



VND5004B-E VND5004BSP30-E

Double 4mΩ high side driver with analog current sense
for automotive applications

Features

Parameters	Symbol	Value
Max transient supply voltage	V_{CC}	41 V
Operating voltage range	V_{CC}	4.5 to 28 V
Max on-state resistance	R_{ON}	4 mΩ
Current limitation (typ)	I_{LIMH}	100 A
Off-state supply current	I_S	2 μA ⁽¹⁾

1. Typical value with all loads connected.

■ General

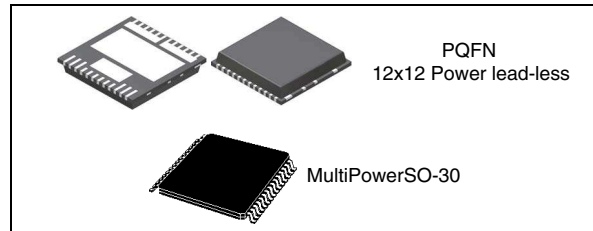
- Inrush current active management by power limitation
- Very low standby current
- 3.0 V CMOS compatible input
- Optimized electromagnetic emission
- Very low electromagnetic susceptibility
- In compliance with the 2002/95/EC European directive

■ Diagnostic functions

- Proportional load current sense
- Current sense disable
- Thermal shutdown indication

■ Protection

- Undervoltage shutdown
- Overvoltage clamp
- Load current limitation
- Thermal shutdown
- Self limiting of fast thermal transients
- Protection against loss of ground and loss of V_{CC}



- Reverse battery protection with self switch on of the Power MOSFET (see [Figure 22](#))
- Electrostatic discharge protection application

■ All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads

■ Suitable for power management applications

Description

The VND5004BTR-E and VND5004BSP30-E are devices made using STMicroelectronics VIPower technology. They are intended for driving resistive or inductive loads with one side connected to ground. Active V_{CC} pin voltage clamp and load dump protection circuit protect the devices against transients on the V_{CC} pin (see ISO7637 transient compatibility table). These devices integrate an analog current sense which delivers a current proportional to the load current (according to a known ratio) when CS_DIS is driven low or left open. When CS_DIS is driven high, the CURRENT SENSE pin is high impedance. Output current limitation protects the devices in overload condition. In case of long duration overload, the devices limit the dissipated power to a safe level up to thermal shutdown intervention. Thermal shutdown with automatic restart allows the device to recover normal operation as soon as a fault condition disappears.

Table 1. Devices summary

Package	Order codes		
	Tube	Tape and reel	Tray
PQFN-12x12 power lead-less	-	VND5004BTR-E	VND5004B-E
MultiPowerSO-30	VND5004BSP30-E	VND5004BSP30TR-E	-

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1 Block diagram and pin configurations

Figure 1. Block diagram

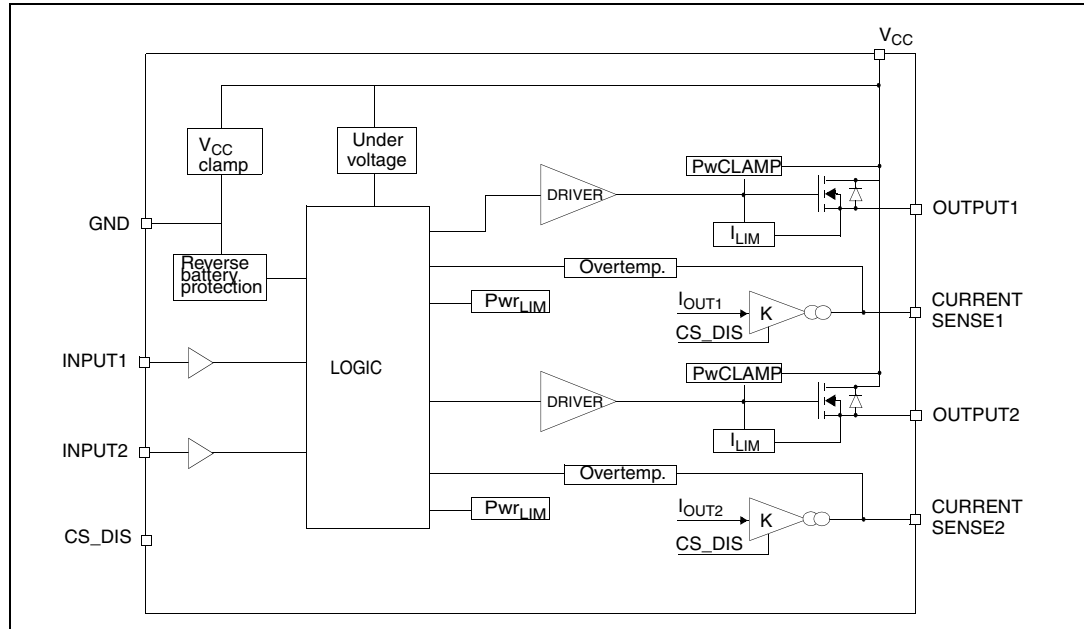


Table 2. Pin functions

Name	Function
V _{CC}	Battery connection
OUTPUT1,2	Power output
GND	Ground connection
INPUT1,2	Voltage controlled input pin with hysteresis, CMOS compatible. Controls output switch state
CURRENT SENSE1,2	Analog current sense pin, delivers a current proportional to the load current
CS_DIS	Active high CMOS compatible pin, to disable the current sense pins

Figure 2. Configuration diagram (not in scale)

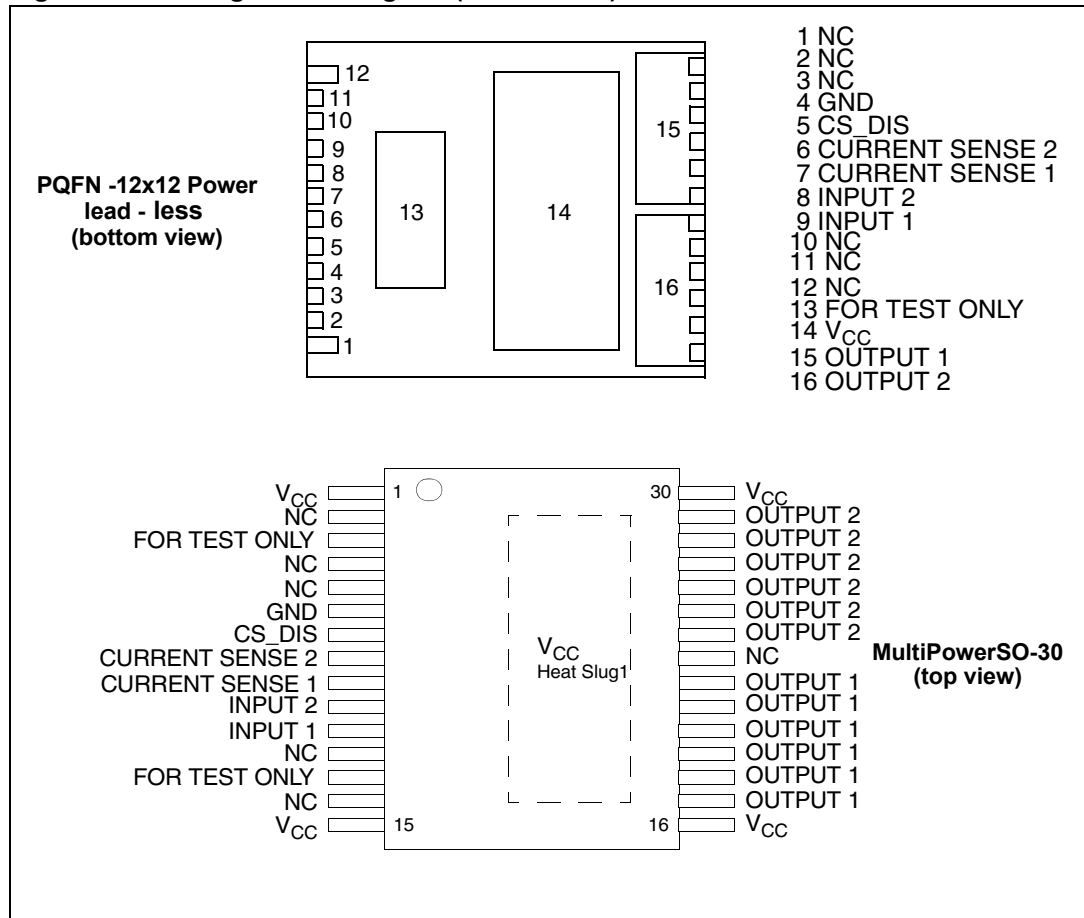
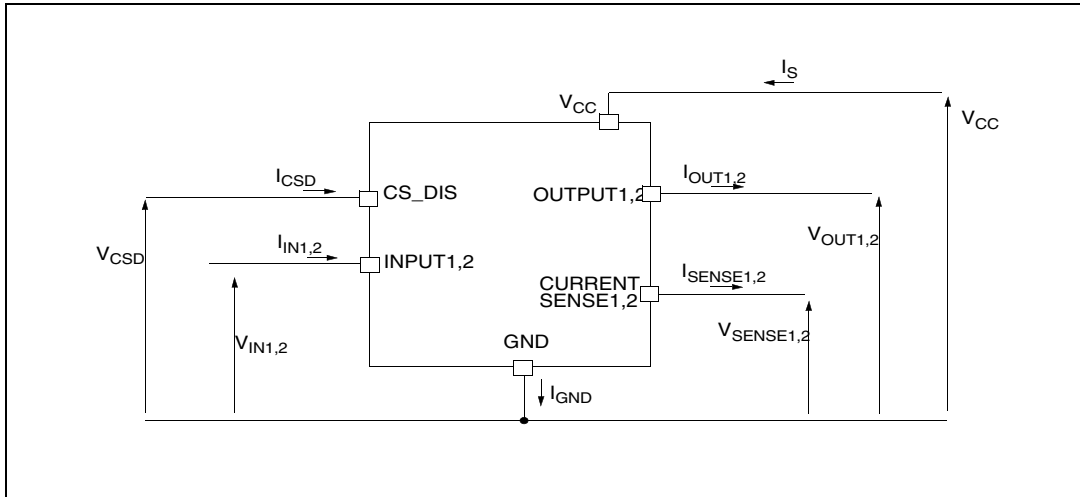


Table 3. Suggested connections for unused and not connected pins

Connection/pin	Current sense	N.C.	Output	Input	CS_DIS	For test only
Floating	Not allowed	X	X	X	X	X
To ground	Through 1 kΩ resistor	X	Not allowed	Through 10 kΩ resistor	Through 10 kΩ resistor	Not allowed

2 Electrical specifications

Figure 3. Current and voltage conventions



2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Stress values that exceed those listed in the “Absolute maximum ratings” table can cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and operation of the device at these, or any other conditions greater than those, indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics sure program and other relevant quality documents.

