

ESDAxxSCx

Quad Transil™ array for ESD protection

Features

- 4 unidirectional Transil Functions
- Low leakage current: I_R max. < 20 µA at V_{RM}
- 400 W peak pulse power (8/20 µs)

Benefits

- High ESD protection level: up to 25 kV
- High integration
- Suitable for high density boards

Complies with the following standards:

- IEC 61000-4-2 level 4:
 - 15 kV (air discharge)
 - 8 kV (contact discharge)
- MIL STD 883E- Method 3015-7: class3B
 - human body model

Applications

Where transient overvoltage protection in ESD sensitive equipment is required, such as:

- Computers
- Printers
- Communication systems
- Cellular phone handsets and accessories
- Other telephone set
- Set top boxes

Description

The ESDAxxSC5 and ESDAxxSC6 are monolithic voltage suppressors designed to protect components which are connected to data and transmission lines against ESD.

They clamp the voltage just above the logic level supply for positive transients, and to a diode drop below ground for negative transient.

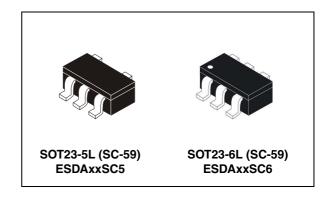


Figure 1. ESDAxxSC5 functional diagram

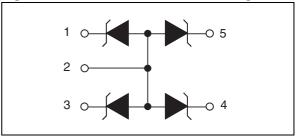
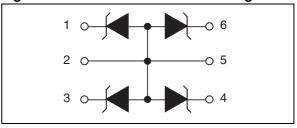


Figure 2. ESDAxxSC6 functional diagram



TM: Transil is a trademark of STMicroelectronics.

Characteristics ESDAxxSCx

1 Characteristics

Table 1. Absolute ratings ($T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$)

| Symbol | | Value | Unit | |
|---|--|--------------------------|------|----|
| V _{PP} | MIL STD 883E - Method 3015-7 ESD discharge IEC61000-4-2 air discharge IEC61000-4-2 contact discharge | | 25 | kV |
| | | ESDA5V3SCx ESDA6V1SCx | | W |
| P _{PP} Peak pulse power (8/20μs) | ESDA14V2SCx ESDA17SC6 ESDA19SC6 ESDA25SC6 | 300 | w | |
| T _j | Junction temperature | | 150 | °C |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature range | -55 to +150 | °C | |
| T _L | Maximum lead temperature for | 260 | °C | |
| T _{op} | Operating temperature range | -40 to +125 | °C | |

Table 2. Electrical characteristics - definitions ($T_{amb} = 25$ °C)

| Symbol | Parameter | ı |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| V_{RM} | Stand-off voltage | 'F∤ |
| V_{BR} | Breakdown voltage | |
| V _{CL} | Clamping voltage | V _{BR} |
| I _{RM} | Leakage current @ V _{RM} | VCL VRM VF |
| I _{PP} | Peak pulse current | IRM |
| αΤ | Voltage temperature coefficient | |
| С | Capacitance | |
| R _d | Dynamic resistance | Rd I _{PP} |
| V _F | Forward voltage dropt | , |

ESDAxxSCx Characteristics

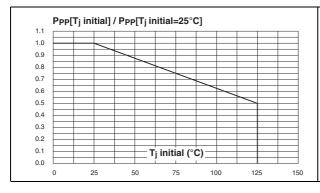
| Table 3. | Electrical | characteristics - | values | $(T_{amb} = 25 ^{\circ}C)$ |
|----------|------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | |

| | V _{BR} @ I _R | | | I _{RM} @ V _{RM} | | Rd | α Τ | С | V _F @ | 9 I _F |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Order codes | min. | max. | | max. | | typ. ⁽¹⁾ | max. ⁽²⁾ | typ. 0 V bias | max. | |
| | V | V | mA | μΑ | V | $\mathbf{m}\Omega$ | 10 ⁻⁴ /C | pF | V | mA |
| ESDA5V3SC5 ESDA5V3SC6 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 230 | 5 | 280 | 1.25 | 200 |
| ESDA6V1SC5 ESDA6V1SC6 | 6.1 | 7.2 | 1 | 20 | 5.25 | 350 | 6 | 190 | 1.25 | 200 |
| ESDA14V2SC5 ESDA14V2SC6 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 650 | 10 | 100 | 1.25 | 200 |
| ESDA17SC6 ESDA19SC6 | 17 19 | 19 21 | 1 | 0.075 0.1 | 14 15 | 700 800 | 10 8.5 | 85 80 | 1.2 1.2 | 10 10 |
| ESDA25SC6 | 25 | 30 | 1 | 1 | 24 | 1000 | 10 | 60 | 1.2 | 10 |

- 1. Square pulse, I_{pp} = 15 A, t_p =2.5 μ s.
- 2. \triangle VBR = α T* (T_{amb} -25 °C) * V_{BR} (25 °C)

