

# 2-Mbit (256 K × 8) Static RAM

#### **Features**

- Pin and function compatible with CY7C1010CV33
- High speed

  □ t<sub>AA</sub> = 10 ns
- Low active power
  □ I<sub>CC</sub> = 90 mA at 10 ns
- Low CMOS standby power □ I<sub>SB2</sub> = 10 mA
- 2.0 V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with CE and OE features
- Available in Pb-free 36-pin SOJ and 44-pin TSOP II packages

#### **Functional Description**

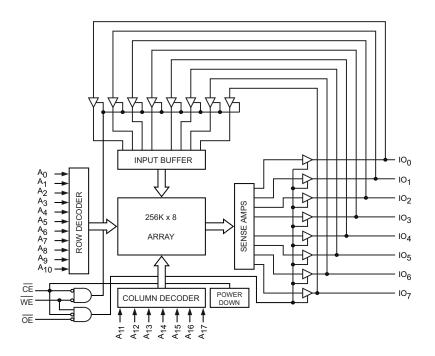
The CY7C1010DV33 is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 256 K words by 8 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ), an active LOW Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ), and three-state drivers. Writing to the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) inputs LOW. Data on the eight I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>) is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{17}$ ).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable  $(\overline{CE})$  and Output Enable  $(\overline{OE})$  LOW while forcing Write Enable  $(\overline{WE})$  HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the I/O pins.

The eight input and output pins (I/O $_0$  through I/O $_7$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$  HIGH), or during a Write operation ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW, and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  LOW).

The CY7C1010DV33 is available in 36-pin SOJ and 44-pin TSOP II packages with center power and ground (revolutionary) pinout.

## **Logic Block Diagram**



## CY7C1010DV33



## **Contents**

Selection Guide	.3
Pin Configuration	.3
Maximum Ratings	.4
Operating Range	.4
Electrical Characteristics	.4
Capacitance	.4
Thermal Resistance	.4
AC Test Loads and Waveforms	.5
AC Switching Characteristics	.6
Data Retention Characteristics	.7
Data Retention Waveform	.7
Switching Waveforms	.7

Truth Table	
Ordering Information	10
Ordering Code Definitions	
Package Diagrams	
Acronyms	
Document Conventions	13
Units of Measure	13
Document History Page	14
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	15
Products	
PSoC Solutions	15



#### **Selection Guide**

Description	-10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	90	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	10	mA

### **Pin Configuration**

Figure 1. 36-pin SOJ [1]

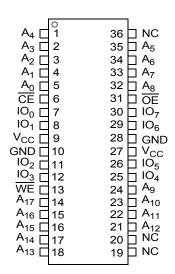
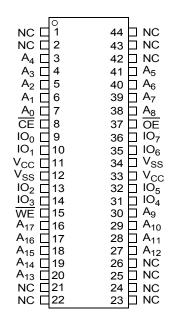


Figure 2. 44-pin TSOP II [1]



#### Note

<sup>1.</sup> NC pins are not connected on the die.



## **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature ......-65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient Temperature with

Power Applied .......55 °C to +125 °C

Supply Voltage on V CC Relative to GND  $^{[2]}$  .....-0.5 V to +4.6 V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State  $^{[2]}$  .....-0.3 V to V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V

DC Input Voltage [2]	–0.3 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	>2001 V
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	
Latch Up Current	> 200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	$3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Davamatav	Decemention	Took Conditions		-	10	
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min; I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 mA		2.4	_	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min; I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		-	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage			2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage <sup>[2]</sup>			-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$		+1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled	GND ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , Output Disabled			μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max, f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	100 MHz	-	90	mA
			83 MHz	-	80	
			66 MHz	-	70	
			40 MHz	-	60	
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE Power-down Current —TTL Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{CC}, \overline{CE} \geq \text{V}_{IH}; \text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or} \\ \text{V}_{IN} \leq \text{V}_{IL}, \text{ f = f}_{MAX} \end{array}$		_	20	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE Power-down Current —CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ f} = \end{aligned}$	0	_	10	mA

## Capacitance

Parameter [3]	Description	Test Conditions	36-pin SOJ	44-pin TSOP II	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$	8	8	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	IO Capacitance		8	8	pF

#### **Thermal Resistance**

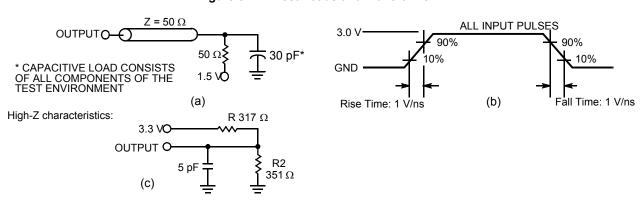
Parameter [3]	Description	Test Conditions	36-pin SOJ	44-pin TSOP II	Unit
$\Theta_{\sf JA}$		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	59.17	50.66	°C/W
Θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		32.63	17.77	°C/W

- 2.  $V_{IL}$  (min.) = -2.0V and  $V_{IH}$  (max.) =  $V_{CC}$  + 2.0V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
- 3. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveforms $^{[4]}$ 



#### Note

<sup>4.</sup> AC characteristics (except High Z) are tested using the load conditions shown in Figure 3 (a). High-Z characteristics are tested for all speeds using the test load shown in Figure 3 (c).