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage	28	V
V_{CCPK}	Transient supply voltage ($T < 400$ ms, $R_{load} > 0.5 \Omega$)	41	V
$-V_{CC}$	Reverse DC supply voltage	16	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current	Internally limited	A
$-I_{OUT}$	Reverse DC output current	70	A
I_{IN}	DC input current	-1 to 10	mA
I_{CS_D}	DC current sense disable input current	-1 to 10	mA
V_{CSENSE}	Current sense maximum voltage ($V_{CC} > 0$ V)	$V_{CC} - 41$ $+V_{CC}$	V V
E_{MAX}	Maximum switching energy (single pulse) ($L = 0.3$ mH; $R_L = 0 \Omega$; $V_{bat} = 13.5$ V; $T_{jstart} = 150$ °C; $I_{OUT} = I_{limL}(typ.)$)	342	mJ
V_{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge (Human Body Model: $R = 1.5$ kΩ; $C = 100$ pF)	2000	V

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{ESD}	Charge device model (CDM-AEC-Q100-011)	750	V
T _j	Junction operating temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	°C

2.2 Thermal data

Table 5. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		MultiPowerSO-30	12x12 PLLP	
R _{thj-case}	Thermal resistance junction-case (MAX) (with one channel ON)	0.35	0.35	°C/W
R _{thj-amb}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (MAX)	58 ⁽¹⁾	39 ⁽²⁾	°C/W

1. PCB FR4 area 58 mmx58 mm, PCB thickness 2 mm, Cu thickness 35 μm, minimum pad layout.

2. PCB FR4 area 78 mmx78 mm, PCB thickness 2 mm, Cu thickness 35 μm, minimum pad layout.

2.3 Electrical characteristics

Values specified in this section are for $8\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 24\text{ V}$, $-40\text{ °C} < T_j < 150\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise stated.

Table 6. Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power section						
V_{CC}	Operating supply voltage		4.5	13	28	V
V_{USD}	Undervoltage shutdown			3.5	4.5	V
$V_{USDhyst}$	Undervoltage shutdown hysteresis			0.5		V
R_{ON}	On-state resistance ⁽¹⁾	$I_{OUT}=15\text{ A}$; $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $I_{OUT}=15\text{ A}$; $T_j=150\text{ °C}$ $I_{OUT}=15\text{ A}$; $V_{CC}=5\text{ V}$; $T_j=25\text{ °C}$			4 8 6	mΩ mΩ mΩ
$R_{ON\ REV}$	R_{dson} in reverse battery condition	$V_{CC}=-13\text{ V}$; $I_{OUT}=-15\text{ A}$; $T_j=25\text{ °C}$			4	mΩ
V_{clamp}	V_{CC} clamp voltage	$I_{CC}=20\text{ mA}$; $I_{OUT1,2}=0\text{ A}$	41	46	52	V
I_S	Supply current	Off-state; $V_{CC}=13\text{ V}$; $T_j=25\text{ °C}$; $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}=V_{SENSE}=V_{CSD}=0\text{ V}$ On-state; $V_{CC}=13\text{ V}$; $V_{IN}=5\text{ V}$; $I_{OUT}=0\text{ A}$		2 ⁽²⁾ 3.5	5 ⁽²⁾ 6	μA mA
$I_{L(off)}$	Off-state output current ⁽¹⁾	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}=0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC}=13\text{ V}$; $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}=0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC}=13\text{ V}$; $T_j=125\text{ °C}$	0 0	0.01	3 5	μA
Switching ($V_{CC} = 13\text{V}$; $T_j = 25\text{°C}$)						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$R_L = 0.87\ \Omega$ (see Figure 5)		25		μs
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time	$R_L = 0.87\ \Omega$ (see Figure 5)		35		μs
$(dV_{OUT}/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on voltage slope	$R_L = 0.87\ \Omega$		See Figure 16		V/μs
$(dV_{OUT}/dt)_{off}$	Turn-off voltage slope	$R_L = 0.87\ \Omega$		See Figure 18		V/μs
W_{ON}	Switching energy losses during t_{won}	$R_L = 0.87\ \Omega$ (see Figure 5)		5.4		mJ
W_{OFF}	Switching energy losses during t_{woff}	$R_L = 0.87\ \Omega$ (see Figure 5)		2.3		mJ
Logic inputs						
$V_{IL1,2}$	Input low level voltage				0.9	V
$I_{IL1,2}$	Low level input current	$V_{IN}=0.9\text{ V}$	1			μA
$V_{IH1,2}$	Input high level voltage		2.1			V

Table 6. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{IH1,2}$	High level input current	$V_{IN}=2.1\text{ V}$			10	μA
$V_{I(hyst)1,2}$	Input hysteresis voltage		0.25			V
$V_{ICL1,2}$	Input clamp voltage	$I_{IN}=1\text{ mA}$ $I_{IN}=-1\text{ mA}$	5.5	-0.7	7	V V
V_{CSDL}	CS_DIS low level voltage				0.9	V
I_{CSDL}	Low level CS_DIS current	$V_{CSD}=0.9\text{ V}$	1			μA
V_{CSDH}	CS_DIS high level voltage		2.1			V
I_{CSDH}	High level CS_DIS current	$V_{CSD}=2.1\text{ V}$			10	μA
$V_{CSD(hyst)}$	CS_DIS hysteresis voltage		0.25			V
V_{CSCL}	CS_DIS clamp voltage	$I_{CSD}=1\text{ mA}$ $I_{CSD}=-1\text{ mA}$	5.5	-0.7	7	V V
Protections and diagnostics ⁽³⁾						
I_{limH}	Short circuit current	$V_{CC}=13\text{ V}$ $5\text{ V}<V_{CC}<24\text{ V}$	70	100	140 140	A A
I_{limL}	Short circuit current during thermal cycling	$V_{CC}=13\text{ V}; T_R<T_j<T_{TSD}$		40		A
T_{TSD}	Shutdown temperature		150	175	200	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_R	Reset temperature		$T_{RS}+1$	$T_{RS}+5$		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{RS}	Thermal reset of STATUS		135			$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{HYST}	Thermal hysteresis ($T_{TSD}-T_R$)			7		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
V_{DEMAG}	Turn-off output voltage clamp	$I_{OUT}=2\text{ A}; V_{IN}=0; L=6\text{ mH}$	$V_{CC}-28$	$V_{CC}-32$	$V_{CC}-35$	V
Current sense (8 V<V_{CC}<16 V)						
K_0	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	$I_{OUT}=10\text{ A}; V_{SENSE}=4\text{ V}; V_{CSD}=0\text{ V};$ $T_j=-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}...150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}...150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	7500 11000	16000 16000	23000 20900	
K_1	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	$I_{OUT}=15\text{ A}; V_{SENSE}=4\text{ V}; V_{CSD}=0\text{ V};$ $T_j=-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}...150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}...150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	10300 12500	16000 16000	19500 19500	

Table 6. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
K_2	I_{OUT}/I_{SENSE}	$I_{OUT}=30A; V_{SENSE}=4V; V_{CSD}=0V;$ $T_j = -40^{\circ}C...150^{\circ}C$ $T_j = 25^{\circ}C...150^{\circ}C$	12400 14000	16500 16500	19000 19000	
I_{SENSE0}	Analog sense current	$I_{OUT}=0 A; V_{SENSE}=0 V;$ $V_{CSD}=5 V; V_{IN}=0 V; T_j=-40^{\circ}C$ to $150^{\circ}C$ $V_{CSD}=0 V; V_{IN}=5 V; T_j=-40^{\circ}C$ to $150^{\circ}C$	0 0		5 400	μA μA
V_{SENSE}	Max analog sense output voltage	$I_{OUT}=45 A; V_{CSD}=0 V; R_{SENSE}=3.9 k\Omega$	5			V
V_{SENSEH}	Analog sense output voltage in over temperature condition	$V_{CC}=13 V; R_{SENSE}=3.9 k\Omega$		9		V
I_{SENSEH}	Analog sense output current in over temperature condition	$V_{CC}=13 V; V_{SENSE}=5 V$		8		mA
$t_{DSENSE1H}$	Delay response time from falling edge of CS_DIS pin	$V_{SENSE}<4 V, 5 A<I_{OUT}<30 A$ $I_{SENSE}=90\%$ of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see Figure 4)		50	100	μs
$t_{DSENSE1L}$	Delay response time from rising edge of CS_DIS pin	$V_{SENSE}<4V, 5A<I_{OUT}<30A$ $I_{SENSE}=10\%$ of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see Figure 4)		5	20	μs
$t_{DSENSE2H}$	Delay response time from rising edge of INPUT pin	$V_{SENSE}<4V, 5A<I_{OUT}<30A$ $I_{SENSE}=90\%$ of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see Figure 4)		270	600	μs
$t_{DSENSE2L}$	Delay response time from falling edge of INPUT pin	$V_{SENSE}<4V, 5A<I_{OUT}<30A$ $I_{SENSE}=10\%$ of $I_{SENSE\ max}$ (see Figure 4)		100	250	μs

1. For each channel.
2. PowerMOS leakage included.
3. To ensure long term reliability under heavy overload or short circuit conditions, protection and related diagnostic signals must be used together with a proper software strategy. If the device is subjected to abnormal conditions, this software must limit the duration and number of activation cycles.

Figure 4. Current sense delay characteristics

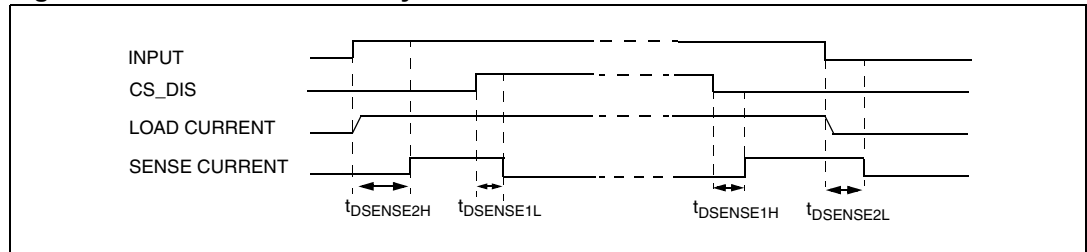


Figure 5. Switching characteristics

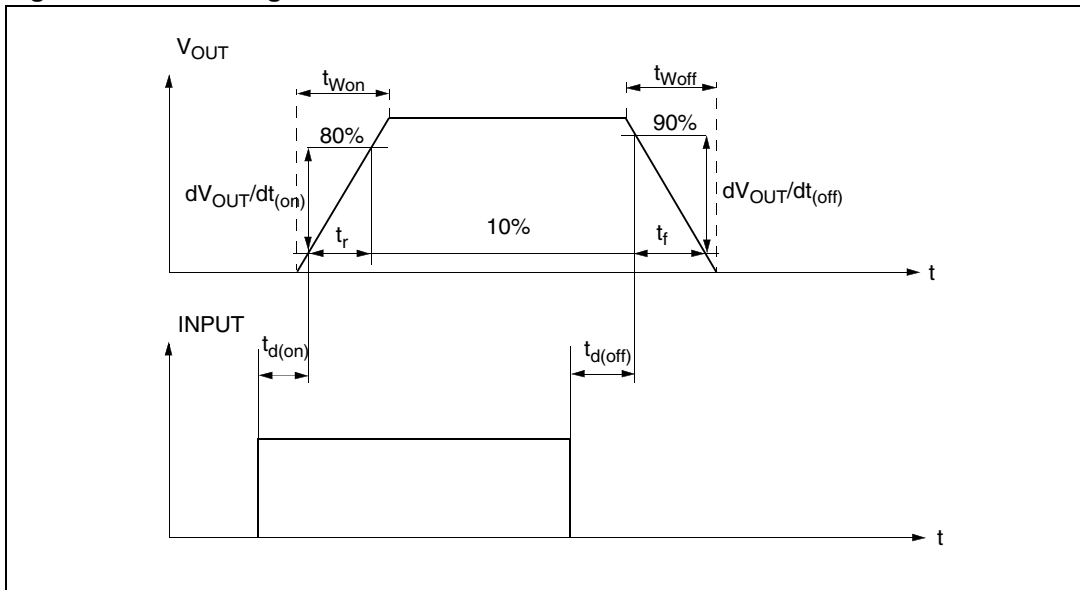


Table 7. Truth table

Conditions	Input _n	Output _n	SENSE _n ($V_{CSD}=0\text{ V}$) ⁽¹⁾ (see Figure 4)
Normal operation	L	L	0
	H	H	Nominal
Over temperature	L	L	0
	H	L	V_{SENSEH}
Undervoltage	L	L	0
	H	L	0
Short circuit to GND ($R_{SC} \leq 10\text{ m}\Omega$)	L	L	0
	H	L	0 if $T_j < T_{TSD}$
	H	L	V_{SENSEH} if $T_j > T_{TSD}$
Short circuit to V_{CC}	L	H	0
	H	H	< Nominal
Negative output voltage clamp	L	L	0

1. If V_{CSD} is high, the SENSE output is at a high impedance. Its potential depends on leakage currents and the external circuit.