Figure 3. Peak power dissipation versus initial junction temperature

Figure 4. Peak pulse power versus exponential pulse duration (Tj initial = 25 °C)



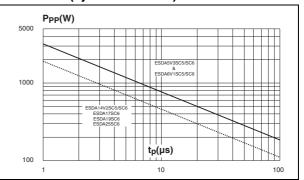
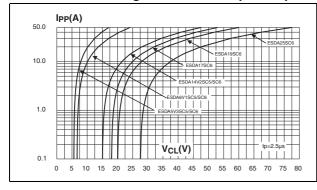


Figure 5. Clamping voltage versus peak pulse current (Tj initial = 25 °C). Rectangular waveform tp = 2.5 µs

Figure 6. Capacitance versus reverse applied voltage (typical values)



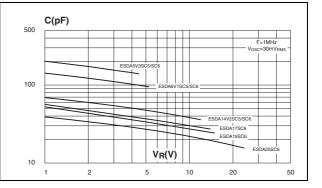
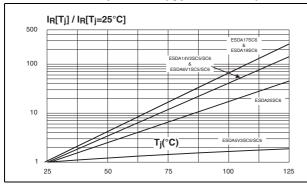
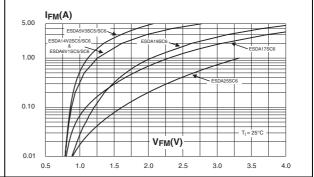


Figure 7. Relative variation of leakage current versus junction temperature (typical values)

Figure 8. Peak forward voltage drop versus peak forward current (typical values)





2 Application information

2.1 Calculation of the clamping voltage use of the dynamic resistance

The ESDA family has been designed to clamp fast spikes like ESD. Generally the PCB designers need to calculate easily the clamping voltage V_{CL} . This is why we give the dynamic resistance in addition to the classical parameters. The voltage across the protection cell can be calculated with the following formula:

$$V_{CL} = V_{BR} + R_d I_{PP}$$

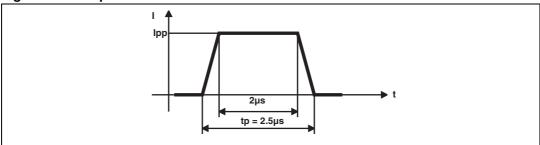
Where IPP is the peak current through the ESDA cell.

As the value of the dynamic resistance remains stable for a surge duration lower than 20 μ s, the 2.5 μ s rectangular surge is well adapted. In addition both rise and fall times are optimized to avoid any parasitic phenomenon during the measurement of R_d.

2.2 Dynamic resistance measurement

The short duration of the ESD has led us to prefer a more adapted test wave, as below defined, to the classical $8/20\mu s$ and $10/1000 \mu s$ surges.

Figure 9. 2.5 µs duration measurement wave



2.3 ESD protection with ESDAxxSCx

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is a major cause of failure in electronic systems.

Transient Voltage Suppressors (TVS) are an ideal choice for ESD protection. They are capable of clamping the incoming transient overvoltage to a low enough level such that damage to the protected semiconductor is prevented.

Surface mount TVS arrays offer the best choice for minimal lead inductance.

They serve as parallel protection elements, connected between the signal line and ground. As the transient rises above the operating voltage of the device, the TVS array becomes a low impedance path diverting the transient current to ground.

ESD sensitive device

GND

ESDAXXSC6 (1connection to GND for ESDAXXSC5)

Figure 10. ESDAxxSCx array protection against ESD

The ESDAxxSCx array is the ideal board level protection of ESD sensitive semiconductor components.

The tiny SOT23-5L and SOT23-6L packages allow design flexibility in the high density boards where the space saving is at a premium. This enables to shorten the routing and contributes to hardening against ESD.

2.4 Advice for optimizing circuit board layout

Circuit board layout is a critical design step in the suppression of ESD induced transients. The following guidelines are recommended:

- The ESDAxxSC5/6 should be placed as close as possible to the input terminals or connectors.
- The path length between the ESD suppressor and the protected line should be minimized
- All conductive loops, including power and ground loops should be minimized
- The ESD transient return path to ground should be kept as short as possible
- Ground planes should be used whenever possible

Technical information ESDAxxSCx

3 Technical information

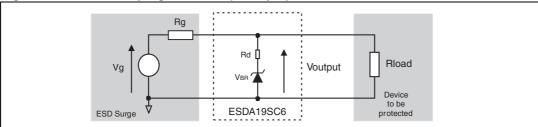
3.1 ESD protection

The ESDA19SC6 is particularly optimized to perform ESD protection. ESD protection is achieved by clamping the unwanted overvoltage. The clamping voltage is given by the following formula:

$$V_{CL} = V_{BR} + R_d \cdot I_{PP}$$

As shown in Figure 11., the ESD strikes are clamped by the transient voltage suppressor.

