

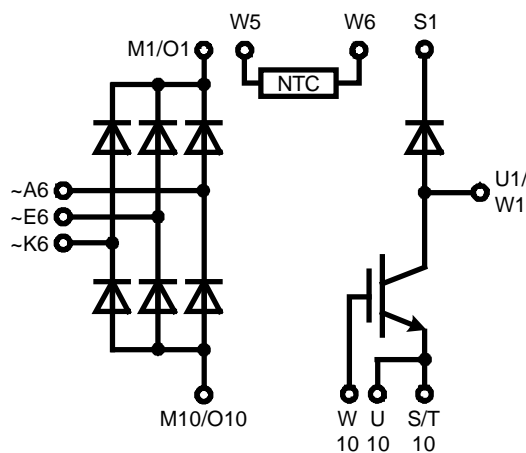
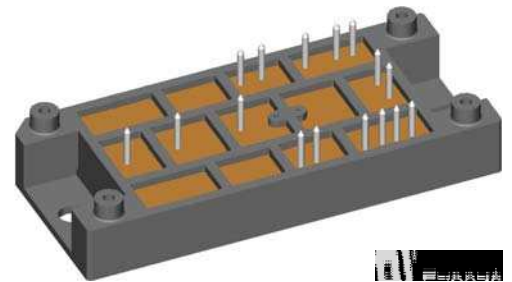
Standard Rectifier Module

3 ~ Rectifier	Brake Chopper
$V_{RRM} = 1600 \text{ V}$	$V_{CES} = 1200 \text{ V}$
$I_{DAVM} = 188 \text{ A}$	$I_{C25} = 155 \text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1100 \text{ A}$	$V_{CE(sat)} = 1.9 \text{ V}$

3~ Rectifier Bridge + Brake Unit

Part name

VUB120-16NOXT



Features / Advantages:

- Soldering connections for PCB mounting
- Convenient package outline
- NTC

Applications:

- 3~ Rectifier with brake unit for drive inverters

Package:

- Housing: V2-Pack
- DCB ceramic base plate
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- RoHS compliant

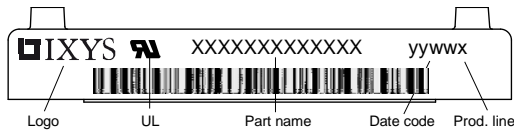
Rectifier				Ratings		
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1700	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1600	V
I_R	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1600\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		50	μA
		$V_{R/D} = 1600\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		2	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 60\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.16	V
		$I_T = 120\text{ A}$			1.36	V
		$I_T = 60\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.09	V
		$I_T = 120\text{ A}$			1.35	V
$I_{D(AV)M}$	bridge output current	$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ rectangular $d = \frac{1}{3}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		188	A
V_{FO}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.81	V
r_F	slope resistance				4.4	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.60	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.2		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		200	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.10	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		1.19	kA
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		935	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		1.01	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$		6.05	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		5.89	kA ² s
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		4.37	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		4.25	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		37	pF

Brake IGBT				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage				1200	V	
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage				± 20	V	
V_{GEM}	max. transient collector gate voltage				± 30	V	
I_{C25}	collector current				155	A	
I_{C80}					107	A	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation				500	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 100A; V_{GE} = 15V$		1.9	2.2	V	
				2.5		V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 4mA; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	5.4	5.9	6.5	V	
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0V$			0.1	mA	
				0.1		mA	
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600V; V_{GE} = 15V; I_C = 100A$		295		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600V; I_C = 100A$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15V; R_G = 6.8\Omega$		70		ns	
t_r	current rise time			40		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time			250		ns	
t_f	current fall time			100		ns	
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse			8.5		mJ	
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse			11.5		mJ	
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15V; R_G = 6.8\Omega$				A	
I_{CM}		$V_{CEK} = 1200V$			300	A	
SCSOA	short circuit safe operating area						
t_{SC}	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 720V; V_{GE} = \pm 15V$			10	μs	
I_{SC}	short circuit current	$R_G = 6.8\Omega; \text{non-repetitive}$		400		A	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.25	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.1		K/W	