Table 8. Electrical transient requirements (part 1/3)

ISO 7637-2: 2004(E) test pulse	Test levels ⁽¹⁾		Number of pulses or test times	Burst cycle/pulse repetition time		Delays and impedance
	III	IV				
1	-75 V	-100 V	5000 pulses	0.5 s	5 s	2 ms, 10 Ω
2a	+37 V	+50 V	5000 pulses	0.2 s	5 s	50 μs, 2 Ω
3a	-100 V	-150 V	1h	90 ms	100 ms	0.1 μs, 50 Ω
3b	+75 V	+100 V	1h	90 ms	100 ms	0.1 μs, 50 Ω
4	-6 V	-7 V	1 pulse			100 ms, 0.01 Ω
5b ⁽²⁾	+65 V	+87 V	1 pulse			400 ms, 2 Ω

Table 9. Electrical transient requirements (part 2/3)

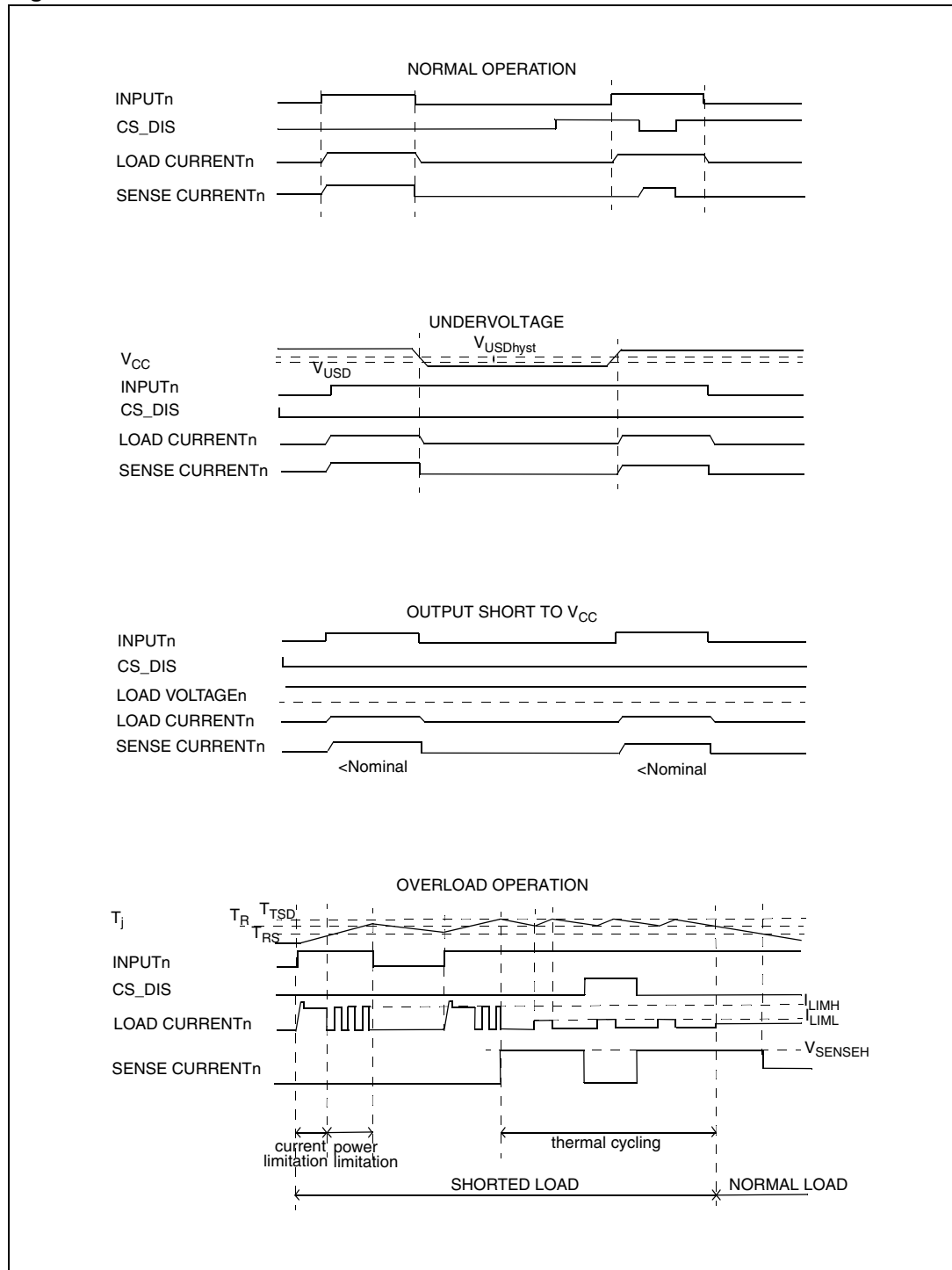
ISO 7637-2: 2004(E) test pulse	Test level results ⁽¹⁾	
	III	IV
1	C	C
2a	C	C
3a	C	C
3b	C	C
4	C	C
5b ⁽²⁾ (3)	C	C

1. The above test levels must be considered referred to V_{cc} = 13.5 V except for pulse 5b
2. Valid in case of external load dump clamp: 40V maximum referred to ground.
3. Suppressed load dump (pulse 5b) is withstood with a minimum load connected as specified in [Table 4.: Absolute maximum ratings](#).

Table 10. Electrical transient requirements (part 3/3)

Class	Contents
C	All functions of the device are performed as designed after exposure to disturbance.
E	One or more functions of the device are not performed as designed after exposure to disturbance and cannot be returned to proper operation without replacing the device.

