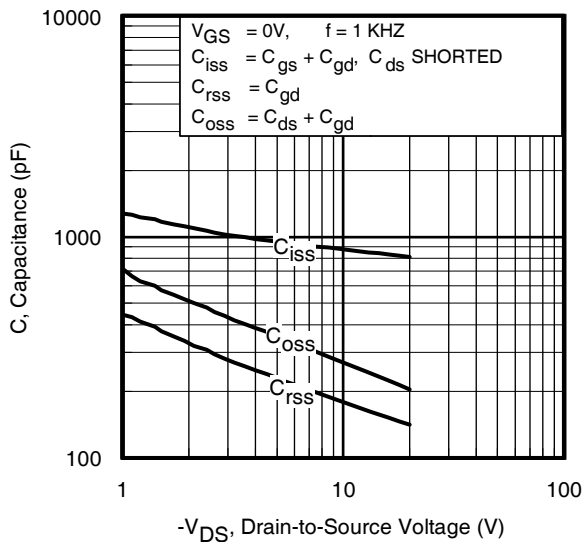
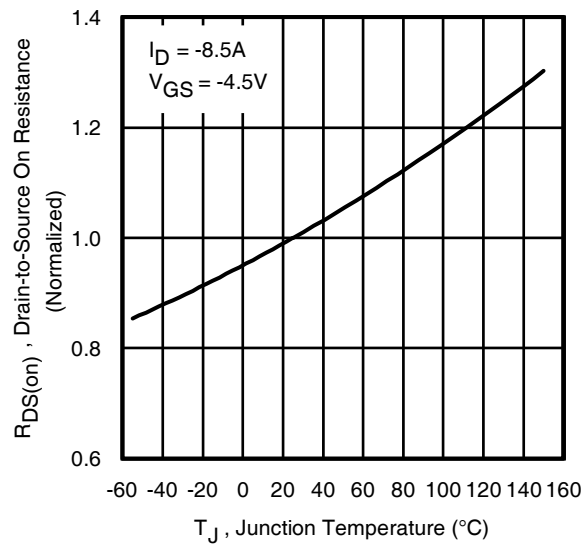
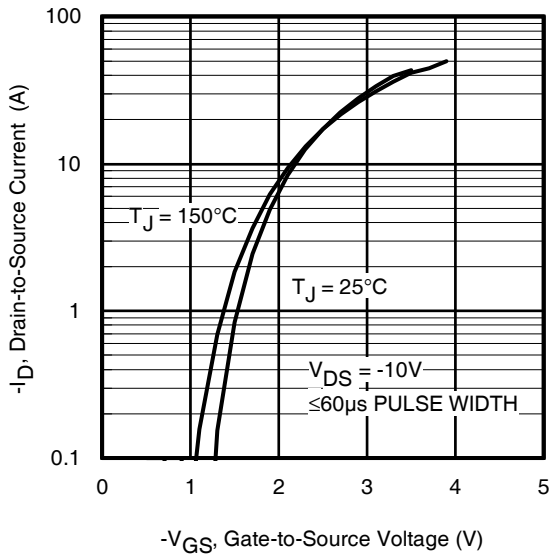
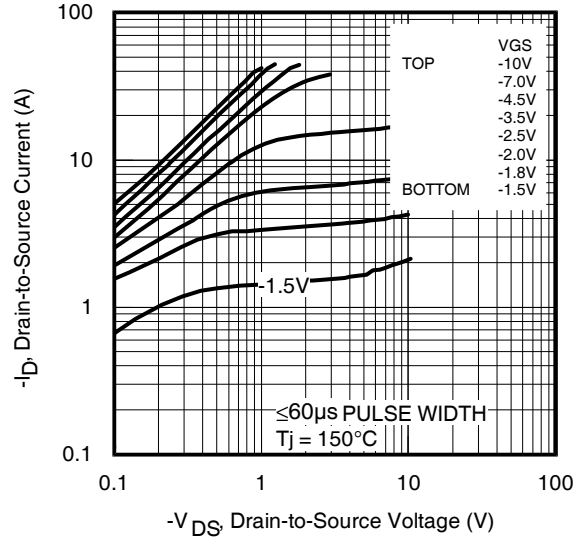
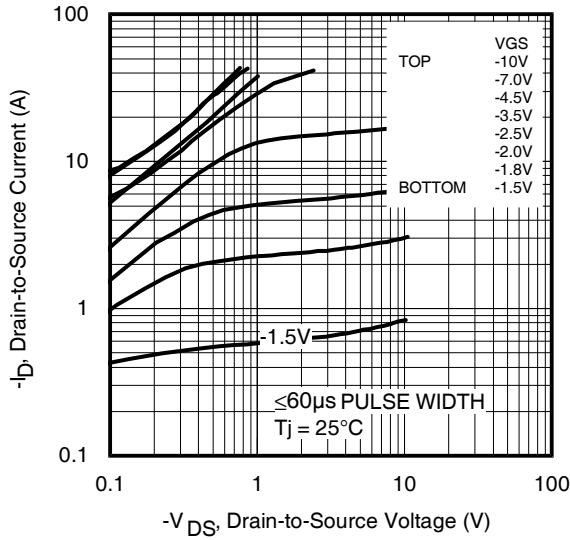
## Diode Characteristics