Brake Diode				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage				1200	V	
I_{F25}	forward current				62	A	
I_{F80}					40	A	
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 30A$			2.71	V	
					1.94	V	
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			0.25	mA	
					1	mA	
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600V$ $-di_F/dt = 400A/\mu s$ $I_F = 30A$		1.8		μC	
I_{RM}	max. reverse recovery current			23		A	
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time			150		ns	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.9	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.3		K/W	

Temperature Sensor NTC				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
R_{25}	resistance	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	4.75	5	5.25	k Ω	
$B_{25/50}$	temperature coefficient			3375		K	

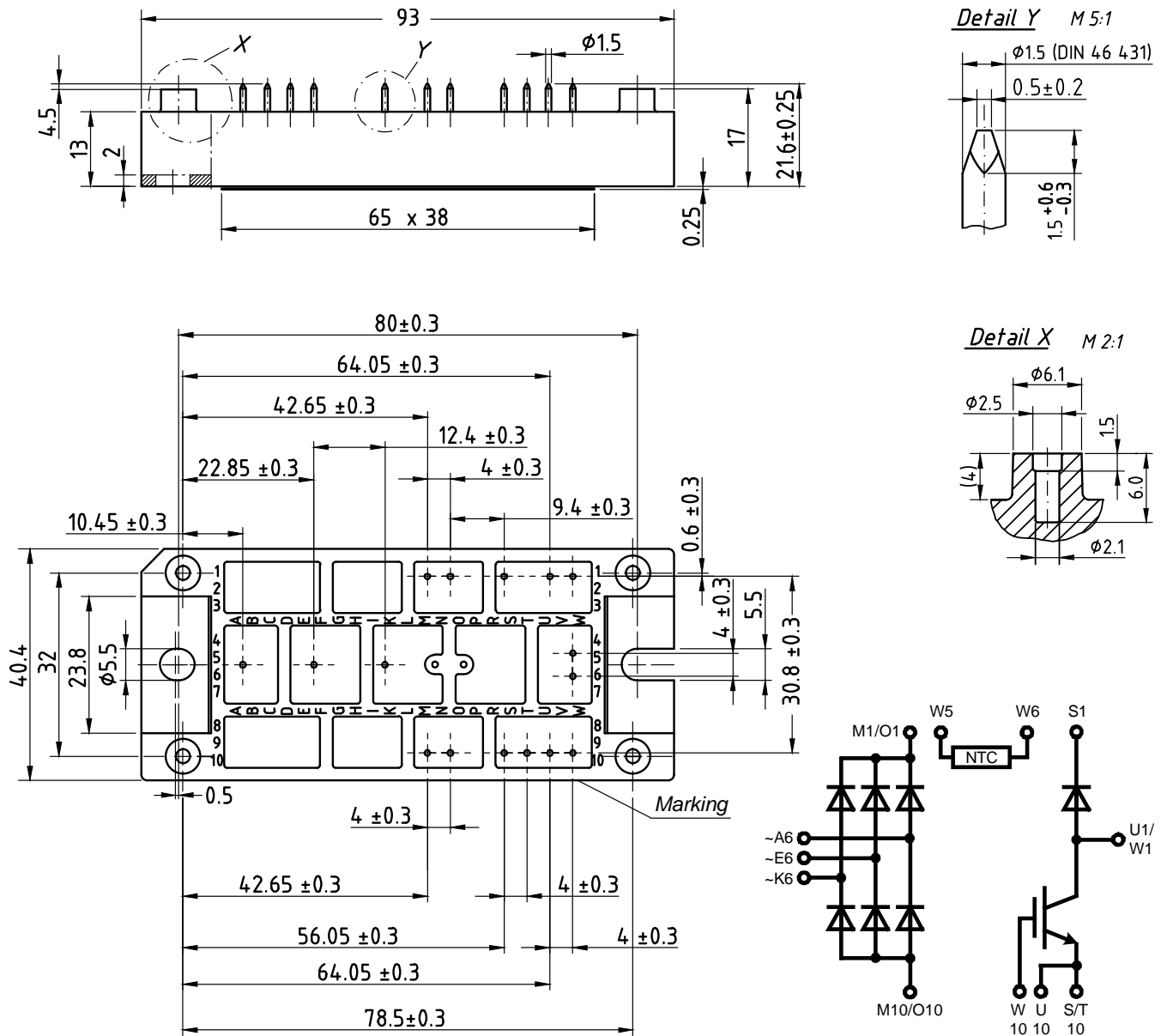
Package V2-Pack			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	I_{RM} current	per terminal			100	A
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{vj}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				76		g
M_D	mounting torque		2		2.5	Nm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3600			V
		t = 1 minute	3000			V
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6.0			mm
$d_{Spt/Abp}$		terminal to backside	12.0			mm