Figure 6. Waveforms



2.4 Electrical characteristics curves

Figure 7. Off-state output current

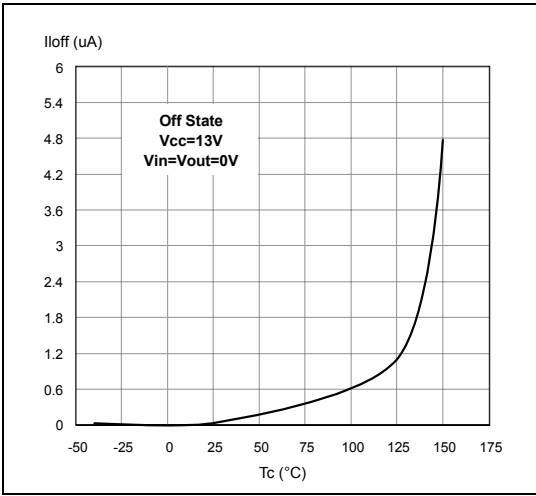


Figure 8. High level input current

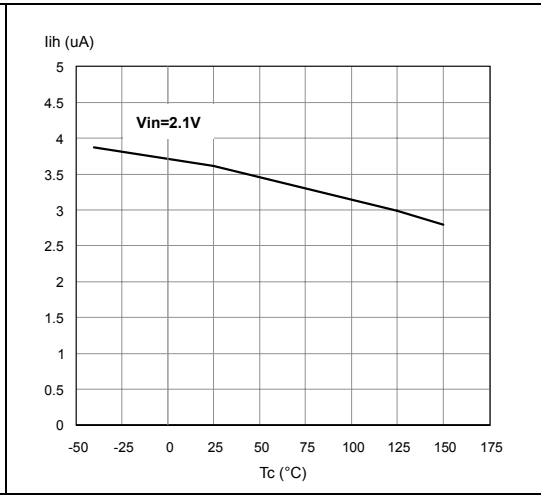


Figure 9. Input clamp voltage

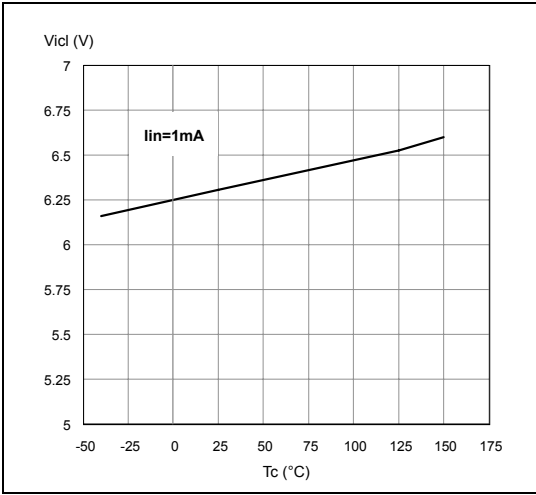


Figure 10. Input low level

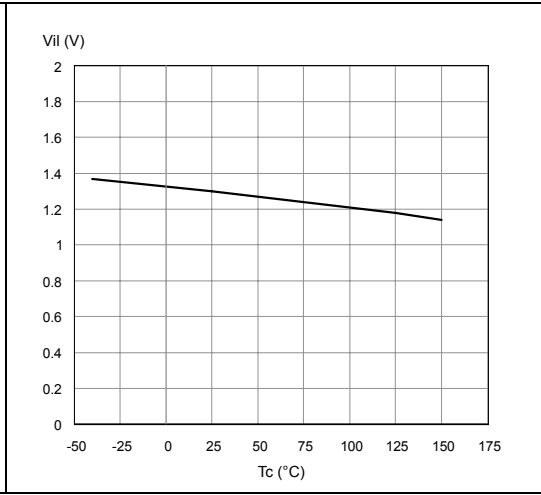


Figure 11. Input high level

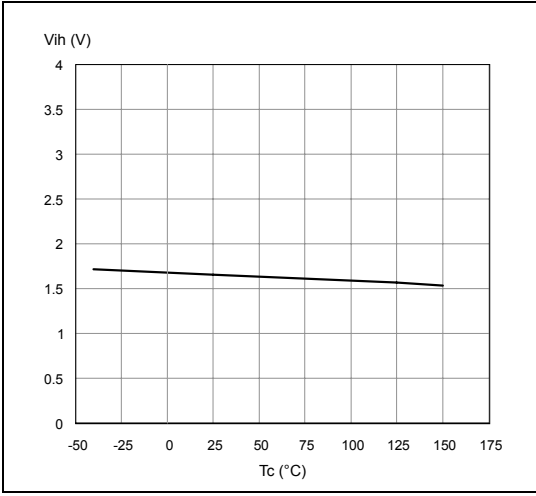


Figure 12. Input hysteresis voltage

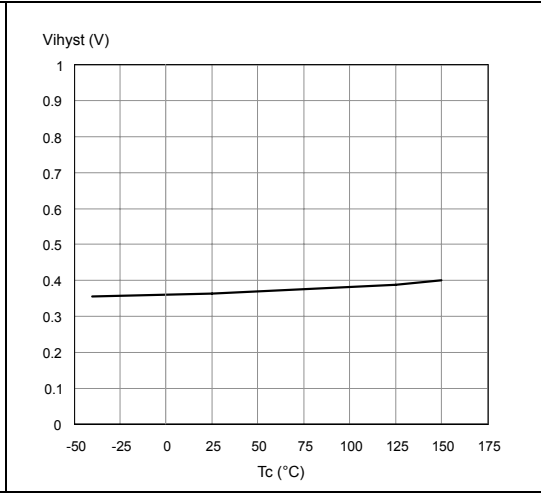


Figure 13. On-state resistance vs T_{case}

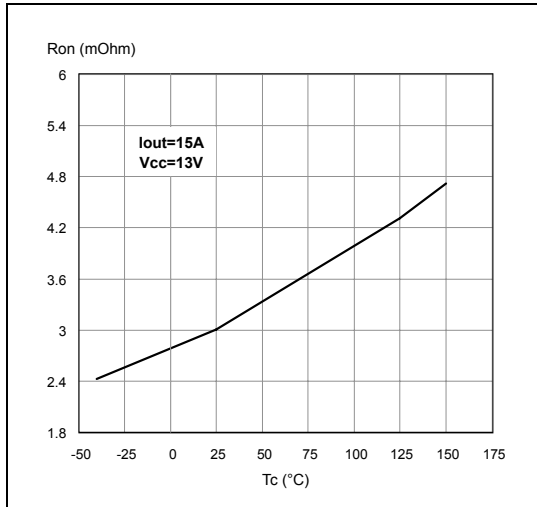


Figure 14. On-state resistance vs V_{CC}

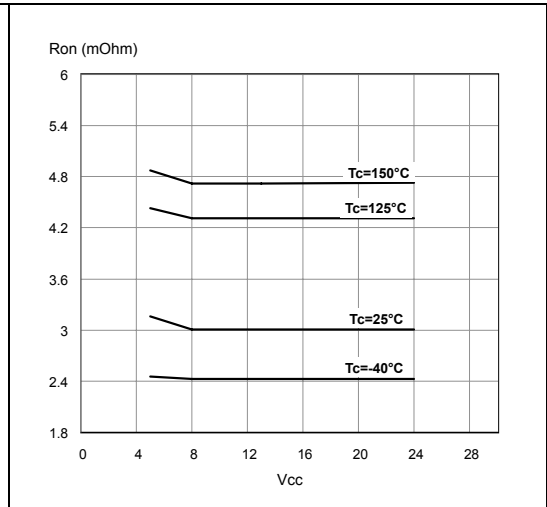


Figure 15. Undervoltage shutdown

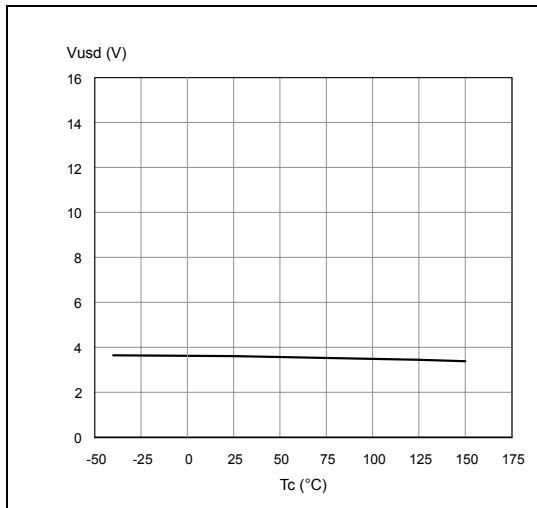


Figure 16. Turn-on voltage slope

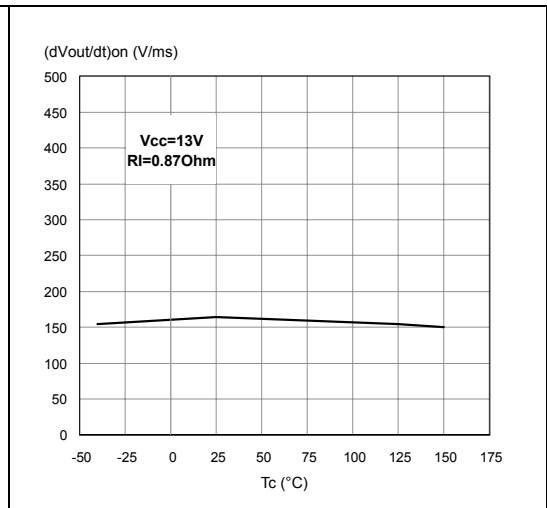


Figure 17. I_{LIMH} vs T_{case}

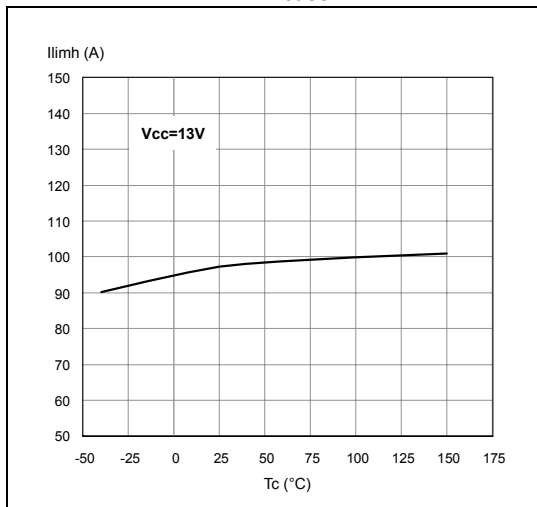


Figure 18. Turn-off voltage slope

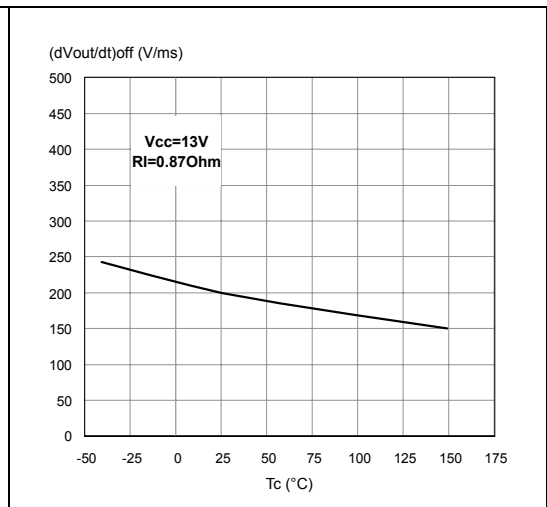


Figure 19. CS_DIS high level voltage

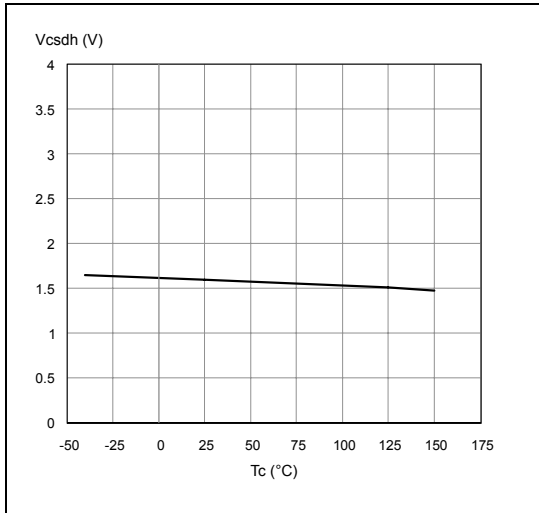


Figure 20. CS_DIS clamp voltage

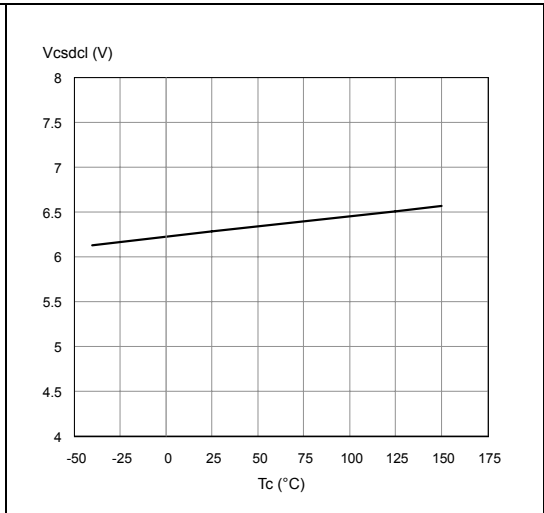
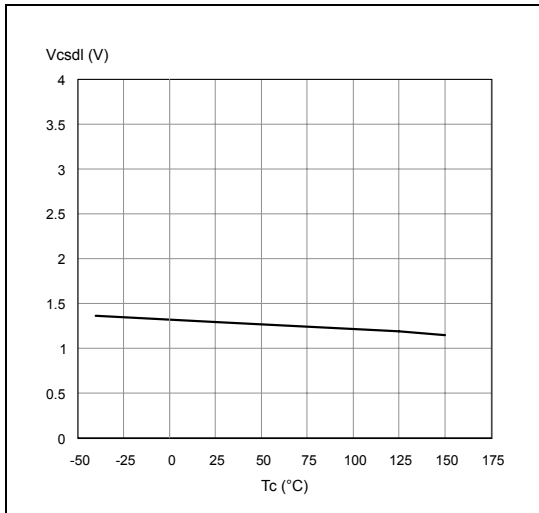
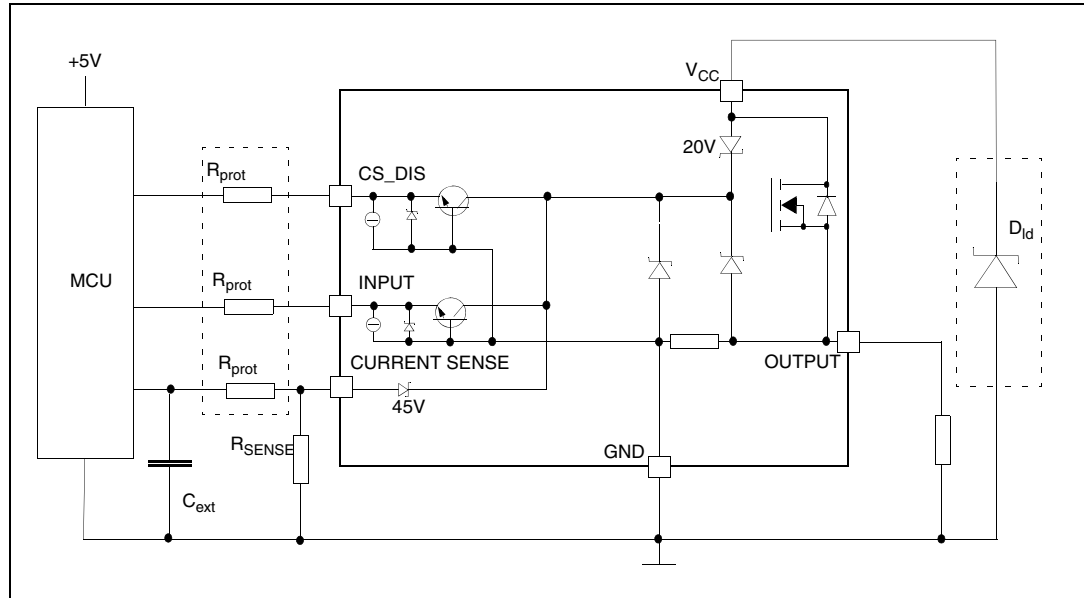


Figure 21. CS_DIS low level voltage



3 Application information

Figure 22. Application schematic



3.1 Microcontroller I/Os protection

When negative transients are present on the V_{CC} line, the control pins will be pulled negative to approximately -1.5 V.