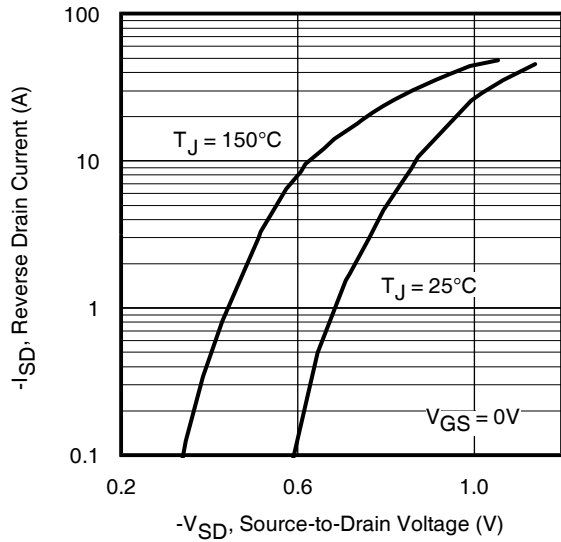
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-8.5⑥	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-34		
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-1.2	V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = -8.5A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V ③
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	—	27	41	ns	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = -8.5A, V <sub>DD</sub> = -10V
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	20	30	nC	di/dt = 200A/μs ③
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Time is dominated by parasitic Inductance				



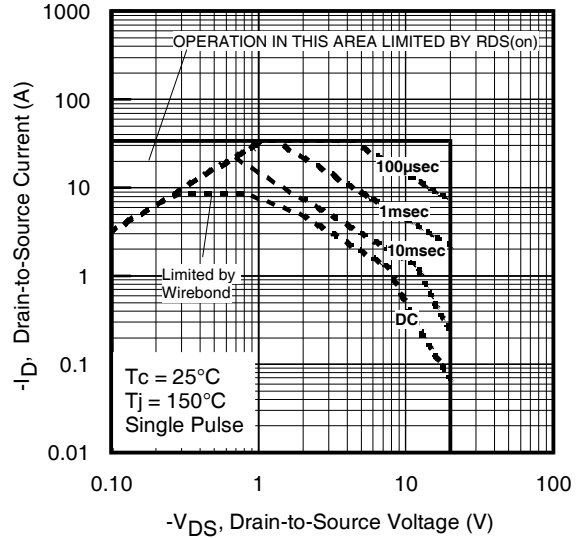
## Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R <sub>θJC</sub> (Bottom)	Junction-to-Case ⑤	—	13	°C/W
R <sub>θJC</sub> (Top)	Junction-to-Case ⑤	—	90	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient ④	—	60	
R <sub>θJA</sub> (<10s)	Junction-to-Ambient ④	—	42	