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VUB120-16NOXT	VUB120-16NOXT	Box	6	510461

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
VUB120-16NOX	V2-Pack	1600

Outlines



Rectifier

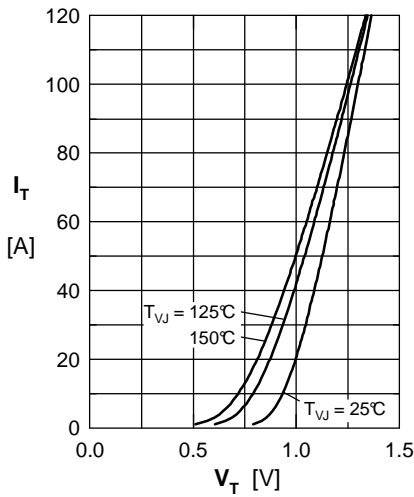


Fig.1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

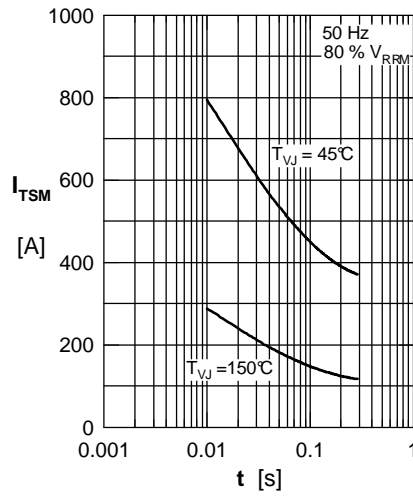


Fig.2 Surge overload current

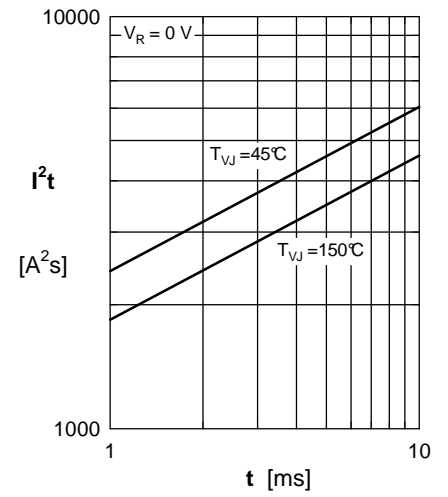


Fig.3 I²t versus time per diode

