High Power Diode Modules

I_{FRMS} = 880 A
I_{FAVM} = 560 A
V_{RRM} = 1200-2200 V

V_{RSM}	V_{RRM}	Type
V	V	
1300	1200	MDO 500-12N1
1500	1400	MDO 500-14N1
1700	1600	MDO 500-16N1
1900	1800	MDO 500-18N1
2100	2000	MDO 500-20N1
2300	2200	MDO 500-22N1

UL E72873
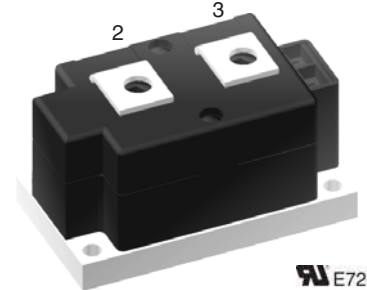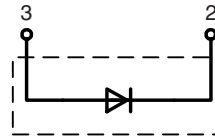
Symbol	Conditions		Maximum Ratings	
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$		880	A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 85°C$; 180° sine		560	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45°C$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	15000	A
	$V_R = 0$	t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	16000	A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	13000	A
	$V_R = 0$	t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	14400	A
I^2t	$T_{VJ} = 45°C$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	1125000	A^2s
	$V_R = 0$	t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	1062000	A^2s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	t = 10 ms (50 Hz)	845000	A^2s
	$V_R = 0$	t = 8.3 ms (60 Hz)	813000	A^2s
T_{VJ}			-40...140	°C
T_{VJM}			140	°C
T_{stg}			-40...125	°C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	t = 1 min	3000	V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	t = 1 s	3600	V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M6)		4.5-7/40-62	Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)		11-13/97-115	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws		650	g

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values	
I_{RRM}	T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	30	mA
V_F	I_F = 1200 A; $T_{VJ} = 25°C$	1.3	V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only ($T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$)	0.8	V
r_T		0.38	mΩ
R_{thJC}	DC current	0.072	K/W
R_{thJK}	DC current	0.096	K/W
d_S	Creeping distance on surface	21.7	mm
d_A	Creepage distance in air	9.6	mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50	m/s²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.

Features
- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered E 72873

Applications
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
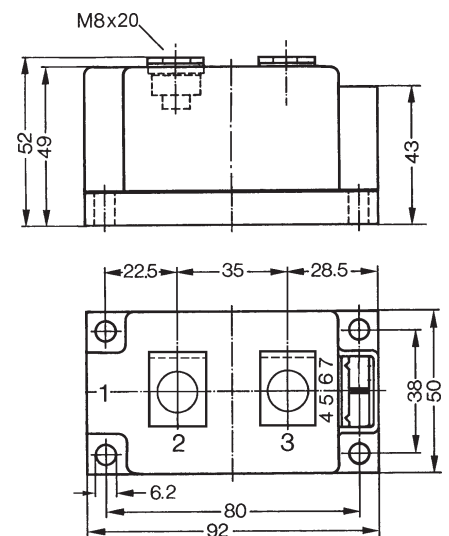- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

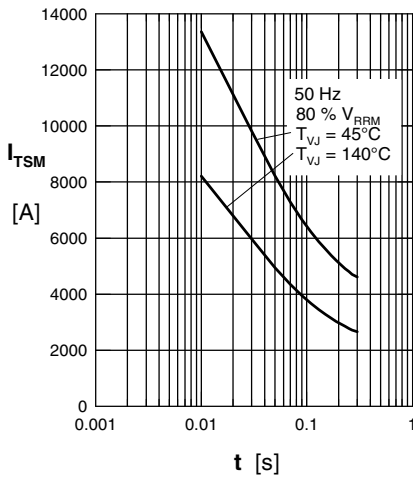**Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")**

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Fig. 1 Surge overload current
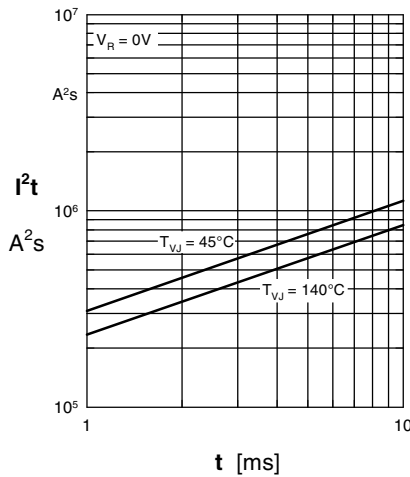I_{FSM}: Crest value, t: duration