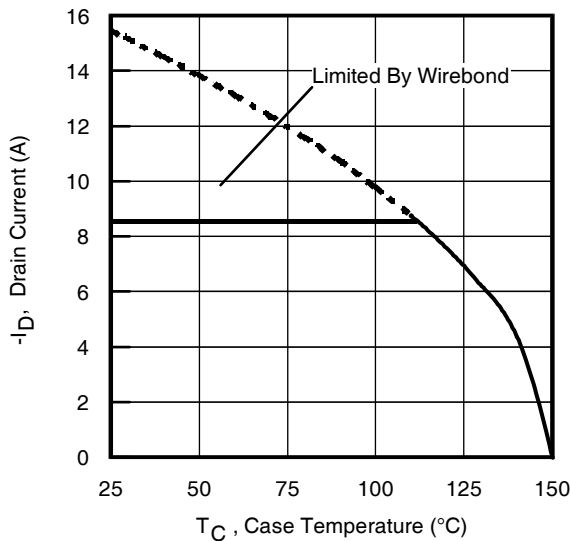




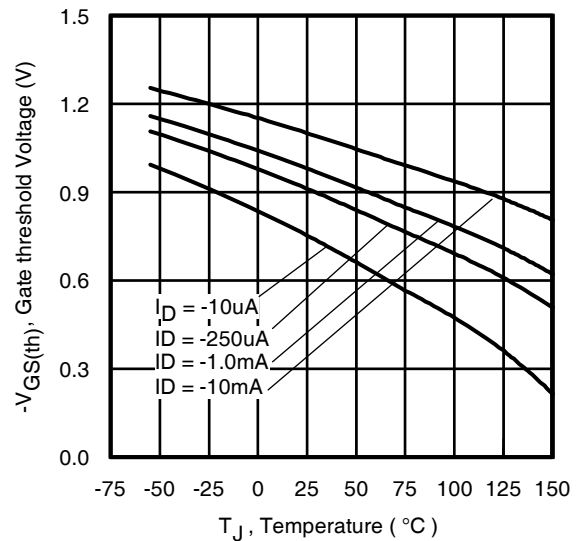
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



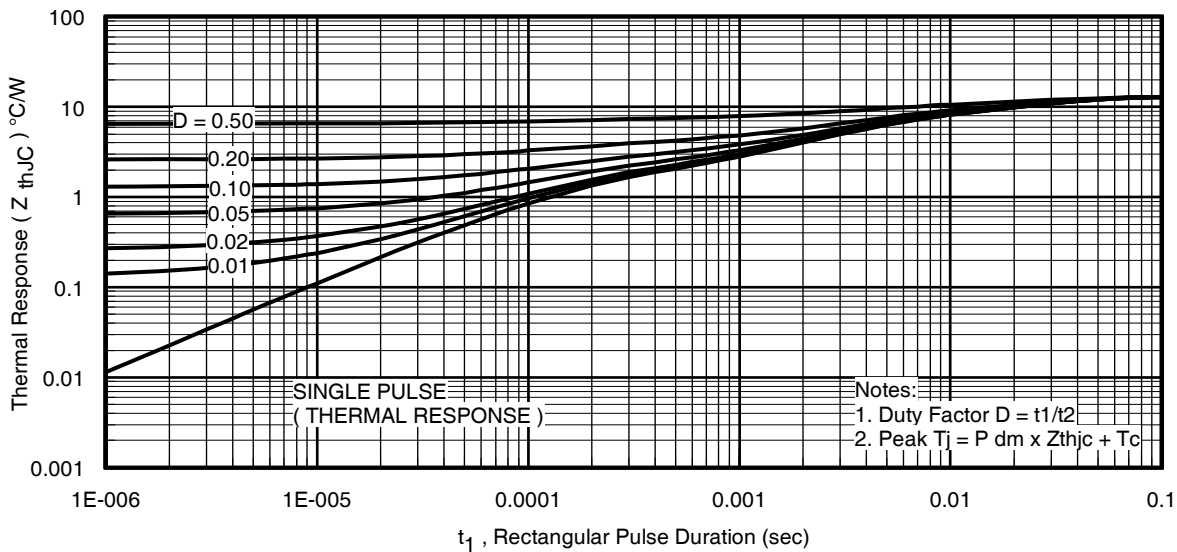
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