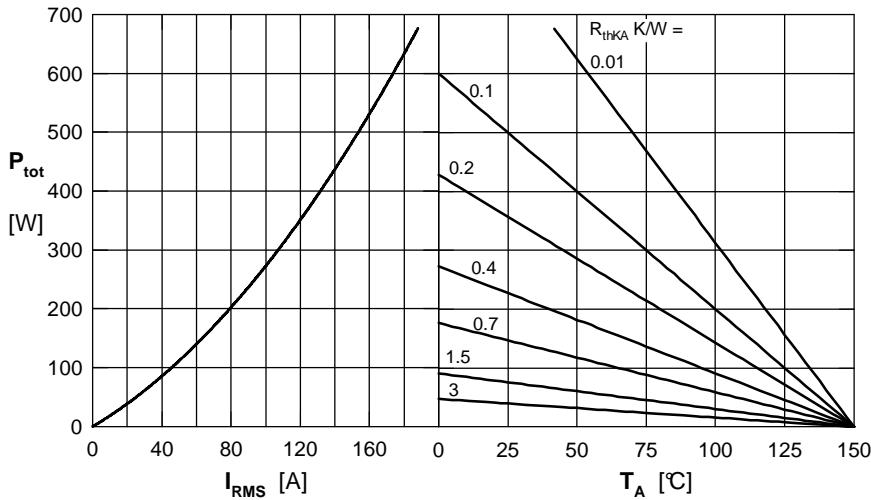


Fig.4 Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature, sine 180°

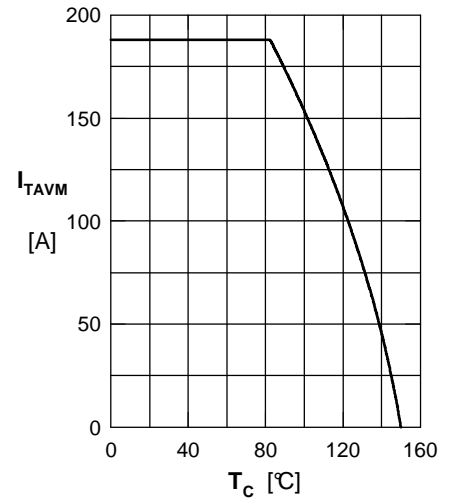


Fig.5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature

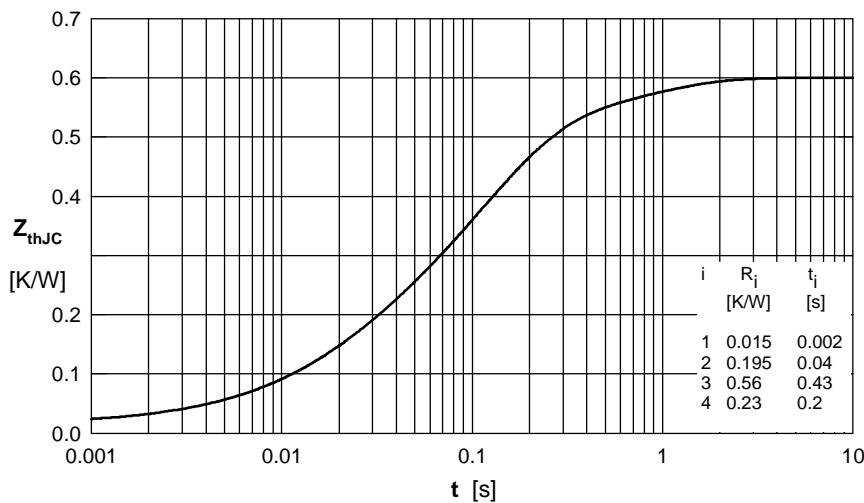


Fig.6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

Brake IGBT

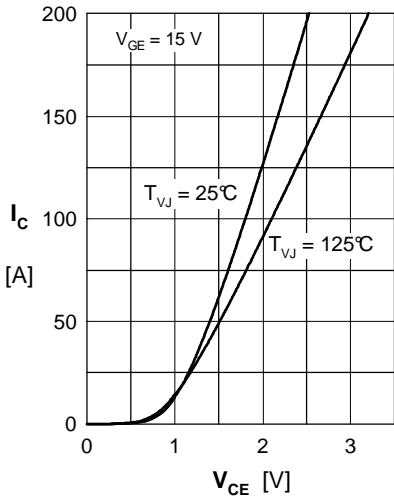


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

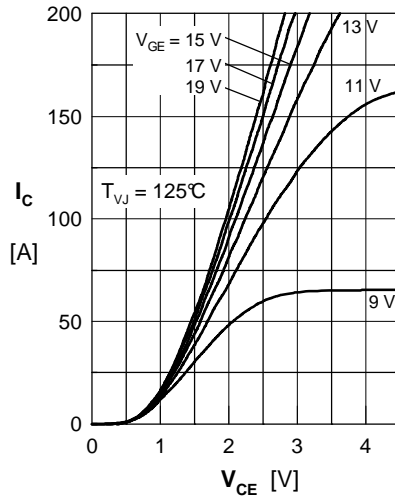