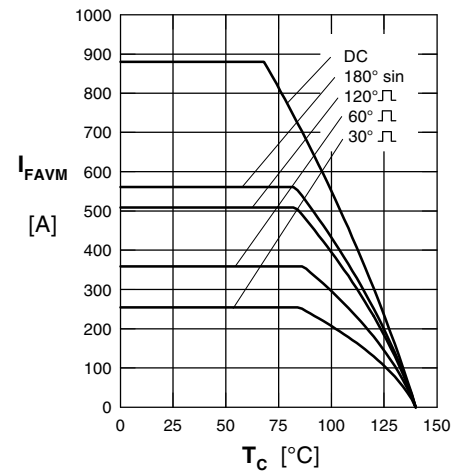Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

Fig. 3 Maximum forward current at case temperature
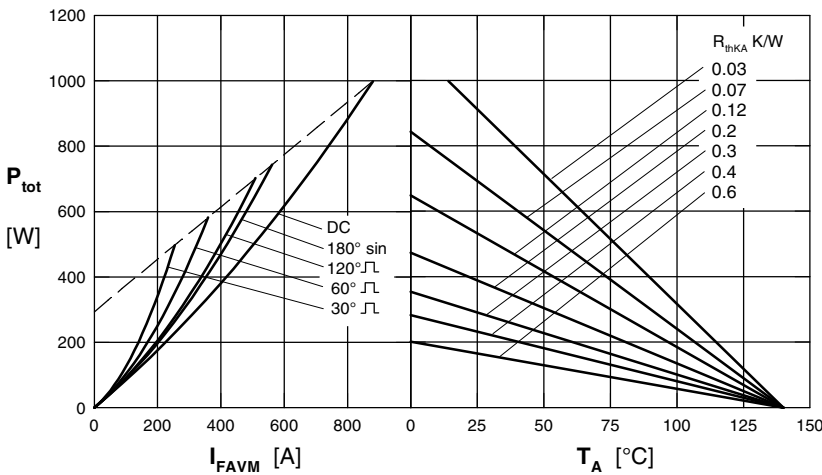

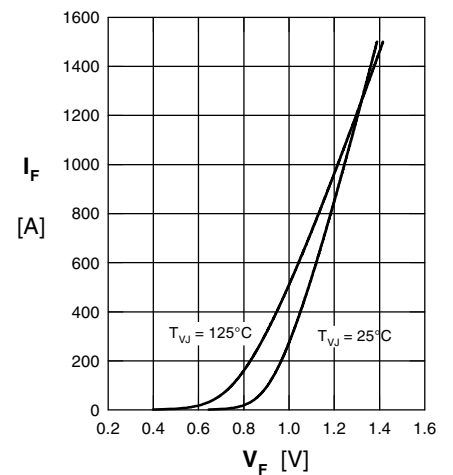Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature
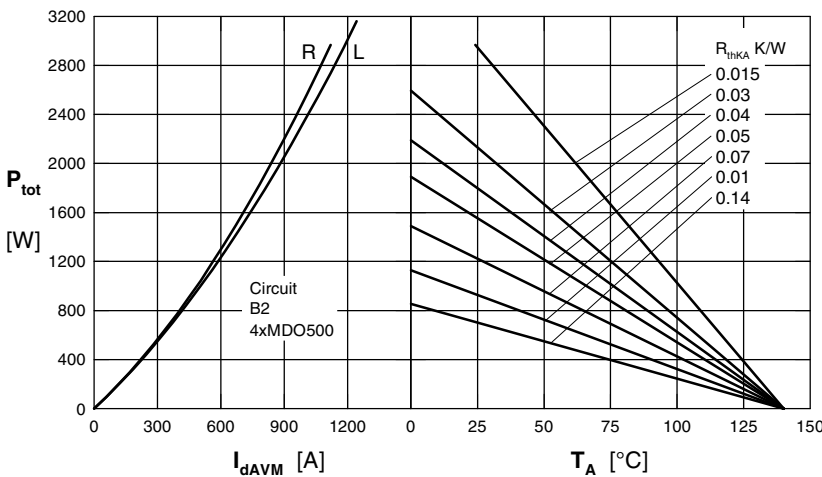

Fig. 5 Forward current I_F versus V_F

Fig. 6 Single phase rectifier bridge:Power dissipation vs. direct output current and ambient temperature R = resistive load, L = inductive load