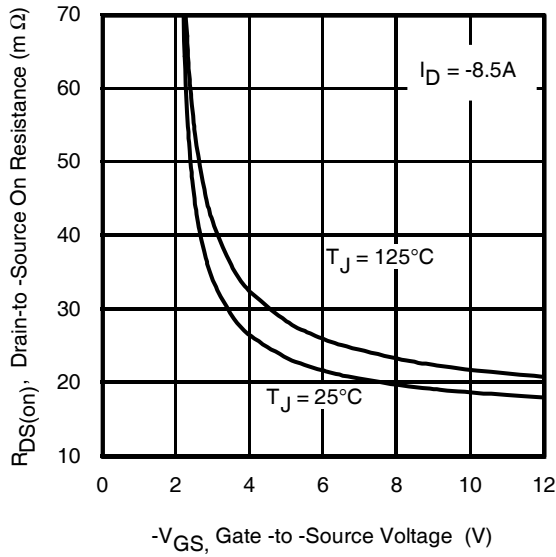
**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



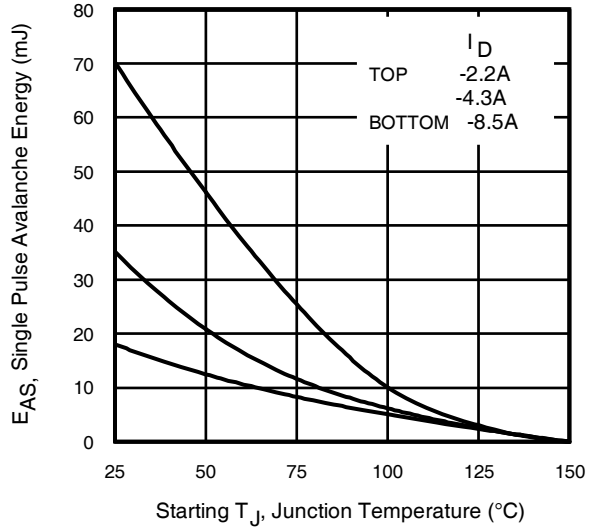
**Fig 10.** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



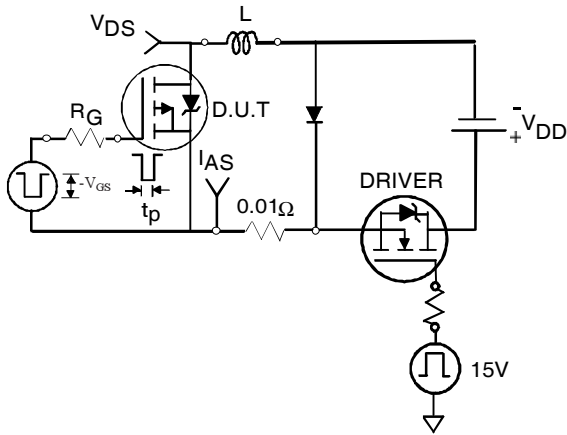
**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



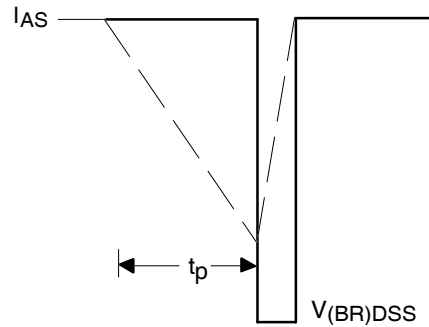
**Fig 12.** On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage



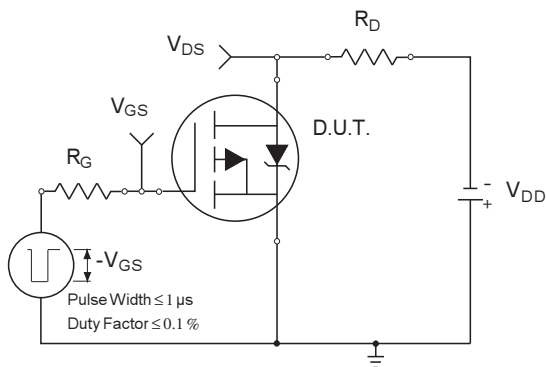
**Fig 13.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current



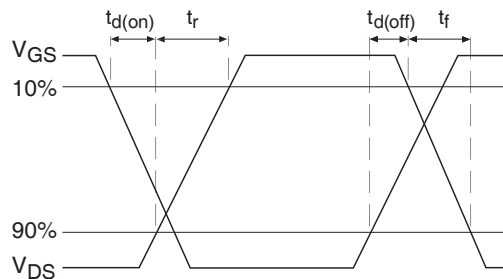
**Fig 14a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