ST suggests the insertion of resistors (R_{prot}) in the lines to prevent the μC I/Os pins from latching up.

The values of these resistors provide a compromise between the leakage current of the μC , the current required by the HSD I/Os (input levels compatibility) and the latch-up limit of the μC I/Os.

$$-V_{CCpeak}/I_{latchup} \leq R_{prot} \leq (V_{OH\mu C} - V_{IH}) / I_{IHmax}$$

Calculation example:

For $V_{CCpeak} = -1.5 \text{ V}$ and $I_{latchup} \geq 20 \text{ mA}$; $V_{OH\mu C} \geq 4.5 \text{ V}$

$$75 \Omega \leq R_{prot} \leq 240 \text{ k}\Omega$$

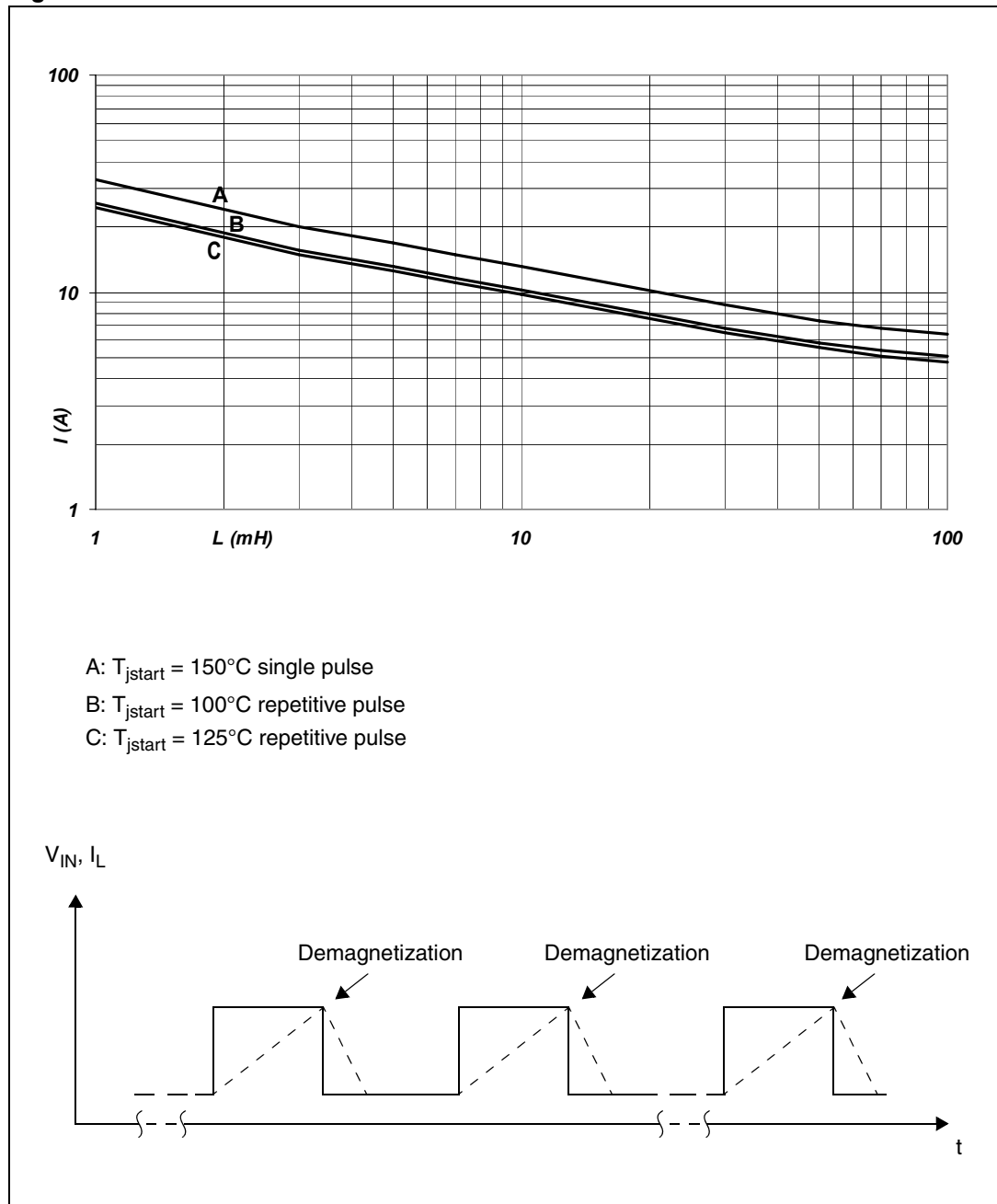
Recommended values: $R_{prot} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_{EXT} = 10 \text{ nF}$

3.2 Load dump protection

D_{id} is necessary (voltage transient suppressor) if the load dump peak voltage exceeds the V_{CCPK} max rating. The same applies if the device will be subject to transients on the V_{CC} line that are greater than the ones shown in the ISO 7637-2: 2004(E) table.

3.3 Maximum demagnetization energy ($V_{CC} = 13.5\text{ V}$)

Figure 23. Maximum turn-off current versus inductance

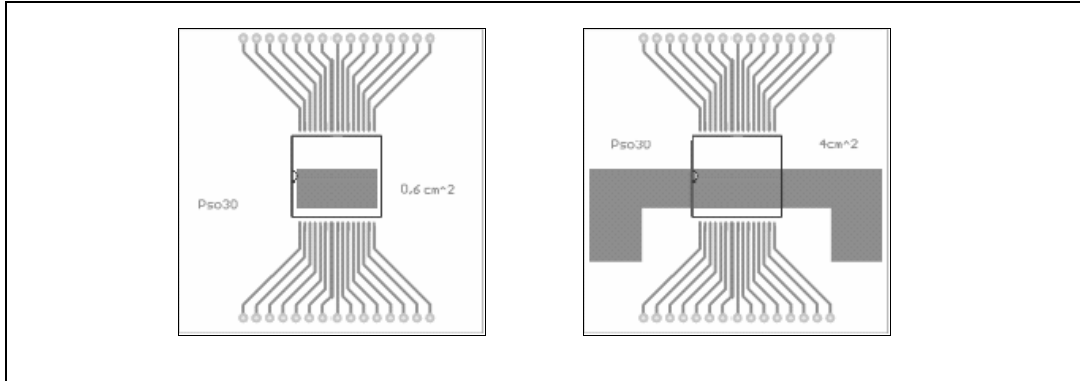


Note: Values are generated with $R_L = 0\ \Omega$.
 In case of repetitive pulses, T_{jstart} (at beginning of each demagnetization) of every pulse must not exceed the temperature specified above for curves A and B.

4 Package and PC board thermal data

4.1 MultiPowerSO-30 thermal data

Figure 24. MultiPowerSO-30 PC board



Note: Layout condition of R_{th} and Z_{th} measurements (PCB: Double layer, Thermal Vias, FR4 area= 58 mm x 58 mm, PCB thickness=2 mm, Cu thickness=70 μm (front and back side), Copper areas: from minimum pad lay-out to 4 cm^2).

Figure 25. $R_{thj-amb}$ vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition (one channel on)

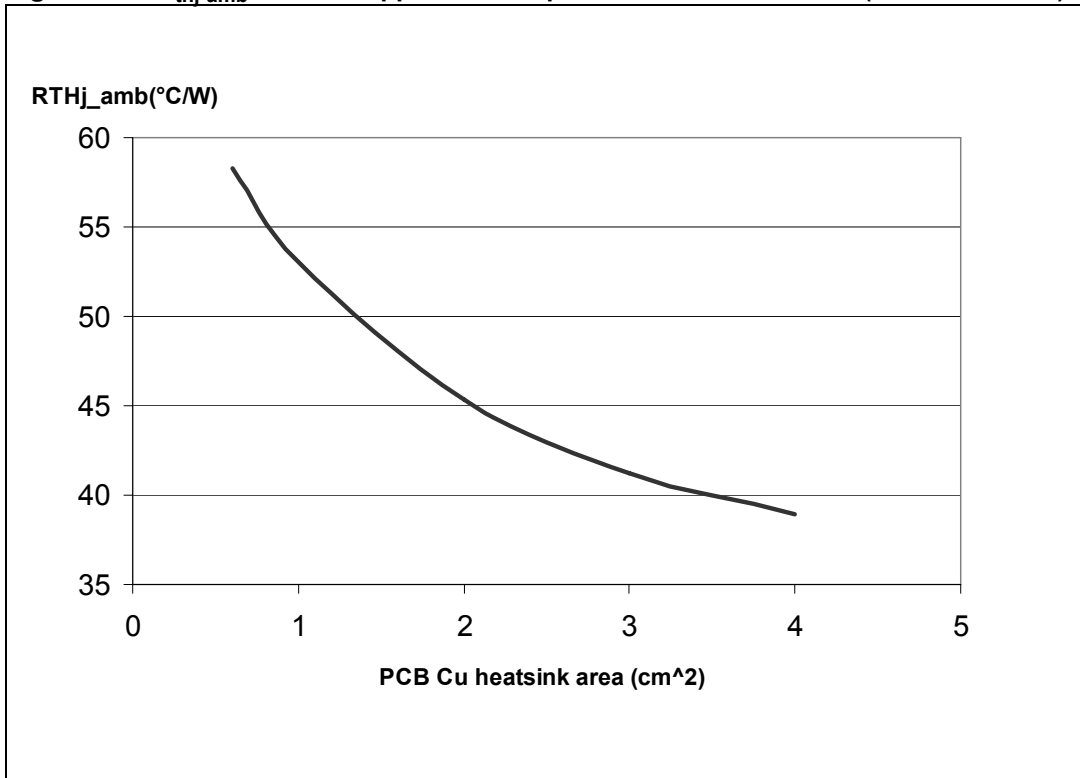


Figure 26. MultiPowerSO-30 thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse (one channel on)