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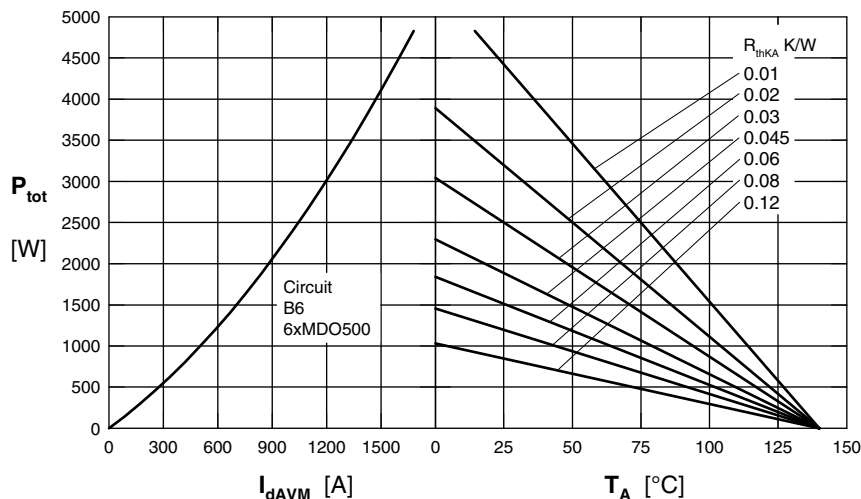
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Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation
versus direct output current and ambient temperature
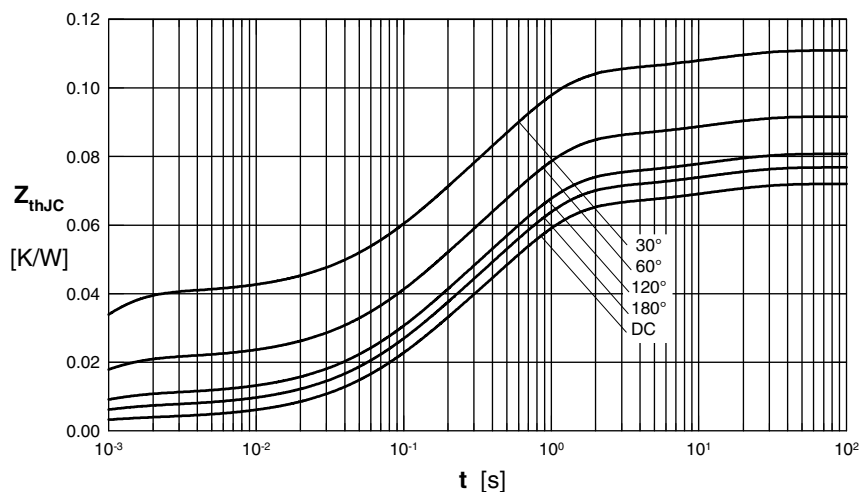
Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case
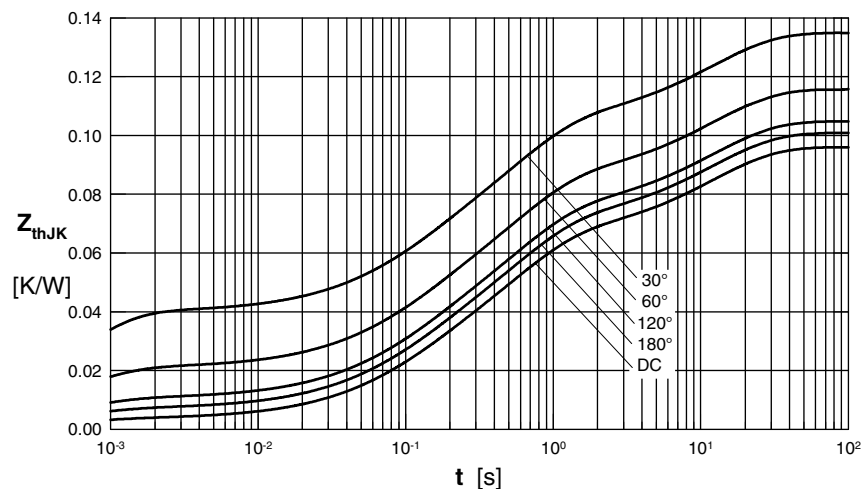
R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.072
180°	0.0768
120°	0.081
60°	0.092
30°	0.111

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0054
2	0.0186	0.098
3	0.0432	0.54
4	0.0067	12

Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.096
180°	0.1
120°	0.105
60°	0.116
30°	0.135

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0054
2	0.0186	0.098
3	0.0432	0.54
4	0.0067	12
5	0.024	12

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