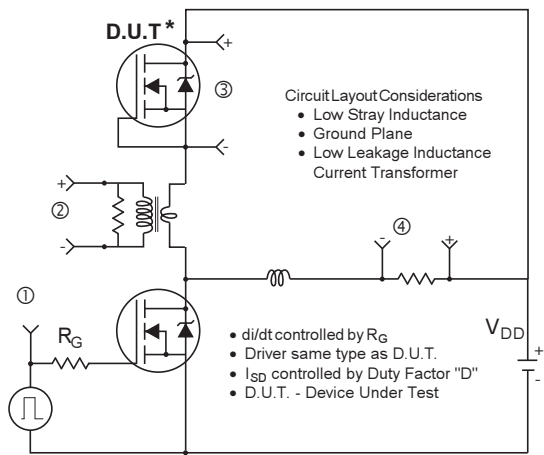
**Fig 14b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



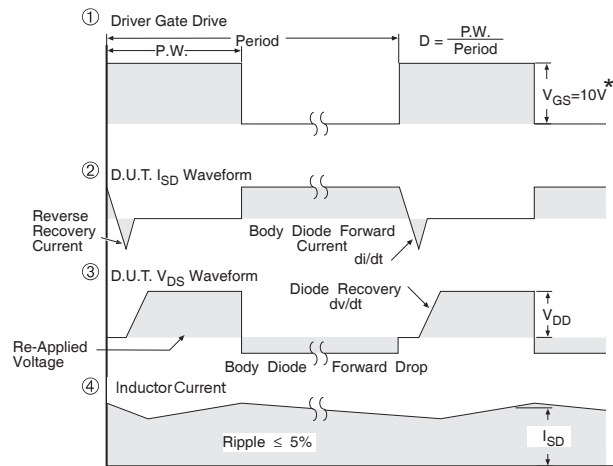
**Fig 15a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 15b.** Switching Time Waveforms

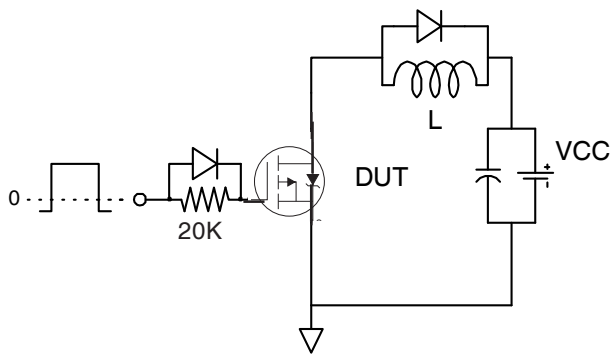


\* Reverse Polarity of D.U.T for P-Channel

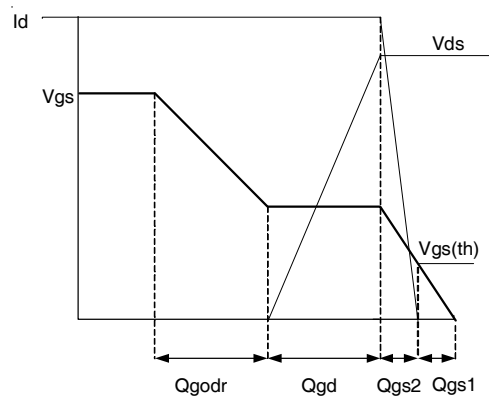


\*  $V_{GS} = 5V$  for Logic Level Devices

**Fig 16.** Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit for P-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