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

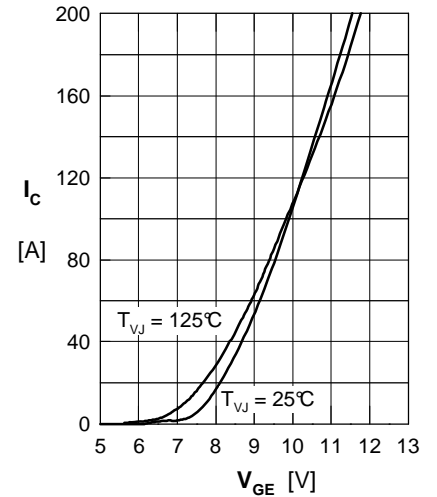


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

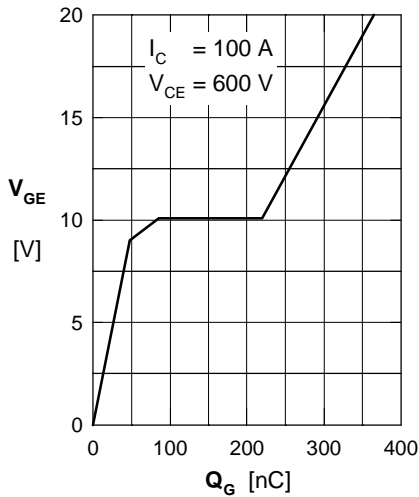


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on gate charge

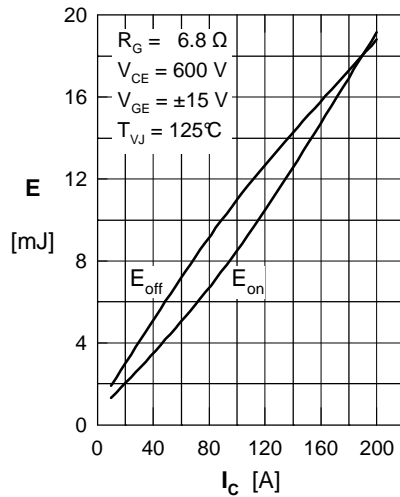


Fig. 5 Typ. switching energy versus collector current

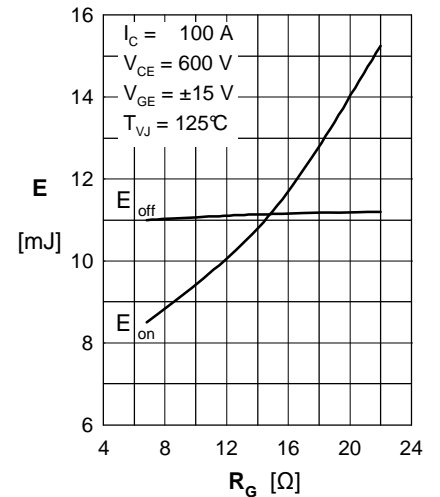


Fig. 6 Typ. switching energy versus gate resistance