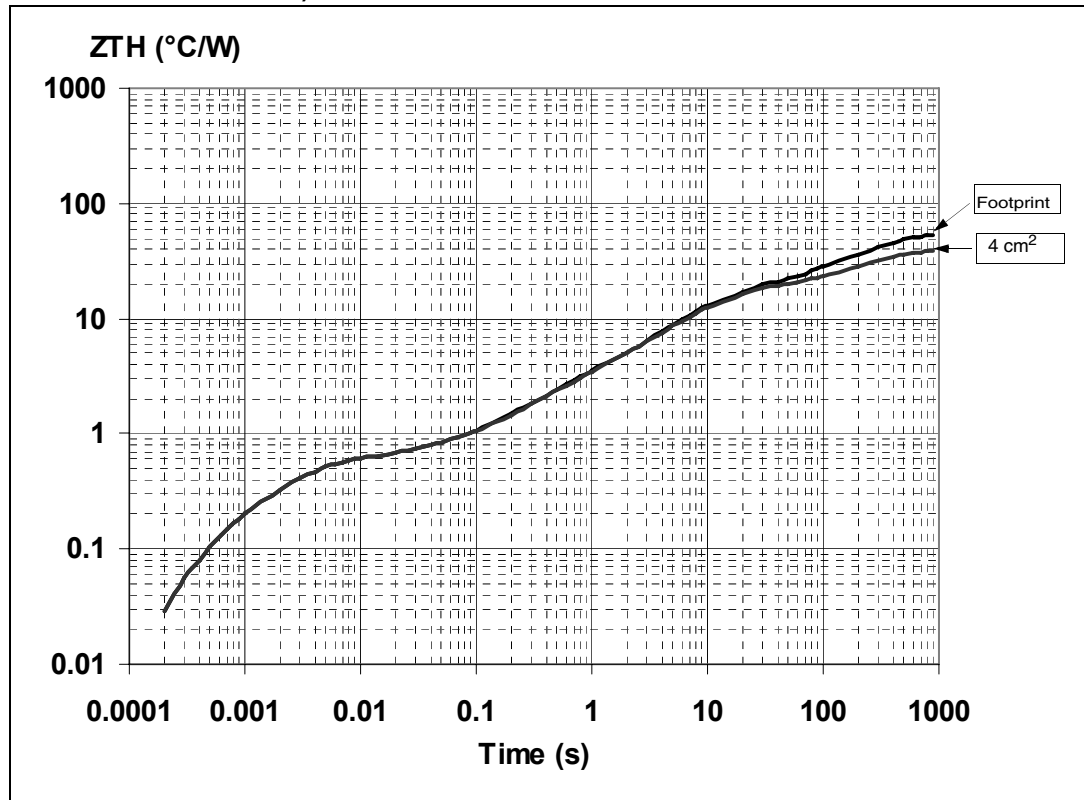
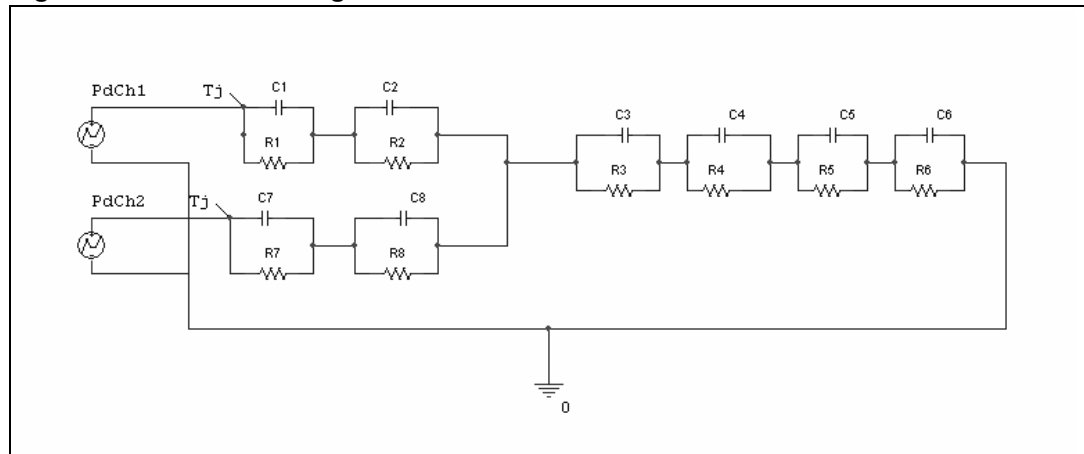


Figure 27. Thermal fitting model of a double channel HSD in MultiPowerSO-30(a)



- a. The fitting model is a simplified thermal tool and is valid for transient evolutions where the embedded protections (power limitation or thermal cycling during thermal shutdown) are not triggered.

Equation 1: pulse calculation formula

$$Z_{TH\delta} = R_{TH} \cdot \delta + Z_{THtp}(1 - \delta)$$

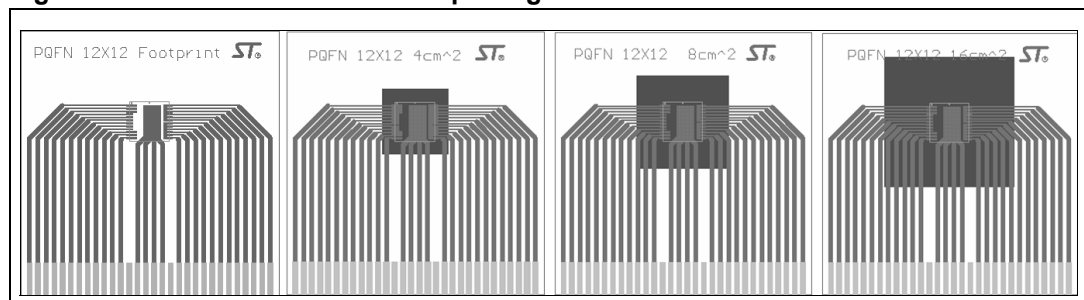
where $\delta = t_p/T$

Table 11. Thermal parameters for MultiPowerSO-30

Area/island (cm ²)	Footprint	4
R1 (°C/W)	0.05	
R2 (°C/W)	0.3	
R3 (°C/W)	0.5	
R4 (°C/W)	1.3	
R5 (°C/W)	14	
R6 (°C/W)	44.7	23.7
R7 (°C/W)	0.05	
R8 (°C/W)	0.3	
C1 (W.s/°C)	0.005	
C2 (W.s/°C)	0.008	
C3 (W.s/°C)	0.01	
C4 (W.s/°C)	0.3	
C5 (W.s/°C)	0.6	
C6 (W.s/°C)	5	11
C7 (W.s/°C)	0.005	
C8 (W.s/°C)	0.008	

4.2 PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less thermal data

Figure 28. 12x12 Power lead-less package PC board



Note: Layout condition of R_{th} and Z_{th} measurements (PCB: Double layer, Thermal Vias, FR4 area= 78 mm x 78 mm, PCB thickness=2mm, Cu thickness=70 μm (front and back side), Copper areas: from minimum pad lay-out to 16 cm²).

Figure 29. $R_{thj-amb}$ vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition (one channel on)

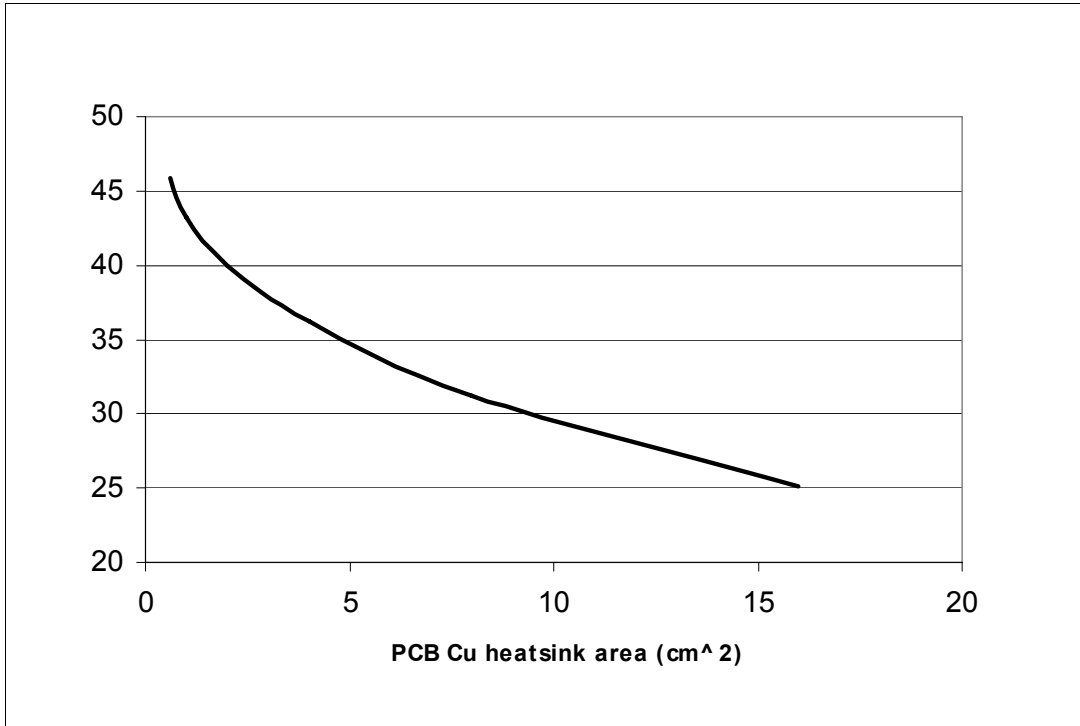


Figure 30. PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less package thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse (one channel on)

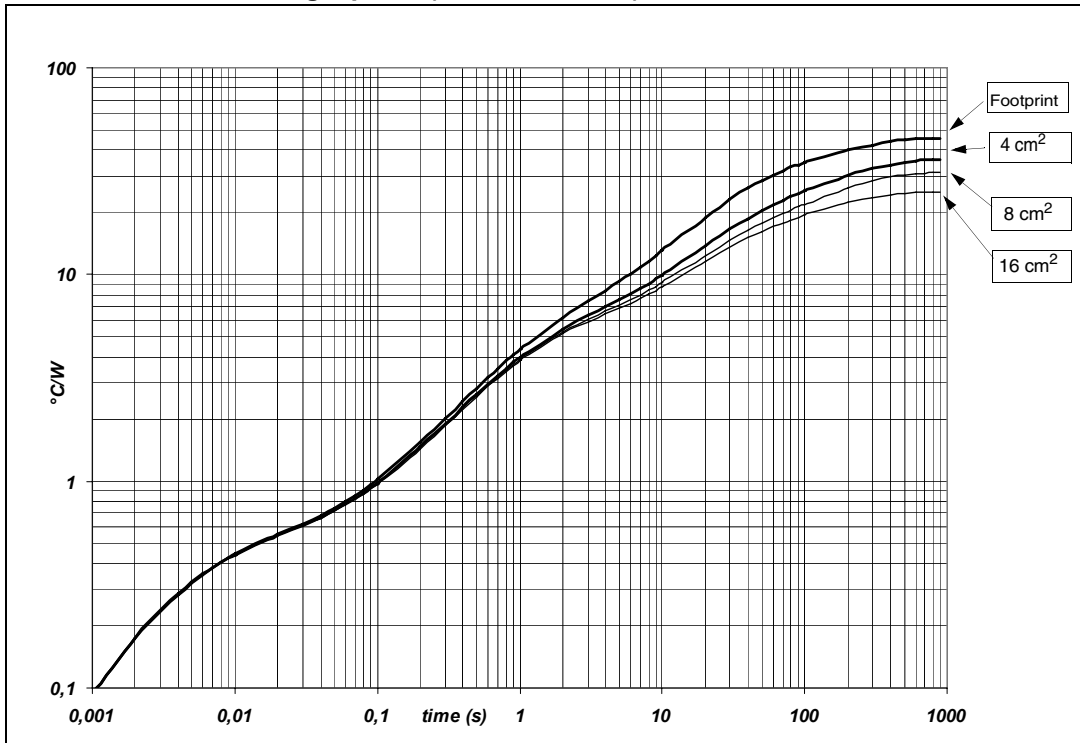
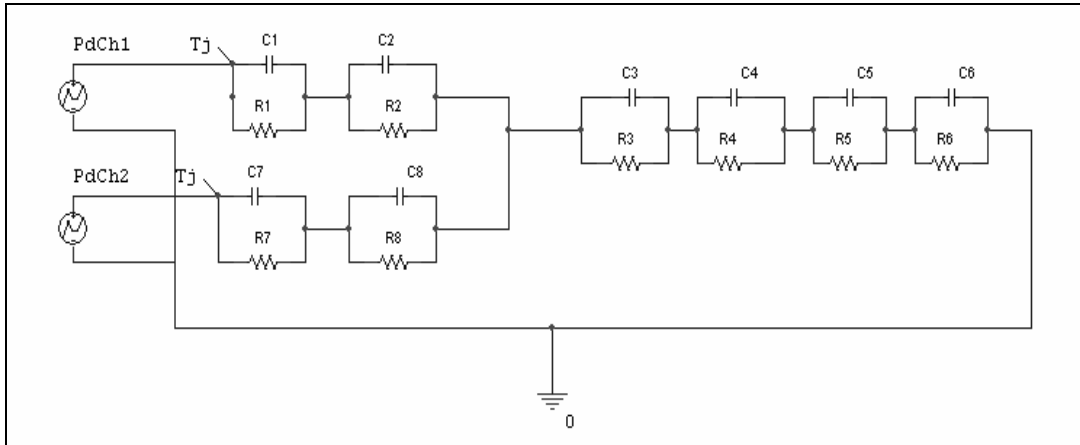