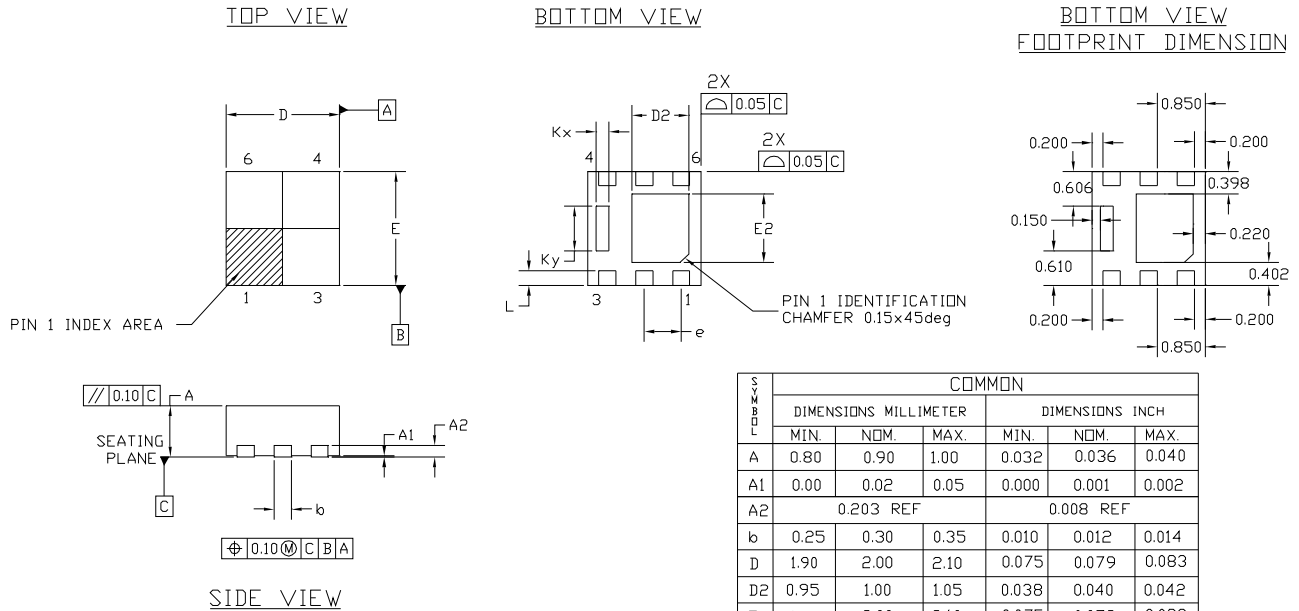


**Fig 17a.** Gate Charge Test Circuit



**Fig 17b.** Gate Charge Waveform

## PQFN Package Details

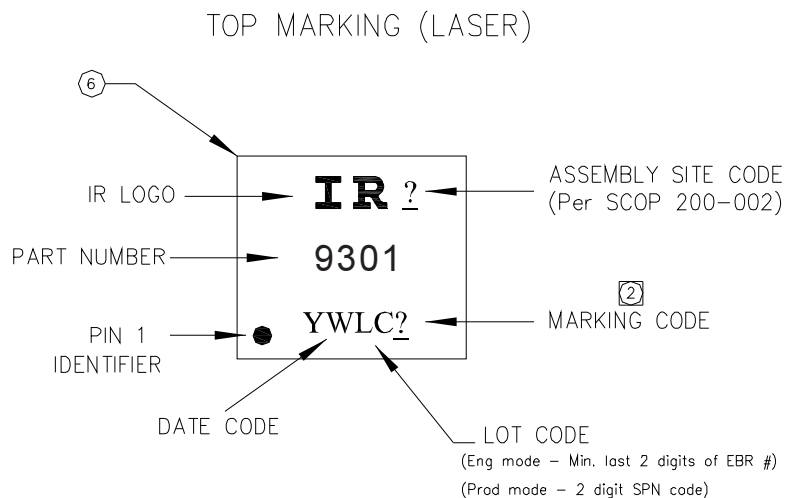


SYMBOL	COMMON					
	DIMENSIONS MILLIMETER			DIMENSIONS INCH		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	0.032	0.036	0.040
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002
A2	0.203 REF			0.008 REF		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.010	0.012	0.014
D	1.90	2.00	2.10	0.075	0.079	0.083
D2	0.95	1.00	1.05	0.038	0.040	0.042
E	1.90	2.00	2.10	0.075	0.079	0.083
E2	1.15	1.20	1.25	0.046	0.048	0.050
e	0.65 BSC			0.206 BSC		
L	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.008	0.010	0.012
Kx	0.23 REF			0.010 REF		
Ky	0.785 REF			0.031 REF		

NOTES :