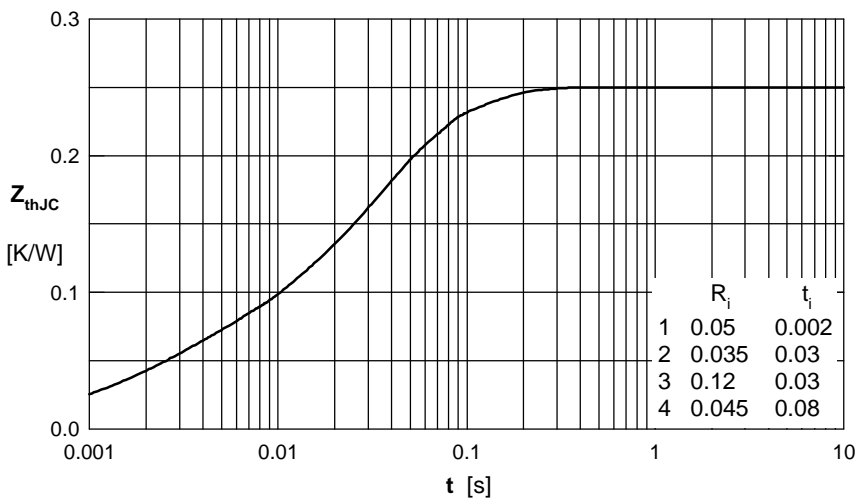


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

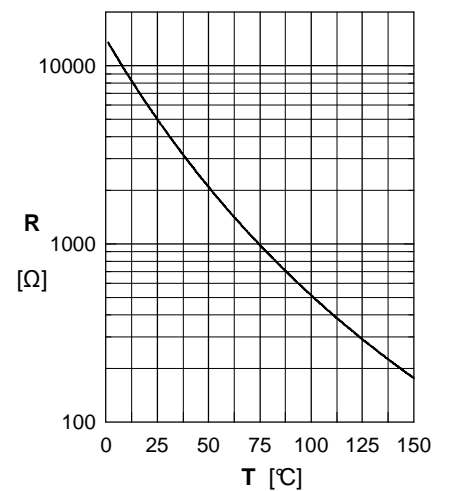


Fig. 8 Typ. thermistor resistance versus temperature

Brake Diode

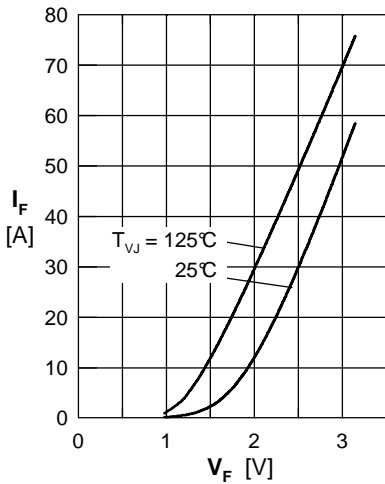


Fig. 1 Typ. forward current I_F vs. V_F

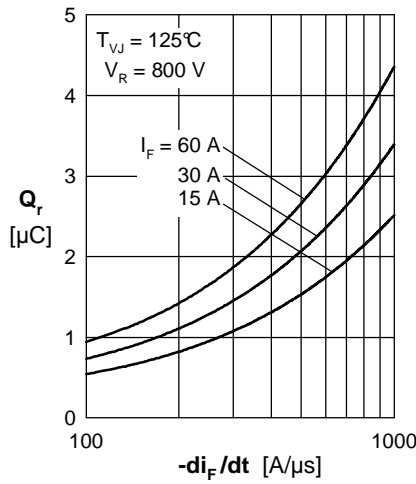


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

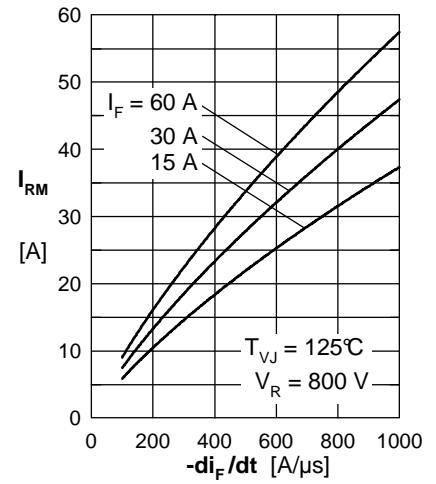


Fig. 3 Typ. peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