Figure 31. Thermal fitting model of a double channel HSD in PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less^(b)



Equation 2: pulse calculation formula

$$Z_{TH\delta} = R_{TH} \cdot \delta + Z_{THtp}(1 - \delta)$$

where $\delta = t_p/T$

Table 12. Thermal parameters for PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less

Area/island (cm ²)	Footprint	4	8	16
R1 (°C/W)	0.3			
R2 (°C/W)	0.15			
R3 (°C/W)	4.2			
R4 (°C/W)	9.6	9.4	9.2	9
R5 (°C/W)	15.1	10.5	8.5	5.5
R6 (°C/W)	16.7	12	9	6
R7 (°C/W)	0.3			
R8 (°C/W)	0.15			
C1 (W.s/°C)	0.021			
C2 (W.s/°C)	0.015			
C3 (W.s/°C)	0.2			
C4 (W.s/°C)	1.9	2.2	2.32	2.45
C5 (W.s/°C)	2.45	7.3	13.7	20
C6 (W.s/°C)	11.85	22	25	30
C7 (W.s/°C)	0.021			
C8 (W.s/°C)	0.015			

b. The fitting model is a simplified thermal tool and is valid for transient evolutions where the embedded protections (power limitation or thermal cycling during thermal shutdown) are not triggered.

5 Package and packing information

5.1 ECOPACK® packages

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.

ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

5.2 MultiPowerSO-30 mechanical data

Figure 32. MultiPowerSO-30 outline

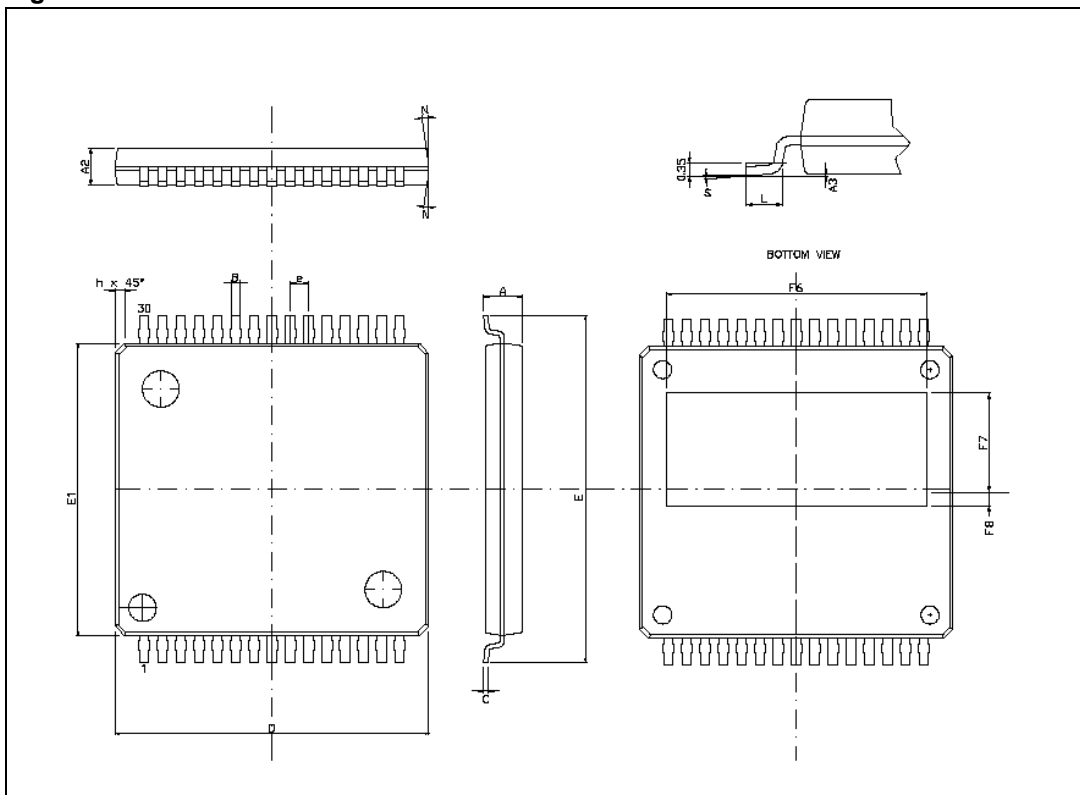


Table 13. MultiPowerSO-30 mechanical data

Symbol	Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			2.35
A2	1.85		2.25
A3	0		0.1
B	0.42		0.58
C	0.23		0.32
D	17.1	17.2	17.3
E	18.85		19.15
E1	15.9	16	16.1
"e"	1		
F6		14.3	
F7		5.45	
F8		0.73	
L	0.8		1.15
N			10 Deg
S	0 Deg		7 Deg

5.3 PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less mechanical data

Figure 33. PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less outline

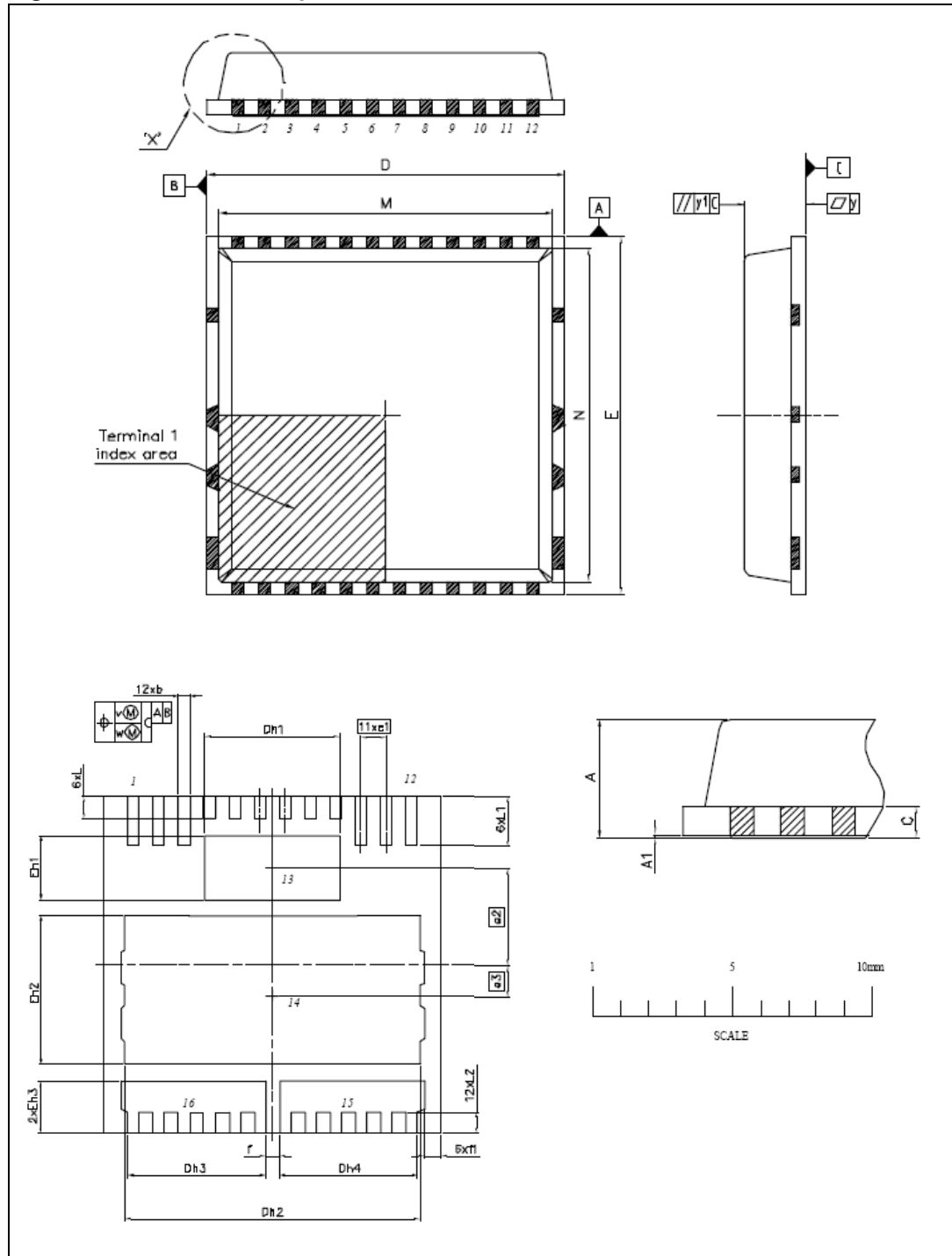


Table 14. PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less mechanical data

Symbol	Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	2		2.2
A1	0		0.05
b	0.35		0.47
C		0.50	
D	11.90		12.10
Dh1	4.65		4.95
Dh2	10.45		10.65
Dh3	4.80		5
Dh4	4.80		5
E	11.90		12.10
Eh1	2.15		2.45
Eh2	5.15		5.45
Eh3	1.70		2
e1		0.90	
e2		3.45	
e3		1.10	
f		0.50	
f1		0.60	
L	0.75		0.95
L1	1.65		1.90
L2	0.76		0.78
M	11.10		11.30
N	11.10		11.30
v		0.1	
w		0.05	
y		0.05	
y1		0.1	

5.4 MultiPowerSO-30 packing information

The devices can be packed in tube or tape and reel shipments (see the [Devices summary on page 1](#) for packaging quantities).