Figure 11. ESD clamping behavior (example)



To have a good approximation of the remaining voltages at both VI/O side, we provide the typical dynamical resistance value Rd. By taking into account the following hypothesis:

$$R_g > R_d$$
 and $R_{load} > R_d$

we have:

$$V_{output} = V_{BR} + R_d \times \frac{V_g}{R_g}$$

The results of the calculation done for V_g = 8 kV, R_g = 330 Ω (IEC61000-4-2 standard), V_{BR} = 19 V (typ.) and R_d = 0.80 Ω (typ.) give:

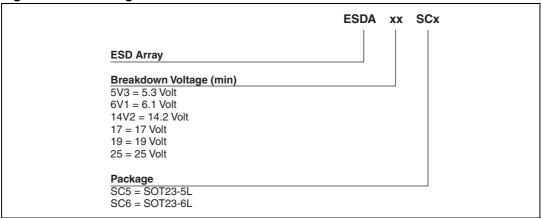
$$V_{\text{ouput}} = 38.4 \text{ V}$$

This confirms the very low remaining voltage across the device to be protected. It is also important to note that in this approximation the parasitic inductance effect was not taken into account. This could be a few tenths of volts during a few nanoseconds at the output side.

ESDAxxSCx Ordering information

4 Ordering information

Figure 12. Ordering information scheme



Package information ESDAxxSCx

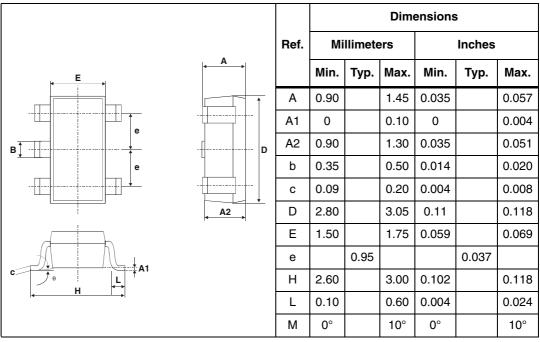
5 **Package information**

Epoxy meets UL94, V0 standard

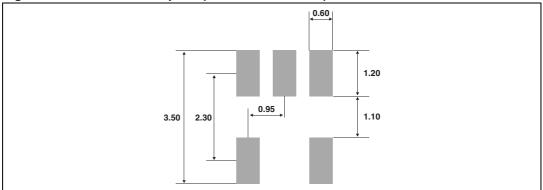
In order to meet environmental requirements, ST (also) offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. ECOPACK® packages are Lead-free. The category of second level Interconnect is marked on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label.

ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com.

Table 4. SOT23-5L dimensions







ESDAxxSCx Package information

Table 5. SOT23-6L dimensions

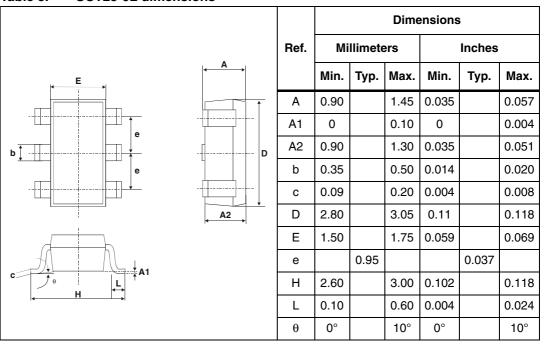
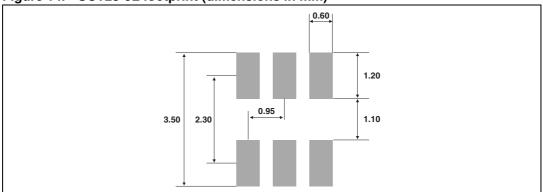


Figure 14. SOT23-6L footprint (dimensions in mm)



9/11

Ordering information ESDAxxSCx

6 Ordering information

 Table 6.
 Ordering information

| Order codes | Marking | Package | Weight | Base qty | Delivery mode |
|-------------|---------|------------|--------------|----------|---------------|
| ESDA5V3SC5 | EC53 | | | | |
| ESDA6V1SC5 | EC61 | SOT23-5L | - 16.7 mg | 3000 | Tape and reel |
| ESDA14V2SC5 | EC15 | | | | |
| ESDA5V3SC6 | ES53 | - SOT23-6L | | | |
| ESDA6V1SC6 | ES61 | | | | |
| ESDA14V2SC6 | ES15 | | | | |
| ESDA17SC6 | ES17 | | | | |
| ESDA19SC6 | ES19 | | | | |
| ESDA25SC6 | ES25 | | | | |

7 Revision history

Table 7. Document revision history

| Date Revision | | Description of changes | | |
|---------------|----|--|--|--|
| Nov-2003 | 7F | Previous issue. | | |
| 4-Nov-2004 | 8 | SOT23-6L package dimensions change for reference "D" from 3.0 millimeters (0.118 inches) to 3.05 millimeters (0.120 inches). | | |
| 22-Nov-2007 | 9 | Reformatted to current standard. Units for I_{RM} MAX in Table 3 corrected to μA . Ordering information scheme expanded to cover all devices. Package information for SOT23-5L updated. | | |

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