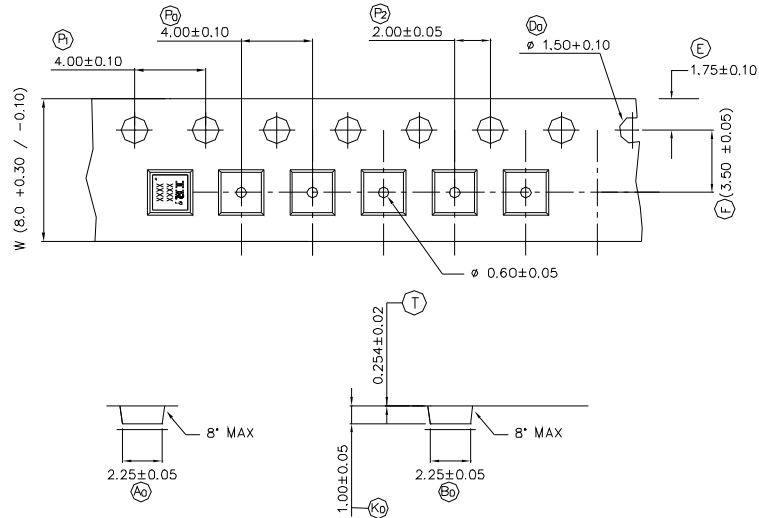
1. DIMENSION AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS : MILLIMETER
3. DIMENSION *b* APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30 mm. FROM TERMINAL TIP.

## PQFN Part Marking

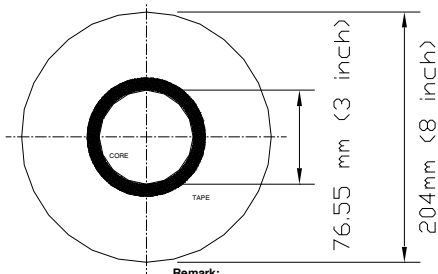
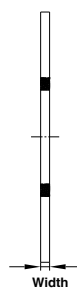


Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

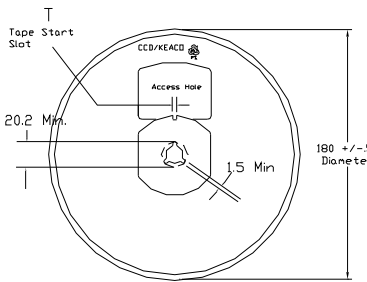
## PQFN 2x2 Outline Tape and Reel



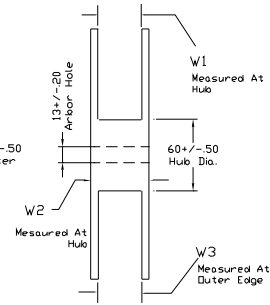
NOTE: The Surface Resistivity is  $10^4 - 10^8$  OHM/SQ



Remark:  
- Dimension above are typical dimensions.  
- Cover tape thickness is 0.048mm +/- 0.005mm.  
- Surface resistivity  $10E5 < R_s < 10E9$ .



FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW

Table 2:

COVER TAPE (WIDTH)	TOLERANCE
5.4 mm	+/- 0.1 mm
9.5 mm	+/- 0.1 mm

TABLE 1: REEL DETAILS

TAPE WIDTH	T	W1	W2	W3	PART NO
8 MM	3 ± 0.50	8.4 <sup>+1.5</sup> <sub>-0.0</sub>	14.4 Max	7.90 Min 10.9 Max	91986-1
12 MM	5 ± 0.50	12.4 <sup>+2.0</sup> <sub>-0.0</sub>	18.4 Max	11.9 Min 15.4 Max	91986-2

Note: Surface resistivity is  $\geq 1 \times 10^5$  but  $< 1 \times 10^{12}$  ohm/sq.



**Qualification information**<sup>†</sup>

Qualification level	Consumer <sup>††</sup> (per JEDEC JESD47F <sup>†††</sup> guidelines )	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	PQFN 2mm x 2mm	MSL1 (per IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D <sup>†††</sup> )
RoHS compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier’s web site  
<http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability>

†† Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements.  
 Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information:  
<http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/salesrep/>

††† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

**Notes:**

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.49\text{mH}$ ,  $R_G = 50\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = -8.5\text{A}$ .
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ④  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  of approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ When mounted on 1 inch square 2 oz copper pad on 1.5x1.5 in. board of FR-4 material.
- ⑥ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature.
- ⑦ Package is limited to -8.5A by die-source to lead-frame bonding technology

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 101 N. Sepulveda Blvd, El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

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