

# Ferrites and accessories

Toroids R 68.0, R 87.0

Series/Type: B64290

Date: October 2007



 $R\,68.0\times48.0\times13.0$ 

B64290L0696

 $R87.0 \times 54.3 \times 13.5$ 

B64290L0730

Epoxy coating

 $R68.0 \times 48.0 \times 13.0$  (mm)  $R2.677 \times 1.890 \times 0.512$  (inch)

#### **Dimensions**

d <sub>a</sub> (mm)	d <sub>i</sub> (mm)	Height (mm)	d <sub>a</sub> (inch)	d <sub>i</sub> (inch)	Height (inch)	
68.0 ±1.2	48.0 ±1.0	13.0 ±0.4	2.677 ±0.047	1.890 ±0.039	0.512 ±0.015	uncoated1)
70.0 max.	46.2 min.	14.2 max.	2.756 max.	1.819 min.	0.559 max.	coated

## Characteristics and ordering codes

Mate-	A <sub>L</sub> value	$\mu_{i}$	Ordering code	Magnetic characteristics				Approx.
rial	(approx.)			ΣΙ/Α	l <sub>e</sub>	A <sub>e</sub>	V <sub>e</sub> w	weight
	nH			mm <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	g
N87	1990 ±25%	2200	B64290L0696X087	1.39	178.6	128.7	22980	115
N30	3890 ±25%	4300	B64290L0696X830					
T65	4500 ±30%	5000	B64290L0696X065					
T37	5000 ±25%	5500	B64290L0696X037					

Epoxy coating

R 87.0  $\times$  54.3  $\times$  13.5 (mm) R 3.425  $\times$  2.138  $\times$  0.531 (inch)

## **Dimensions**

d <sub>a</sub> (mm)	d <sub>i</sub> (mm)	Height (mm)	d <sub>a</sub> (inch)	d <sub>i</sub> (inch)	Height (inch)	
87.0 ±1.5	54.3 ±1.1	13.5 ±0.3	3.425 ±0.059	2.138 ±0.043	0.531 ±0.012	uncoated1)
89.3 max.	52.4 min.	14.8 max.	3.516 max.	2.063 min.	0.583 max.	coated

## Characteristics and ordering codes

Mate- A <sub>L</sub> value		$\mu_{i}$	Ordering code	Magnetic characteristics				Approx.
rial		(approx.)	rox.)	Σ <b>Ι/A</b>	I <sub>e</sub>	A <sub>e</sub>	V <sub>e</sub> weigl	weight
	nH			mm <sup>−1</sup>	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	g
N87	2790 ±25%	2200	B64290L0730X087	0.99	213.9	216.7	46360	235
N30	5400 ±25%	4300	B64290L0730X830					
T65	6280 ±30%	5000	B64290L0730X065					
T37	7000 ±25%	5500	B64290L0730X037					

<sup>1)</sup> On request



## Ferrites and accessories

## **Cautions and warnings**

#### Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.1".

## Effects of core combination on A<sub>L</sub> value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "General – Definitions, 8.2".

#### Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

#### NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

#### **Processing notes**

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.2".
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

#### Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

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