## **AC Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

		-	10	
Parameter [5]	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle		1	•	
t <sub>power</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> (typical) to the first access	100	_	μS
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	10	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid	_	10	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to Data Valid	_	10	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid	_	5	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z [7]	0	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>	_	5	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to Low Z <sup>[7]</sup>	3	_	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>	_	5	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to Power-up	0	_	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to Power-down	_	10	ns
Write Cycle <sup>[9,</sup>	10]			•
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	10	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to Write End	7	_	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-up to Write End	7	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-up to Write Start	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	7	_	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-up to Write End	5	_	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[7]</sup>	3	_	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[7, 8]</sup>	_	5	ns

- 5. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V.
  6. t<sub>POWER</sub> gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply should be at stable, typical V<sub>CC</sub> values until the first memory access can be performed.
  7. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZOE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any given device.
  8. t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (d) of Figure 3 on page 5. Transition is measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
  9. The internal Write the second control of the cont
- The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE LOW, and WE LOW. CE and WE must be LOW to initiate a Write, and the transition of either of these signals can terminate the Write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the Write.
   The minimum Write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.

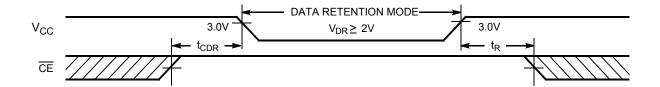


#### **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

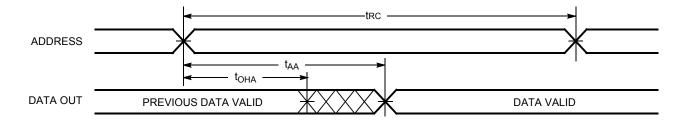
Parameter [11]	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention		2	-	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = V_{DR} = 2.0 \text{ V}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V},$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.3 \text{ V}$	_	10	mA
t <sub>CDR</sub> [12]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0	_	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[13]</sup>	Operation Recovery Time		t <sub>RC</sub>	_	ns

#### **Data Retention Waveform**



## **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 1 [14, 15]



- 11. No inputs may exceed  $V_{CC}$  + 0.3 V.
- 12. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 13. Full device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min.)} \ge 50 \,\mu s$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min.)} \ge 50 \,\mu s$ . 14. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ .
- 15. WE is HIGH for read cycle.



## Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [16, 17]

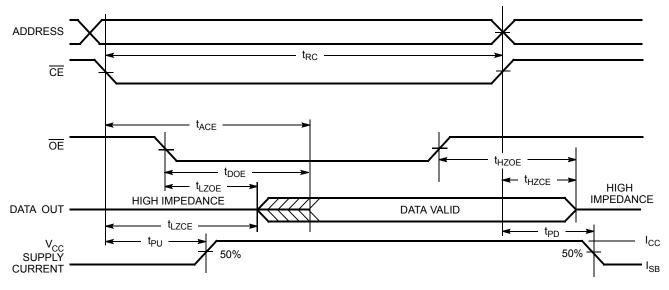
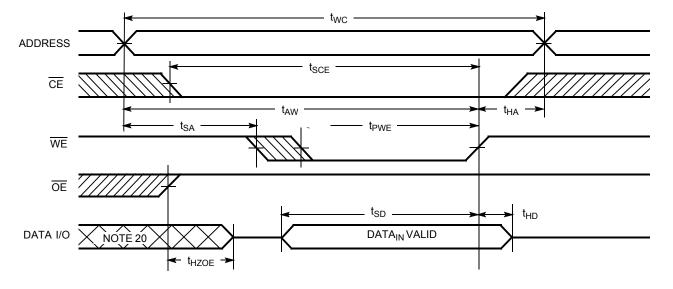


Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled, OE HIGH During Write) [18, 19]



#### Notes

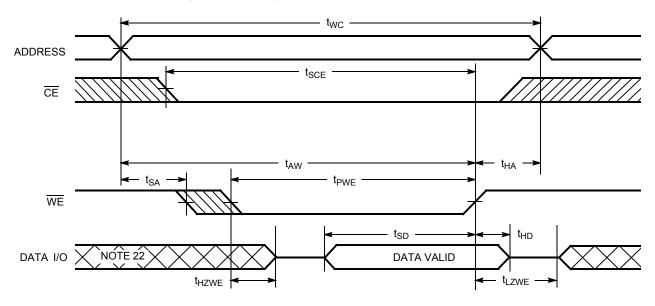
- 16. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
- 17. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  transition LOW.
- 18. Data IO is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = \underline{V_{IH}}$ .

   19. If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{WE}$  going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 20. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.



## Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) [21]



## **Truth Table**

CE	OE	WE	IO <sub>0</sub> –IO <sub>7</sub>	IO <sub>8</sub> -IO <sub>15</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Χ	Χ	High Z	High Z	Power Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	L	Н	Data Out	Data Out	Read All Bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	Data In	Data In	Write All Bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	High Z	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

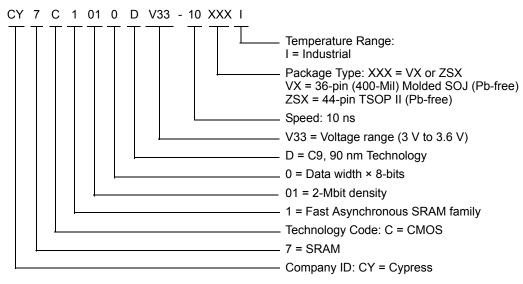
Notes 21. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state. 22. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.



## **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Packane IVne	
10	CY7C1010DV33-10VXI	51-85090	36-pin (400-Mil) Molded SOJ (Pb-free)	Industrial
	CY7C1010DV33-10ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	

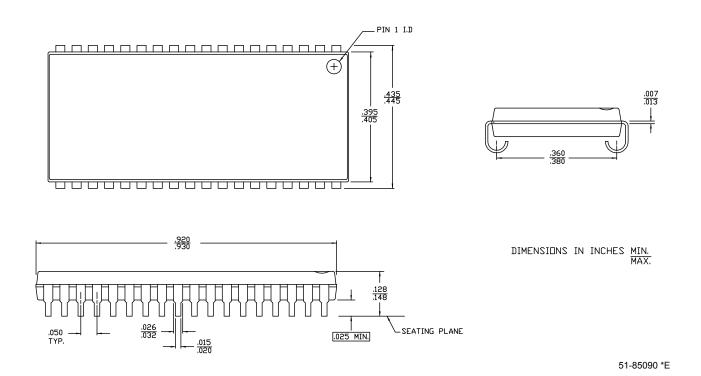
#### **Ordering Code Definitions**





## **Package Diagrams**

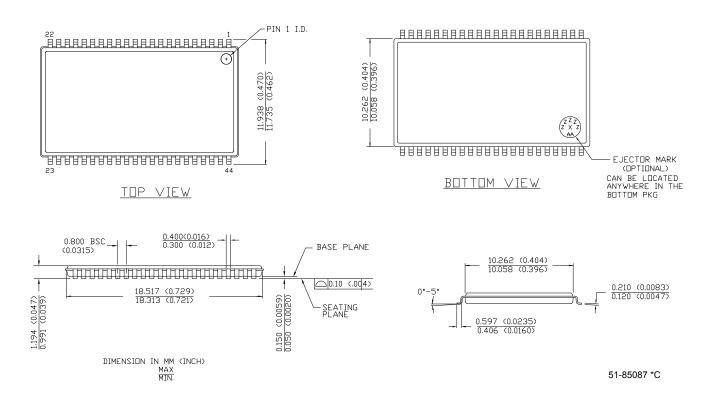
Figure 8. 36-pin (400-Mil) SOJ V36.4 (Molded), 51-85090





## Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 9. 44-pin TSOP Z44-II, 51-85087





## **Acronyms**

Acronym	Description		
CE	chip enable		
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor		
I/O	input/output		
OE	output enable		
SOJ	small outline J-lead		
SRAM	static random access memory		
TSOP	thin small outline package		
TTL	transistor-transistor logic		
WE	write enable		

## **Document Conventions**

### **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	degree Celsius			
MHz	Mega Hertz			
μΑ	micro Amperes			
μS	micro seconds			
mA	milli Amperes			
mm	milli meter			
mW	milli Watts			
ns	nano seconds			
Ω	ohms			
%	percent			
pF	pico Farad			
V	Volts			
W	Watts			



## **Document History Page**

Document Title: CY7C1010DV33, 2-Mbit (256 K × 8) Static RAM Document Number: 001-00062						
REV.	ECN NO.	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change		
**	342195	See ECN	PCI	New Data sheet		
*A	459073	See ECN	NXR	Converted Preliminary to Final. Removed Commercial Operating Range from product offering. Removed -8 ns and -12 speed bin Removed the Pin definitions table. Modified Maximum Ratings for DC input voltage from -0.5V to -0.3V and $V_{CC}$ + 0.5V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.3V Changed $I_{CC}$ max from 65 mA to 90 mA Changed the description of $I_{IX}$ from "Input Load Current" to "Input Leakage Current" Updated the Thermal Resistance table. Updated footnote #7 on High-Z parameter measurement Added footnote #12 Updated the Ordering Information and replaced Package Name column with Package Diagram in the Ordering Information table.		
*B	2602853	11/07/08	VKN/PYRS	Added 36-pin SOJ package and its related information		
*C	3059211	10/14/2010	PRAS	Added Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagrams.		
*D	3272897	06/07/2011	AJU	Updated Functional Description (Removed "Refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines for best practice recommendations."). Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated in new template.		



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