Figure 34. MultiPowerSO-30 tube shipment (no suffix)

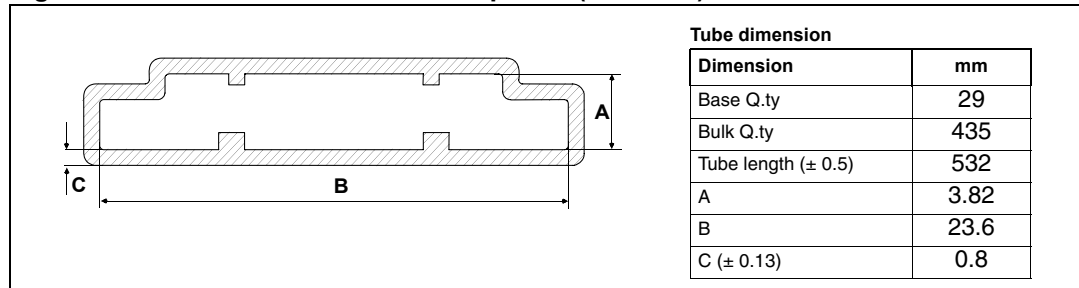
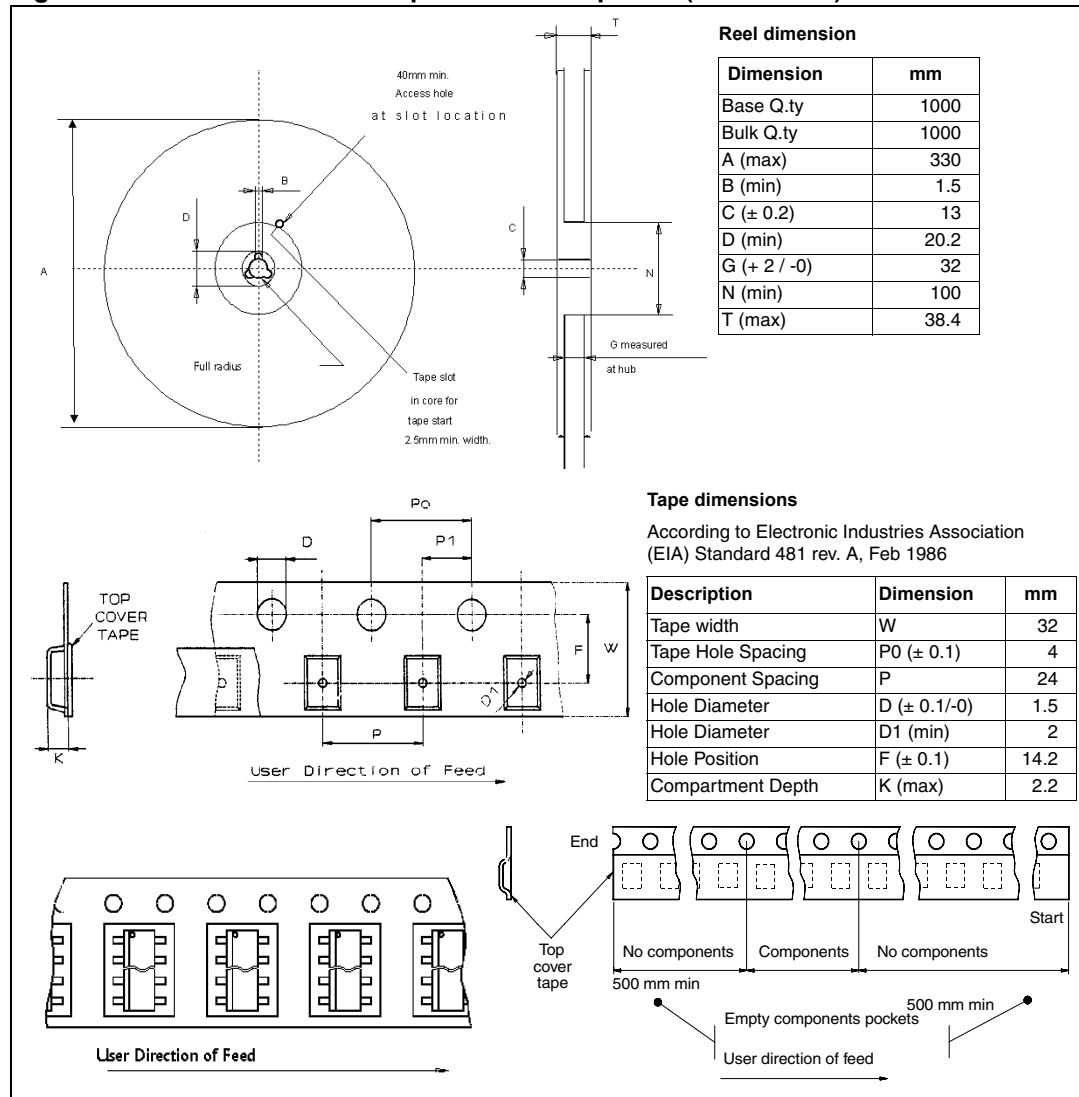


Figure 35. MultiPowerSO-30 tape and reel shipment (suffix “TR”)



5.5 PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less packing information

The devices can be packed in tray or tape and reel shipments (see the [Devices summary on page 1](#) for packaging quantities).

Figure 36. PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less tray shipment (no suffix)

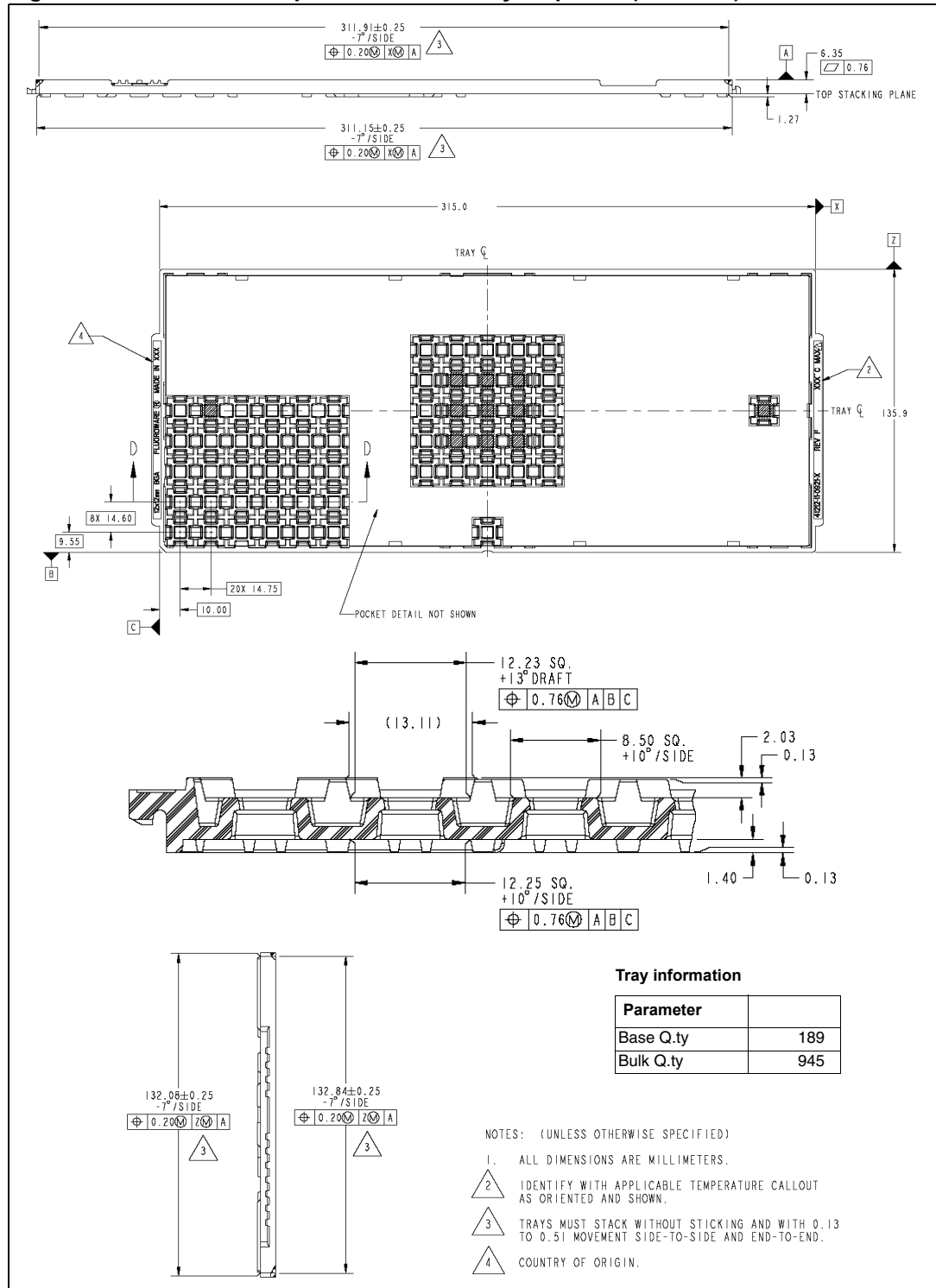
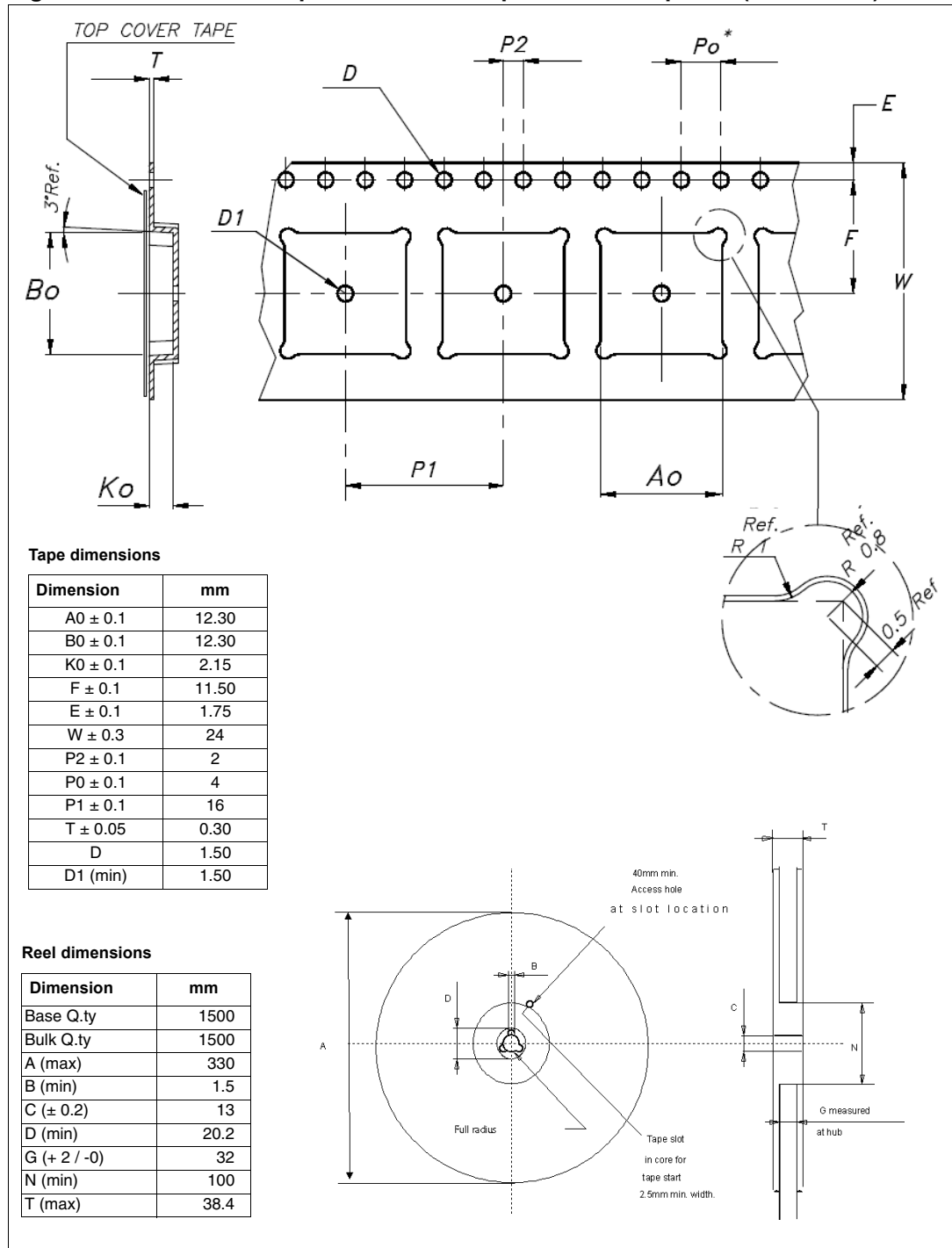


Figure 37. PQFN - 12x12 power lead-less tape and reel shipment (suffix "TR")



6 Revision history

Table 15. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
13-May-2009	1	Initial release.

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