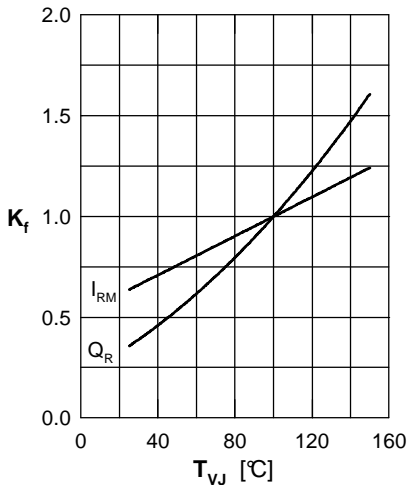


Fig. 4 Typ. dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} , versus T_{VJ}

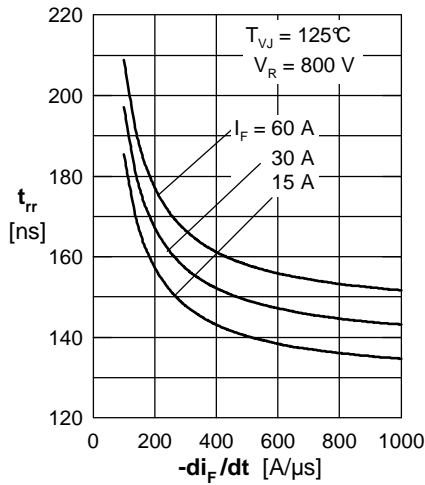


Fig. 5 Typ. recovery time t_{rr} vs. $-di_F/dt$

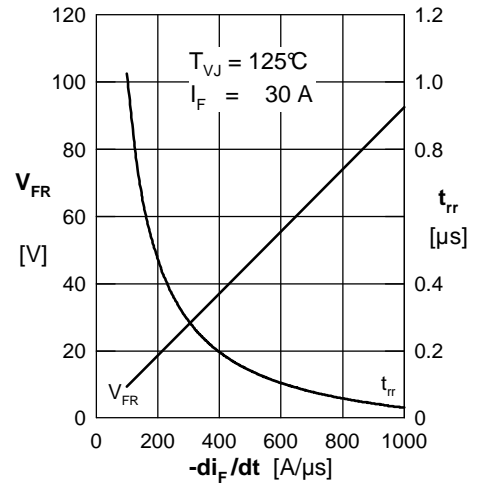


Fig. 6 Typ. peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{rr} versus di_F/dt

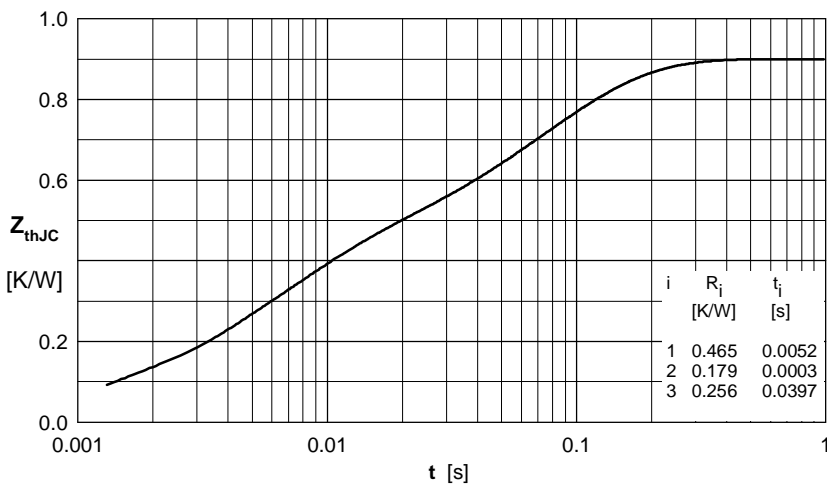


Fig. 7 Typ. transient thermal impedance junction to case